

THE NAPANE

Warner C M 1 mar 16

Vol. LIV No 12 - E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA - FRIDAY.

THE DOMINION BANK

SIR EDMUND B. OGLER, M.P., PRESIDENT. W. D. MATTHEWS, VICE-PRESIDENT.

C. A. BOGERT, General Manager.

Capital Paid up \$6,000,000.00

Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits \$7,300,000.00

You Can Start a Savings Account

with \$1.00. It is not necessary for you to wait until you have a large sum of money. An account can be opened with \$1.00 or more on which interest is compounded twice a year.

NAPANEE BRANCH: G. P. REIFFENSTEIN, Manager.

NOTES OF THE DOINGS OF THE SOLDIER BOYS

TOWNSHIP OF SHEFFIELD RED CROSS SOCIETY

The members of the squad attended services in St. Mary Magdalene Church on Sunday morning last. Every member of the squad excepting the guard were in attendance.

The squad have accepted the invitation to attend Trinity Church at 10.30 a.m., on Sunday.

The men wish to thank Mrs. C. W. Bowen who has kindly presented each member and officer of the squad with a pocket bible.

The men also wish to extend their thanks to Mrs. Herbert Daly for a generous supply of socks.

Dr. J. J. Campbell has generously offered to deliver a series of talks to the men on first aid and Red Cross work.

Nearly all of the members of the squad attended the hockey match in Belleville on Monday night.

Dr. Milsap has generously offered his services free of charge to examine the teeth of the members of the squad and to do any dental work necessary so that the boys need have no fear of not being able to chew bully beef or even their boots should necessity arise.

The boys are taking great interest in their work and striving to fit themselves to honorably uphold the reputation being won by the first Canadian soldiers at the front, by studying their work and taking upon themselves extra drills without their officers.

Napane has reason to be proud of her recruits for the third contingent, and many complimentary remarks are being made as to their progress.

On Thursday evening Mr. W. H. Hunter kindly gave the soldier boys a complimentary smoker, a much enjoyed treat, and the boys are very grateful to Mr. Hunter.

The Red Cross Society treated the boys to tea on Saturday afternoon.

Doing guard duty this wet weather is no picnic.

GULL CREEK.

The dancing party at Mr. W. Hughes on Monday night last was a decided success.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Johnston visited Mr. Johnston's aged mother in Arden on Sunday. Mrs. Johnston, sr. is confined to the house.

Mrs. T. W. Walker is at her grandmother's, Mrs. A. S. Robertson's.

Miss S. Parks spent the week-end at Mrs. Wane Hartin's.

Miss Pearl Kellar visited her parents at Selby on Saturday.

The Messrs. Thompson call on their brother, Oscar, on Sunday.

Cutting wood is the order of the day.

Mr. P. Carscallen and Rev. Barnes called on Mrs. A. S. Robertson one day last week.

Mr. Wm. Cade was in Arden on Wednesday last.

At a meeting of all the active members of the newly formed branch held in Coxall's Hall on Friday evening last it was decided that the name of the Branch should be "The Township of Sheffield Branch of the Canadian Red Cross Society," and that an effort would be made to canvass for membership every man in the Township. This Committee consists of Mr. Jas. Aylesworth, Mr. C. Coxall, Mrs. Drumgoole, Miss Agnes Walsh and Miss R. MacDonnell.

The meeting was opened by a very delightful though short musical program, which had been arranged by Miss Pearl Richardson. The soloists Miss Margaret Hunter and Miss Bessie Hymer were especially pleasing. In referring to this program the president expressed the wish that these young ladies would give the musical abilities as a part of the donation to the Red Cross work and that before midsummer a program in the interests of the Red Cross Society be held in every school house in Sheffield.

The greater part of the meeting was spent in discussing and adopting a constitution for the Branch. This was opened by the Vice-President who explained to the meeting the constitution of the Society. After a constitution had been adopted the arrangement of by-laws was discussed and a committee consisting of Mr. Hugh Elliott, Miss Margaret O'Brien and Mrs. Smith Gilmour, was appointed to consider the subject and report a next meeting.

A letter was read from Miss Margaret Way declining the position of Secretary to which she had been elected and her resignation was, on motion of Messrs. Aylesworth and Jones, regretfully accepted. The election of her successor was the proceeded with and the unanimous choice of the meeting was Miss Margaret O'Brien, Erinville, Ont. Miss O'Brien acted as secretary for the meeting and the wisdom of the choice was apparent.

The committee on membership reported a total of about forty members with receipts of about sixty dollars for membership fees. As the lists had only been open for five days the returns were very encouraging.

A donation of ten dollars was received from the Snow Shoe Club and a vote of thanks was tendered them. A vote of thanks was also tendered to Mr. C. G. Coxall for the free use of his hall, the I.O.O.F., for the free use of their organ, and the ladies who furnished the musical program.

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The sum of ten dollars was voted to Mrs. Jas. Aylesworth, Convenor of the Women's Section, to be used in buying supplies.

MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

Capital Paid up \$7,000,000
Rest and Undivided Profits 7,248,134
Total Deposits 59,256,044
Total Assets \$3,120,741

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards received and interest at best current rate paid.
Farmers' Business Solicited and General Banking Business transacted.

Napane E. R. CHECKLEY Mgr.

Yarker L. B. SHOREY, Mgr.

IMPORTED GARDEN SEEDS

At Wholesale Prices.

Also Poultry Supplies

Raw Furs

Always Wanted at

SYMINGTON'S

111f

The Sap will soon be running. How about your Supplies?

NOTICE OF MEETING!

The County Council

of Lennox and Addington will meet at the call of the Warden at the Council Chambers in the Court House Napane, on

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 10th
1915, at 2 o'clock p.m.

All accounts must be in the hands of the undersigned not later than Thursday, March 11th, in order that they may be considered.

W. G. WILSON,

County Clerk.

Dated Napane, Feb. 18th, 1915.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the Estate of Maria Timmons, deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 121, of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1914 Section 56, and amending Acts, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Maria Timmons, late of the Township of Camden, in the County of Lennox & Addington, married woman, deceased, who died on or about the 11th day of October, A. D. 1913, are required to deliver or send by post prepaid to Herrington, Warner & Grange, Napane, Ontario, Solicitors for Joseph Timmons, Administrator of the last will and testament of the said Maria Timmons, deceased, on or before the 15th Day of March, A. D. 1915, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, with full particulars of their claims or demands duly verified, and the nature of the security (if any) held by them.

And further take notice that after the said 15th day of March, A. D. 1915, the said Administrator may proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims or demands of which he shall then have received notice, and shall not be liable for the said assets, or any part thereof so distributed, to any person or persons of whose claims or demands he shall not have received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

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HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE,

Solicitors for the said Administrator.

Dated this 9th day of February, 1915. 10d

GUNS

Get your Guns, Gramophone, Sewing Machine repaired. Skates hollow ground, Saws gummed and filed. Horse Clippers sharpened, also all kinds of

San Rurkate

The Sap will soon be running. How about your Supplies?

Sap Buckets

3 Styles

All our own make and made of the best materials. Owing to our buying facilities prices have as yet not advanced.

Furnaces & Pans

4 Different Styles and Sizes

We can make them promptly to your specifications.

M. S. MADOLE,

Napanee's Leading Hardware Store.
Phone, 18

The Very Best

Flour, Feeds, Bran, Shorts

Corn, Wheat, Barley,

Oats, Buckwheat,

Rye and Peas.

Either Whole or Ground.

Red Clover, Alsike and Alfalfa, Timothy, Fertilizers, Bibby's Cream Equivalent and Calf Feeds, Banner, Shoemaker, Victor and Crescent Mixed Feeds.

FROST FENCING AND GATES
all at Lowest Prices.

I am open to buy all kinds Farm Produce—Hay, Grain, Potatoes, etc., in car lots a speciality. Phone 175.

Write or Phone, using Bell or Ernesttown Rural Lines.

FRED. A. PERRY,
DUNDAS STREET.
Opposite Campbell House.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

If your stock is troubled with lice you can save dollars' worth of feed by using our new electric louse powder. There is nothing just as good. 25c per lb. at Wallace's, Limited, The Red Cross Drug Store.

demands he shall not have received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

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DENBIGH.

Mr. Chas. Both has arrived home from a pleasant visit in Ottawa with relatives and friends.

Mr. Adolph John left on a visit to relatives in Belleville.

Mr. John Brown who has been appointed Assessor for this year has started out on his arduous duties.

Mrs. Justus Sweetman, of Kinnondale, Alberta, who has spent a couple of months visiting relatives here in her old home, died very suddenly at the residence of her brother, Mr. Chas. Ball, on the 13th inst.

Mr. Erdman Berndt is very low with pneumonia.

Annie, the little daughter of Mr. J. W. Lane, is also very ill with pneumonia, but is now improving.

Mrs. A. Fritsch is also on the sick list and under the doctor's care, but is on the mend.

As other business is very dull a number of farmers are bringing a considerable lot of sawlogs to Mr. J. S. Lane's sawmills and considerable firewood is brought to the village. The sleighing is excellent just now.

PLEASANT VALLEY.

Mrs. Cook and son, Murray, are spending a few days at Mr. Harold Sills'.

Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Pringle, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Smith and Mr. and Mrs. Merle Sills visited Tuesday evening at Mr. F. Vandebogart's.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Dunbar, town, visited Thursday at Mr. G. Sills'.

Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Clark entertained Mr. Symington's Bible Class, Grace Church, of which they are members, ninety-seven being present.

Miss Thelma Frisken has diphtheria. At time of writing she was getting along nicely.

Mr. and Mrs. Milford Dupree and Harold, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Pringle and Eileen and Mr. and Mrs. Garfield Sills and son visited Wednesday evening at Mr. Merle Sills.

The stork called at Mr. Fred Pringle's Saturday afternoon and left them a boy. Congratulations.

Mrs. Chas. Vanalstyne entertained a number of friends Friday evening. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Milford Dupree and Harold, Mrs. J. Vankoughnett and two daughters, Miss Emma Vanalstyne, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Sills and family, Mr. and Mrs. George Dupree and family and Mr. and Mrs. Garfield Sills and son.

Mrs. Jas. Brandon is spending a couple of days with her daughter, Mrs. Fred Pringle.

Mrs. Ed. Boyle at Mrs. Frank Vandebogart's, Monday afternoon.

Mr. Iibri and Miss Nellie Sills spent Monday evening at Mr. Garfield Sills'.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Frisken, Selby, visited Friday at Mr. W. R. Pringle's.

Mr. A. J. Smith spent a few days at Mr. Isaac Taylor's.

Miss Nellie Sills and Mrs. Garfield Sills called Monday at Mr. Fred Pringle's.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Cook and Messrs. Ross and Percy McKeown took dinner Saturday at Mrs. Cook's.

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The meeting adjourned to n again in the near future and complete the business of organization making initial plans.

Carnations, 25c dozen, Saturday Hooper's.

HAY BAY.

Sleighing is gone in this vicinity. Mr. and Mrs. Bob Moore, Champlain spent one day recently at J. N. H.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Huffman at

McCabe's on Sunday evening. Service was largely attended Sunday afternoon. Rev. Mr. C. C. delivered an excellent sermon.

Mr. E. O. McCabe and nephew Herbert McCabe, left on Monday for Blanchard, Michigan, to attend funeral of their brother and uncle Mr. Wilmot (Eline) McCabe, who died on Sunday last.

Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Black spent evening last week at Ashton McCabe's.

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A few from here attended the s on Tuesday at Mr. Snider's, Anc son.

Rev. Mr. Howard will preach Sunday next.

DESERONTO ROAD.

Mr. Thompson, of Deseronto, has taken Mr. Austin Kimmerly's farm the coming season and is busy spending wood and getting ready to move in the near future.

Mr. Alonzo Youngs has been doing some mason work for A. Kimmery during this week.

The ice in the river is beginning to look quite black and is now considered unsafe for travel after the rain of Tuesday and Wednesday.

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The circular saw and horse power are at present doing some work Mr. Herchimer Aylsworth.

Mr. Wm. Joyce has purchased property directly south of his place which reaches the bay, from Rathbun Co.

The many friends of Mrs. Wm. H. son are glad to know that she is steadily improving in health and strength, having quite recently undergone a very serious operation in Kingston General Hospital.

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DAIRY SUPPLIES.

Butter color, dairy thermometer, milking tubes, teat dialators, in fact everything the dairymen need at Wallace's Drug Store, Limited. P.S. Always a fresh stock.

GUNS

Get your Guns, Gramophone, Sewing Machine repaired. Skates hollow ground, Saws gummed and filed, Horse Clippers sharpened, also all kinds of Light Brazing done, Coil Springs made and all kinds light machine work done promptly at

Smith's Bicycle Repair Shop, West of Campbell House

PAUL'S BOOKSTORE

SPRING

Will soon be here, but it cannot get here before we are prepared for it as this week we have received a large stock of

New Wall Paper, Paints, Window Shades, Room Mouldings, and other Housecleaning necessities.

WHY NOT BEGIN EARLY?

By doing so you will have first choice of goods, help is more easily obtained and you will be able to enjoy the early Spring Weather instead of being in the midst of housecleaning work.

GET BUSY. DO IT NOW.

We have the celebrated ECONOMY PAINT. Try it.

Paul's Bookstore



What is more important is to have your eyes right at all times, and it is the business of our Optical Department to make them so.

Consult H. E. Smith about your eyes, have them scientifically tested. The latest appliances for making examinations.

Smith's Jewelry Store

ANEE EXPRESS

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

CANADA—FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 26th, 1915

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SPECIAL TAX ON PROPERTY IN ONTARIO

One Mill on Dollar will Bring Revenue of nearly Two Million.

A special war tax of one mill on the dollar of all assessable property in Ontario will be levied by the Government. It is the first time in history that the residents of the province have been required to meet such a tax. According to Hon. T. W. McGarry, who made the announcement in the legislature yesterday, the report of the action will be a testimonial of the generosity and patriotism of Ontario.

The statement followed immediately the budget speech. There is now \$1,800,000,000 worth of assessable property in Ontario, and the income from it will be \$1,800,000. It will go to Britain and the Belgian relief organization.

Collection will be made thru the municipalities in the ordinary way, and in counties the tax will be made on equalized assessment and paid over as part of county rates. Against this sum, collectible next fall, the treasurer will borrow two millions. The policy was founded on their conception of the wishes of the people and would end with the war.

One feature described by the minister in trenchant phrase was the fact that Ontario was harboring many residents apparently incapable of patriotic feeling and who were avoiding any responsibility. These would be embraced willy-nilly in the new war tax.

STINGING ARRAINGMENT.

The announcement followed a stinging arraignment of the large insurance companies which are now combating the increased corporation tax, and the list was read out and denounced in strong terms. Beginning with the Canada Life, Confederation, Continental, Crown, Mutual, Sun Life, he ran thru them, castigating their action in this period of stress as "traitorous and cowardly."

"I see no difference between these companies and the soldier on the battlefield who turns his back and runs," declared Mr. McGarry. "He would be shot, but these gentlemen are just as much traitors to their country as he. Knowing that we need the money, they stand behind legal luminaries and persuade others to join in the rebellion. Altho it has been acknowledged for 15 years that an increase of their taxes is right in principle they seize this time of peril and stress as a good one to fight in."

Not one American company had failed to pay their new dues. Then followed a serious warning.

"I warn thee gentlemen now that if thru litigation any court is prevailed upon to allow the companies to get off, this legislature will be asked in their supreme right for leg-

AUTO AND MOTOR BOAT SUPPLIES

We carry a complete line of all Motor supplies including

Gasoline,
Polarine Oil,
Mobiloil Oil,
Autolene Oil,
Packard Oil,
Neatsfoot Oil,
Goodrich Tires,

Fairbanks Morse Marine and Stationary Engines and Pumping Outfits.

Independent Tires,
Pullman Tires,
Simplex Tubes,
All types Spark Plugs,
Batteries,
Pumps,
Electrical Supplies.

Lennox Automobile & Motor Boat Co.

Agents for "OVERLAND" Cars.

GARAGE—Mill street, old Rock Drill Building.

DR. C. E. WILSON

PHYSICIAN.

Hours of Consultation:

11 a. m. to 1 p. m. : 3 p. m. to 5 p. m. ;
7 p. m. to 8 p. m.

C. F. RUTTAN, K. C.

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.

Office—Merchants Bank Chambers, Napanee.

Money to loan.

Telephones—Office 31, Residence 132.

Dr. J. P. Campbell

Graduate with honor standing Toronto University.

Physician, Surgeon and Accrueur.

(Successor to late Dr. Ward.)

Fast St., Napanee. Phone 60. 40

Ray F. English Fannie G. English

Drs. English & English

OSTEOPATHIC
PHYSICIANS.

Offices: West St. Phone 227

28-1-y

H. W. SMITH

(Successor to W. D. MacCormack)

Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, B. V. Sc., of Toronto University.

OFFICE—Centre Street.

Phone 61.

34

Pearl A. Nesbitt, L.T.C.M.

CONTRALTO.

TEACHER OF—Piano, Organ, Voice

Production. Pupils prepared for all examinations.

9-h

TWO HOUSES FOR SALE—situate east of "Curling Rink." Apply to T. B. GERMAN

DOXSEE & CO.

Clearing Sale of Winter
Millinery, \$1.50 Each

Every Trimmed Hat in the store.
Regular price from \$2.50 to 5.50.

Ladies' Blouses

Black Taffeta Blouses—Regular price \$3.50. Sale price \$1.50 each
Black Paillette Blouses—Sizes 34, 36, 38. Regular price \$3.75 to \$4.75
Sale price \$2.00 each
Navy Blue and Tan Paillette Blouses—
Sizes 34, 36, 38. Regular price \$3.00
Sale price \$1.00 and 2.00 each
Crepe de Chene Blouses—Cream and Black. Regular price \$5.50.
Sale price \$2.00 each
Cream Net Blouses—Regular price \$2.50 to \$3.75.
Sale price \$1.50 each

The Leading Millinery House

Wood!

We are selling well seasoned wood at the following prices: Hard cord wood \$6.50 per cord; soft cord wood \$5.00 per cord; Soft slab wood, \$5.00 per cord. We have a quantity of soft cord wood to sell at \$4.00 per cord. Cut wood for sale measur-

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Dairy SUPPLIES.

Butter color, dairy thermometers, milking tubes, teat dilators, in fact everything the dairymen need at Wallace's Drug Store, Limited. P.S.—ways a fresh stock.

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NAPANEE RIFLE ASSOCIATION

The following are the average scores made by each squad last week, together with the highest individual score made in each squad:

Average	High Score
Squad No. 2	36.12 E. J. Roy..... 51
Squad No. 3	26.06 A. L. Dafoe.... 52
Squad No. 4	43.00 T. V. Anderson 60
Squad No. 5	39.62 J. E. Madden 55
Squad No. 6	42.63 E. L. Bedore 56
Squad No. 7	36.25 R. S. Ham..... 55
Squad No. 8	39.00 A. S. Kimmerly 61
Squad No. 9	33.75 F. Rikley..... 52
Squad No. 10	34.00 F. Solmes.... 46
Squad No. 11	35.66 Mr. Day..... 49
	F. H. Carson..... 49

Squad No. 12 41.58 Ed. Miller.... 55

Squad No. 13 34.08 T. H. Wiggins 51

Squad No. 15 44.84 A. L. Howard 52

Squad No. 16 38.30 E. J. Pollard 49

Squad No. 15 wins the average

prize and Mr. A. S. Kimmerly, a member of Squad 8, the individual

prize.

The shooting next week will be

done with a rest.

Squads will shoot on the same

nights and at the same hour as

during the past two or three weeks.

W A R STAMP.

You can save the price of war stamps if you buy your stationery at Wallace's Drug Store, Limited. P.S.—We are still selling the same quality Baltimore linen 25c per lb.

SHORT COURSES IN LIVE STOCK JUDGING

AT ENTERPRISE,
Wednesday, Mar. 3rd, '15

AT SILLSVILLE,
Thursday, Mar. 4th, '15

Programme :

2 P. M.—DAIRY CATTLE—
Mr. G. A. Brethen, Norwood

3 P. M.—HEAVY HORSES—
Mr. G. Barbour, Crosshill.

EVENING MEETINGS.

At each place an evening meeting under the auspices of the Farmers' Club will be held, at which the judges will speak.

All are invited. Come and bring your friends.

A. A. JACKSON, Sec.
Enterprise Farmers Club.

HAROLD HOUGH, Sec.
Sillsville Farmers' Club.

G. B. CURRAN,
Agricultural Office, Napanee.

H. W. SMITH

(Successor to W. D. MacCormack)

Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College,

B. V. Sc., of Toronto University.

OFFICE—Centre Street.

Phone 61.

34

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Pearl A. Nesbitt, L.T.C.M.

CONTRALTO.

TEACHER OF—Piano, Organ, Voice Production. Pupils prepared for all examinations.

9-h

TWO HOUSES FOR SALE—situate east of "Curling Rink." Apply to T. B. GERMAN.

51ft

A GENTS—Our New Illustrated Catalogue will interest you—it's free. Write HOLLINRAKE SPECIALTY COMPANY, Toronto.

FOR SALE—Brick House and Lot, on Newburgh Road, near stone bridge, known as the Galt House. Apply to T. B. GERMAN.

12ft

FOR SALE—Seed Store, on Dundas Street, also Store House and Fruit Evaporator, foot of West Street, apply to THOS. SYMINGTON, Owner, Napanee, Ont.

42ft

WANTED—Two or three good active boys to learn a trade in the Manufacturing Department of THE GIBBARD FURNITURE CO. Apply at Office.

12

WANTED—A Suitable Boarding Place for Children, in or near Napanee, reasonable rates paid, for further particulars apply to Children's Aid Society, Box 86, Napanee, Ontario.

WANTED—To lease for a term of years, a good house in or near Napanee, with 1 to 5 acres of land. Some orchard preferred. Apply to Agricultural Office, Napanee.

Int

FOR SALE—Lumber, Joist, Scantling—10,000 feet 1 inch lumber, 7,000 2 x 4, 2 x 6, 2 x 8 inch, Scantling 8 to 24 feet long at \$20 per M. 25,000 1 1/2 inch Maple Flooring, dressed, \$40 per M. LUTHER SNIDER, Newburgh Road.

4f

FOR SALE—75 or 80 acres, pt. lot 33, 3rd concession Township of Camden. All good land, seed to hay and pasture, 2 wells, good fences. Apply to R. A. BEARD, Napanee, or S. W. SWITZER, Desmond.

31ft

FOR SALE.

Residence of W. A. Frizzell, New-

burgh Road, Napanee. For information

apply to W. H. Meagher, Napanee,

or write W. A. Frizzell, North Bay.

10-ft

WANTED—On the Belleville Road, about five miles from Napanee and four miles from Deseronto. Good Blacksmith Shop, good House with two cellars, nine large rooms, good cistern and pump; good drive house with large hay loft, stable for two horses and two cows; new pig pen and hen house, a number of apple trees, and plum trees. Buildings in state of first-class repair. Good well with new pump. Rural road. Three-quarters of an acre of land. Apply to JAMES SCHAMEHORN, on premises, or Napanee R. M. D. No. 6.

60ft

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF
REAL ESTATE

The undersigned administrator of the estate of Maria Timmons, deceased, will offer for sale by public auction, at the Carroll House, in the Village of Enterprise, in the County of Lennox and Addington on

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 10th, 1915.

at 1 o'clock p. m., the following Real Estate:

PARCEL No. 1—Lot No. 4 in Block "C" in the Village of Enterprise, in the Township of Lennox and Addington, in the County of Lennox and Addington. A frame dwelling is erected upon this lot.

PARCEL No. 2—Part of Lot No. 19, in the 10th concession of the Township of Portland, in the County of Frontenac, containing 4 acres more or less, and being the land owned by Maria Timmons, deceased. This parcel of land is at Bell Rock.

Further particulars and conditions of sale will be made known at time of sale, or upon application to

HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE,
Vendor's Solicitors,
Napanee, Ont.

Feb. 22nd, 1915.

1b

Carnations, 25c dozen, Saturday at Hooper's.

The Leading Millinery House

Wood!

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We are selling well seasoned wood at the following prices: Hard cord wood \$6.50 per cord; soft cord wood \$5.00 per cord; Soft slab wood, \$5.00 per cord. We have a quantity of soft cord wood to sell at \$4.00 per cord. Cut wood for sale measured in stave wood length. Cut hard wood \$3.00, cut soft wood \$2.50. We will deliver to any part of the town.

S. CASEY DENISON.

Centre Street, North.

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Butter Paper

Wrap your Butter in Vegetable Parchment Paper, and keep it clean and sanitary.

10c per Package
3 Packages for 25c.

At This Office.

WANTED

A RELIABLE MAN TO SELL HARDY CANADIAN GROWN STOCK IN NAPANEE AND LENNOX CO.

Start now at the best selling time. Send for list of SPRING OFFERINGS, and terms to agents. Liberal commissions. Handsome free outfit.

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(The Fonthill Nurseries.)
(Established 1837.)

TORONTO.

NORTHERN CROWN BANK

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Authorized Capital... \$86,000,000
Capital (Paid up)... \$82,550,000

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Jas. H. Ashdown, H. T. Champion, A. McTavish Campbell, Sir D. C. Cameron, K.C.M.G., W. J. Christie, John Stovel.

General Manager, Robt. Campbell. Supt. of Branches, L. M. McCarthy.

A general banking business transacted at all branches.

Accounts of individuals, Firms, Corporations and Societies carried on most favorable terms.

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The Napanee Express

E. J. POLLARD.
EDITOR and PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged or admission, will be charged 5c. per line for insertion, if in ordinary type. In black type the price will be 10c. per line each insertion.

E. & J. HARDY & CO.

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Fleet Street, London, E. C., England.

A file of this paper can be seen free of charge
by visitors to London, to whom advice gratis
will be given, if required.

CAMBRIDGE'S Bakery and Confectionery Store

Give Our Home-Made
Bread a Trial.

We make a SPECIALTY of WHOLE
WHEAT BREAD, sales increasing
weekly.

Bread made by Electric Machinery,
the only Bakery in town equipped
with machinery, which insures cleanliness,
and uniformity, do you appreciate
these qualities? The answer is (Yes)! as we know by our ever increasing trade.

Lunches at all hours.

Oysters best grades.

City Dairy Ice Cream, Assorted
Flavours.

W. M. BAMBRIDGE,
Phone 98. Sole Agent, Napanee.

15 Cases of Granite Just in from Scotland.

MORE TO FOLLOW.

New and Elegant Designs
Some plain, all polished.
Few are beautifully carved

I have the largest stock ever shown in
Napanee.

Will save you travelling expenses and
commission.

Our patrons have confidence and look
to us.

V. KOUBER, - Napanee

NEWS TOPICS OF WEEK

Important Events Which Have
Occurred During the Week.

The Busy World's Happenings Carefully Compiled and Put Into Handy and Attractive Shape for the Readers of Our Paper—A Solid Hour's Enjoyment.

WEDNESDAY.

The trial of Harry K. Thaw on an indictment charging him with conspiracy, was set yesterday in New York for March 1.

The stock yards at East Buffalo closed yesterday afternoon under state and federal orders because of the re-appearance of foot and mouth disease.

By official order Mardi Gras was celebrated publicly nowhere in France yesterday. In most of the households the day was celebrated, but less pretentiously than usual.

The trial of Gen. Christian De Wet and other leaders of the South African rebellion against Great Britain, who are charged with high treason, began in Bloemfontein yesterday.

John M. Still, a farmer of Mono Township, near Orangeville, sustained loss of \$6,500 early yesterday when fire of unknown origin totally destroyed his large bank barn and contents.

News has been received that the Princess Patricias, after a strenuous time, alternating between the trenches and the dug-out, will be given a respite from the rigors of the firing line.

The Canadian Government has asked the United States Government to place guards at the end of the International Bridge at Buffalo, to safeguard this bridge from attack from United States territory.

Lt.-Col. W. H. Sparham, aged 70, a conspicuous figure in the military life of Eastern Ontario for many years, died in Brockville yesterday at the home of his sister, Mrs. T. A. Stayner, after a short illness.

THURSDAY.

Many villages in the Friuli region of the Italian Alps have disappeared from sight under a snowfall of almost unprecedented extent for that locality.

Frank Roti, cashier of the Western Savings Bank in Western avenue, Chicago, was held up and bound by four auto bandits yesterday, who escaped with \$2,000.

Major E. C. Nosworthy, manager of the Dominion Securities, now of the 5th Royal Highlanders in France, has been transferred to Sir Max Aitken's eye-witness staff.

Dr. C. Connell has announced that in the coming calendar of Queen's a new combined arts-medical course has been arranged, and it will be more literary in character than the one in the past.

Louis Berger, a German subject, wanted in Toronto, Ont., to answer to a charge of larceny, will be deported to Germany, by reason of an order entered yesterday by Federal Judge Landis in Chicago.

Six Winnipeg men are lost on the Churchill barren lands. They left Port Nelson Jan. 31, and ran into a blizzard this side of the Limestone Cache. The mounted police are searching for them.

V. H. Veardon, the young architect, found guilty some weeks ago on five charges of obtaining money by false pretences, was sentenced to one year in the Ontario Reformatory by Judge Winchester in Toronto yesterday.

FRIDAY.



King George has conferred the honor of Lady of Grace upon Mrs. Peter D. Crerar of Hamilton for her work in fighting the white plague.

By the death of James Twitchell, aged 76, at his home Saturday night, Clinton loses one of its oldest residents and most prominent business men.

It is announced that the Curtis Aeroplanes and Motors, Ltd., has been incorporated in the Province of Ontario. The company will manufacture in Toronto.

James H. Hodgins, reeve of London Township and ex-warren of Middlesex County, died at his home at Ilderton Saturday in his 71st year. Edgar Hodgins of Vancouver is a son.

It was stated in Washington Saturday that the United States has postponed for a few days a decision on what its policy will be relative to the negotiations between China and Japan.

The milk-receiving station at Rockwood, near Cornwall, Ont., belonging to the Diamond Creamery Co., was burned to the ground Saturday. The loss is estimated at \$4,000, with \$2,500 insurance. A new station will be built.

Miss Hatty Reeves and Mrs. Mary Clark of Newark, N.J., were shot and killed Saturday at the termination of a quarrel between Miss Reeves and Hiram Craig, in the former's apartment. Craig is charged with the shooting.

TUESDAY.

Cornwall has lost one of its oldest residents in the death of Mrs. Chisholm, aged 95, relict of the late Alexander Chisholm.

The grand jury in Toronto yesterday returned a true bill against Carrie Davies, charged with the murder of C. A. Massey.

The British official press bureau yesterday issued an official denial of the report sent from Berlin that a British army transport had been sunk by a German submarine.

Edward Fountain and George Chantler, both colored, found guilty of stealing brass from the G.T.R., were sentenced yesterday in London, Ont., to three years in Kingston Penitentiary.

Danish marine circles yesterday received information that the German cotton steamer Austrian which is ashore north of Malmoe, struck a German mine and had to be beached to escape sinking.

The death in battle of M. Chevillon, member of the French Chamber of Deputies for Bouches-du-Rhone, was announced in the chamber yesterday. M. Chevillon was serving as a lieutenant of infantry.

A man supposed to be John Sawyer, G.T.R. engineer, was drowned while skating from Morrisstown to Brockville. When nearing the Canadian shore he encountered an air hole and was unable to extricate himself.

Further reports concerning the sinking of the American steamship Evelyn Saturday off Borkum Island, in the North Sea, show that only one man of the crew lost his life. This man was frozen to death in a small boat after the sinking of the steamer.

MANY PROTESTS RECEIVED.

Patent Medicine Men Object To Proposed Stamp Tax.

OTTAWA, Feb. 23.—The Opposition had its third for information

TO DISCUSS REPRISALS.

All the Allies Involved In Retaliatory For Submarine Campaign.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—The wasp modern warfare, the submarine, means of which Germany has decided she will blockade the British Isles daily becomes a factor of more and more importance in the great war Europe with respect to its influence on the policies of the nations engaged in connection with the contraband question, so vital to neutral states.

Almost coincident with the unofficial reports that Austria proposes to follow the example of her ally making war on merchant ships in Adriatic, came the announcement Premier Asquith in the British House of Commons that the much-discussed retaliatory plan of Great Britain, though still tentative, was much broader in scope than had been previously suggested, in that it was matter for the consideration of the allies, concerning which a joint note from the allies might be expected.

The statement was likewise made in the House of Commons that the British Government might deem it necessary to alter its decision where cotton up to the present has not been classed as contraband.

Harold J. Tennant, Under Secretary for War, stated that when the decision was reached not to make cotton contraband, the Government believed that the requirements Germany were already satisfied, but he added, "this attitude must be revised from time to time."

The day passed without news any additional merchant ships, belligerent or neutral, having fallen a victim to a German submarine, b three small British craft are missing and fears are expressed as to the fate.

Amsterdam reports that two German submarines are overdue at the base, Cuxhaven, but whether they have been sunk is not known.

SOLDIERS SHOULD VOTE.

A. E. Fripp Introduces Bill To Provide For Overseas Force.

OTTAWA, Feb. 23.—A. E. Fripp bill to give the men of the overseas expeditionary forces and those who are mobilized in the Dominion the opportunity of recording their vote in the event of an election was referred last night on the motion of the Premier to the elections committee of the House.

The member for Ottawa in moving the second reading of his bill said that men who were fighting the battles of liberty and citizenship should not be deprived of their right to franchise.

Hon. Mr. Rogers said the arrangements would receive reasonable careful consideration.

Hon. Geo. P. Graham emphasized the tremendous difficulty of such an arrangement. He thought it undesirable to throw the apple of politic discord amongst men who were fighting shoulder to shoulder.

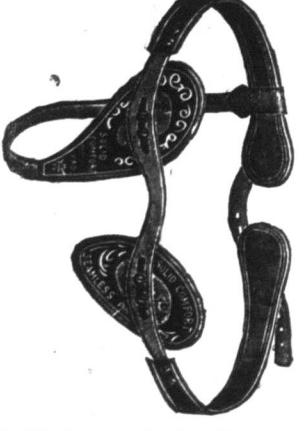
INDIGNATION IN HOLLAND.

Dutch Citizens Roused By German Treatment of Protest.

THE HAGUE, Netherlands, Feb. 23.—A tense undercurrent of feeling has been running through the classes in Holland for the past two or three days. This is attributed to public concern owing to Germany's action in not replying to the Dutch note of protest concerning the North Sea war zone and nervousness as what might result from the German blockade and submarine activi-

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Scientific American.

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over yesterday by Federal Judge Landis in Chicago.

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V. H. Vardon, the young architect, found guilty some weeks ago on five charges of obtaining money by false pretences, was sentenced to one year in the Ontario Reformatory by Judge Winchester in Toronto yesterday.

FRIDAY.

A Reuter despatch from Berlin says Emperor William has returned to Berlin from the East Prussian war theatre.

Danish ship owners yesterday defied the German war zone decree and despatched ten ships to England with cargoes including foodstuffs.

Hay in Peterboro district is selling for \$25 a ton, and the farmers themselves are among the best customers, for many barns are practically empty.

Potato riots at Schonberg, Germany, are reported by the Exchange Telegraph Co.'s correspondent in Amsterdam. Officials superintending the sale were beaten.

Nearly 300 Italians who are out of employment on the Welland ship canal construction work paraded before Mayor Battle at Thorold, and filed a protest. The mayor directed them to the Italian consul at Welland.

The British Parliamentary bill which would have the effect of shortening the route to Canada by making a new railway route in Ireland, has been held up owing to non-compliance with the standing orders of Parliament.

The grand jury in the Assizes at Toronto yesterday returned a true bill on an indictment of conspiracy to defraud against Gordon D. McCutcheon, David S. McCutcheon, J. H. McCutcheon, Clarence W. McCutcheon and Marshall A. Cook.

The Government of the Netherlands has refused a request for war vessels to convoy Dutch merchant ships through the marine areas prescribed by Germany on the ground that such action would enhance the risks of ships without such escorts.

SATURDAY.

A Government order issued yesterday forbids the serving of liquor to the troops of the Union of South Africa as rations.

Fred. Knell, sr., aged 74, passed away yesterday in Berlin after a brief illness. He was born in Glarus, Switzerland, and came to Canada in 1841.

The London Times has achieved what is claimed to be a record in the field of raising money for a popular cause. Its fund for sick and wounded yesterday passed \$5,000,000.

Walter Babcock, aged 22, son of Ira Babcock, Bath, lost his life on the lake in a brave attempt to save the life of his brother, Oscar Babcock, aged 19, who wandered out on some ice.

Leslie W. Glennie, aged 35, an agent for the London Life Insurance Co., was cut in two by a street car in Hamilton yesterday when his bicycle slipped and threw him under the wheels.

The Cologne Gazette reports that Sir Roger Casement will soon go to Christiania and submit proofs against the British Minister to Norway, M. De C. Findlay, and the Norwegian Government.

The Children's Aid Society has discovered a home in Hope Township where the mother, father, four children, two dogs and about twenty hens occupy two small rooms. The society will take charge of the children.

MONDAY.

A box containing dynamite was found Saturday, a short distance from the C.N.R. station at Brooklin, Ont.

man shore he encountered an air hole and was unable to extricate himself.

Further reports concerning the sinking of the American steamship Evelyn Saturday off Borkum Island, in the North Sea, show that only one man of the crew lost his life. This man was frozen to death in a small boat after the sinking of the steamer.

MANY PROTESTS RECEIVED.

Patent Medicine Men Object To Proposed Stamp Tax.

OTTAWA, Feb. 23.—The Opposition had its thirst for information pretty well satisfied during question time in the House yesterday, some two score questions relating principally to the Government's conduct of the war, being answered.

The Minister of Finance informed Hon. Rodolph Lemieux that protests were being received from manufacturers and dealers in patent medicines against the new stamp taxes.

In reply to a series of questions by Hon. Frank Oliver, regarding the Stefansson expedition, Hon. Mr. Hazen, Minister of Marine, informed the House that nothing as yet has been heard from the missing men of the Karluk since the wreck of the vessel in January, 1914. Search parties had been sent to Wrangell Island, where the missing men were heading when last seen, but no trace of them could be found, and they had been given up for lost.

BERNHARDT LOSES LEG.

Successful Amputation Is Performed In Paris Hospital.

BORDEAUX, Feb. 23.—The right leg of Madame Sarah Bernhardt, the famous tragedienne, was amputated yesterday in a hospital on the Rue d'Ares.

The operation, which was made necessary by an affection of the knee which had caused the actress much suffering for several years, was performed by Prof. De Luce of the Bordeaux University.

Prof. Pozzi was to have conducted the operation Sunday, but he was called to the colors to serve at the Val-de-Grace Hospital in Paris, and he found it impossible to leave his duties for several days.

Madame Bernhardt refused to submit to a delay of what she courageously called her release from bondage, and it was decided that Prof. de Luce should perform the operation. She is progressing satisfactorily.

Turks Fear For Dardanelles.

ATHENS, Feb. 23.—It is learned from an absolutely reliable source that, expecting the entrance of the allied fleets into the Sea of Marmora, the Turks have sent troops and heavy artillery to all the islands in that body of water.



CLARK'S

CORNED BEEF

Boeuf salé "Clark"

Economique et délicieux

Prêt à servir

Pas d'os ni de croquant

Demandez le "Clark"

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W. CLARK & Sons, Montreal

INDIGNATION IN HOLLAND.

Dutch Citizens Roused By Germany Treatment of Protest.

THE HAGUE, Netherlands, Feb. 23.—A tense undercurrent of feeling has been running through a classes in Holland for the past two or three days. This is attributed public concern owing to Germany action in not replying to the Dutch note of protest concerning the North Sea war zone and nervousness as what might result from the German blockade and submarine activity which possibly might produce an unfortunate incident at any moment.

Although vessels belonging to other neutral states have suffered Dutch ships up to the present have escaped damage, but many seamen are demanding increased wages owing to the risks. Some of the men decline to sail and have left their ships, especially those bound for England. Numbers of passengers for the Dutch East Indies have decided to pass through Germany to Genoa, in order to take ship there.

Concessions To Italy Urged.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—The Frankfurter Zeitung, in a leading article, suggests that Austria should make territorial concessions to Italy to insure the latter's neutrality, according to the Amsterdam correspondent of the Reuters' Telegraph Co. The paper is quoted as saying:

"It is not conceivable that the correction of the frontier should in any way be prejudicial to the position of Austria-Hungary as a great power seeing that she has recently so brilliantly displayed her strength again mighty Russia."

The article suggests the holding of a conference by Germany, Austria and Italy to discuss their grievances.

Saxons Asked Immunity.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—According to an officer who writes from a British trench in Flanders, this sign was posted by the Germans in a nearby trench:

"We are Saxons; you are English. Keep your bullets for the Prussians, who relieve us to-night."

He says that immediately after posting this notice the Saxons perched themselves on their trench top lit their pipes and enjoyed their ease until a volley over their heads sent them back to their trenches.

Hungary Lent Roumania Money.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—A letter received by The Morning Post from a Budapest correspondent says that Austria-Hungary made a loan of considerable size to Roumania a short time before Roumania arranged the \$25,000,000 loan with the Bank of England. No news regarding this latter loan was permitted to be published in Austria-Hungary, the correspondent says.

Shipyards Strike.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—Engineers in all but one of the shipyards struck yesterday. Ten thousand men were made idle.

Brig.-Gen. J. E. Gough Dead.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—Brig.-Gen. John E. Gough, who took a prominent part in the retreat from Mor and who since then has several times been mentioned in official despatches, has died of wounds received last Saturday.

Brig.-Gen. Gough was born in 1871, the son of Gen. Sir Charles Gough. He had seen service in various campaigns and in 1903 was awarded the Victoria Cross while in command of the British force at Daratoleh, Africa. He was an aide-de-camp to King George.

TO DISCUSS REPRISALS.

the Allies Involved In Retaliation
For Submarine Campaign.

ONDON, Feb. 23.—The wasp of war, the submarine, by means of which Germany has declared he will blockade the British Isles, becomes a factor of more and more importance in the great war of commerce with respect to its influence on the policies of the nations engaged in connection with the contraband connection, so vital to neutral states. Almost coincident with the unoffical reports that Austria proposes to follow the example of her ally by taking war on merchant ships in the Atlantic, came the announcement by Sir Asquith in the British House of Commons that the much-discussed military plan of Great Britain, though still tentative, was much wider in scope than had been previously suggested, in that it was a matter for the consideration of all allies, concerning which a joint statement from the allies might be expected.

The statement was likewise made in the House of Commons that the British Government might deem it necessary to alter its decision whereby on up to the present has not been sent as contraband.

Frederick Rennet, The Daily News' correspondent at Petrograd says:

"Since Baron Burian was given control of the Austrian Foreign Office, with his policy of close co-operation with the German General Staff, the process has been noticeable of the merging of the German and Austrian forces in the east into one army.

In the last official records of the fighting it is shown that the Austrians are in North Poland under German command. In the Plotzk region also over 1,000 Germans were among the prisoners taken in the last engagements.

In the eastern Carpathians many of these were new conscripts in the Hussars, and mostly were about 18 years old. This interchange of troops gives the appearance of unity to the enemy's joint strategy, which is not borne out by the actual situation.

"Across the entire length of the eastern front the idea of out-flanking either end of the Russian line is wholly out of the question, but, possibly, remains an effective obstruction.

The German movement in the north has ceased its aggressive character, and apparently aims at fastening its troops among chosen defensive positions above the Bobr river and westward of the Ossowiec, especially in the curve of the Bobr west of its junction with the Marev. The Russians are now attacking this position and have moved against the Germans farther west on the road above Ostrolenka to the Prussian frontier.

The distribution of reinforcements was greatly impeded by the snow, but the men have now reached their assigned positions. Snow on the branch lines proved a heavy handicap during the first retirement, when the strength and enveloping character of the German advance was realized. The only track which remained serviceable throughout was the main line through Wirballen, which has engineering protection against snow drifts, so as to keep traffic with Europe open during peace times, but on the trains which attempted to bring troops across the branch lines, almost all came to a dead halt against the dead masses of snow. The men had to climb down and wade forward.

The infantry usually took about three days to cover a distance which in the open season would require only twelve hours. Motor wagons in the countryside, away from the main line, almost all failed in the snow.

"Operations in Galicia are developing in a most interesting direction.

INDIGNATION IN HOLLAND.

Citizens Roused By Germany's Treatment of Protest.

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RETREAT WAS ORDERLY TO DRIVE TO RAILWAY

London Disbelieves German Story of Russian Defeat.

Berlin's Claim That 100,000 Men Were Captured In East Prussia Is Followed By Statement That "the Pursuit Has Come to an End"—Snow Has Impeded the Movements of Slav Troops.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—The British newspapers print two conflicting versions of the recent battles by which the Germans drove the Russians back over the East Prussian frontier, but they are inclined to accept the Russian version that the Russians fell back in orderly fashion, fighting an effective rear guard action.

As against this is the renewed German claim of 100,000 prisoners and a staggering array of captured munitions. It is noted, however, that Berlin says: "The pursuit has come to an end," and British observers say this means that another costly German rush has fallen short.

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TO DRIVE TO RAILWAY

French Successes in Champagne Only Preliminaries.

Gen. Joffre's Nibbling Tactics Are Expected To Result In a Marked Advance North of the Champagne District—French Forces Are Now In the Ascendant In the Argonne Region.

PARIS, Feb. 23.—Advances made by the nibbling tactics of Gen. Joffre in the Champagne district have been of considerable importance up to the present and the French armies are apparently getting in position for a grand drive forward to seize a railway a few miles to the north. The War Office last night reported the capture of a line of trenches and two woods on the Sauvain-Beausejour front, the repulse of two strong counter-attacks and the capture of many prisoners. Heavy loss was inflicted on the Germans.

In the Argonne region, where for some time the two opposing forces were about evenly matched, the French have strengthened their forces of artillery and, together with their infantry, this has gained an ascendancy over the Germans who have been seriously harassed, particularly near Fontaine aux Charmes, Marie Therese and Bolont. Between the Argonne forest and the Meuse river the French have made increased progress in Choppewood and have also consolidated their new positions.

Les Eparges, which has been the scene of some French progress of late was the base of fresh French attacks, which gained for them almost the whole of the German positions to the southeast of Combes. This town has now been brought under artillery fire and is being battered to pieces preparatory to the making of a general advance on it. The Germans attempted to cut off the French force here from this support by attacking Bois-Buchet, to the south, but they were beaten off. The French captured a trench from them at Bois-Boule, in the Apremont forest.

In Alsace the greater part of the village of Steissweier has been captured from the Germans after an all-day fight. The outskirts had been occupied the preceding day by the French.

DIDN'T TELL THE TRUTH.

German Officer Felt It Wasn't Incumbent Upon Him To Do So.

TORONTO, Feb. 23.—The charge against Emil and Mrs. Nerlich was reduced from that of "high treason" to "conspiracy to commit an indictable offence" when the trial opened before Chief Justice Sir William Mulock in the Criminal Assize Court yesterday. This change in the form of the indictment, as Mr. Du Vernet pointed out, while changing the penalty for the offence from that of death to imprisonment, did not change the character of the evidence.

The most startling development in yesterday's proceedings was when Arthur Zirzow, former lieutenant in the German army, called into the witness box, contradicted most of his testimony given in the preliminary investigation in the police court.

Zirzow "explained" that in the police court he did not think it incumbent on himself to tell the truth because he had not taken the German oath. He was brought into court by

W. G. WILSON,

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MONEY TO LOAN

Mr. H. M. P. Deroche will be in Tamworth every Wednesday.

D. R. BENSON

Graduate Ontario Veterinary College, has opened and office second door south of Express Printing Office, where he may be consulted on all diseases of Domestic Animals. All latest veterinary sciences. Residence: West Street, near Madden's grocery.

Kingston Business College

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Canada's Highest Grade Business School offers superior courses in Book-keeping, Shorthand, Civil Service and all commercial subjects.

Our graduates secure best positions. Particulars free.

H. E. METCALF, Principal.

SUNS AND THE UNIVERSE.

And the Theory of One Great Central Blazing Orb.

That very high, imposing, mathematically proved science—celestial mechanics—demonstrates that there is no necessity for a colossal, dominating central sun. The idea of a central sun controlling the entire sidereal universe was advanced by what are called metaphysicians, totally opposite in nature from mathematicians. For one guesses; the other either proves or admits that he cannot.

If the universe is finite it has a precise center. Photos of the entire celestial vault reveal at least 100,000,000 giant suns, our sun being one of the smaller. And these or some of them are known to be two quadrillion miles apart. Mechanics know that the entire congeries of suns has a center of gravity. And it knows that this center of gravitation, even if empty and void, dominates all motions of all the millions of suns around it.

But all suns move as bees in a swarm, and no such immense body has

itch Citizens Roused By Germany's Treatment of Protest.

THE HAGUE, Netherlands, Feb. 23.—A tense undercurrent of feeling has been running through all classes in Holland for the past two or three days. This is attributed to public concern owing to Germany's failure in not replying to the Dutch note of protest concerning the North Sea war zone and nervousness as to what might result from the German blockade and submarine activity, which possibly might produce an unoward incident at any moment.

Although vessels belonging to other neutral states have suffered, British ships up to the present have escaped damage, but many seamen are demanding increased wages owing to the risks. Some of the men decline to sail and have left their ships, especially those bound for England. Passengers for the Dutch Indies have decided to pass through Germany to Genoa, in order to take ship there.

Concessions To Italy Urged.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—The Frankfurter Zeitung, in a leading article, suggests that Austria should make territorial concessions to Italy to insure the latter's neutrality, according to an Amsterdam correspondent of Reuter's Telegram Co. The paper is quoted as saying:

"It is not conceivable that the condition of the frontier should in any way be prejudicial to the position of Austria-Hungary as a great power being that she has recently so brilliantly displayed her strength against mighty Russia."

The article suggests the holding of a conference by Germany, Austria and Italy to discuss their grievances.

Saxons Asked Immunity.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—According to an officer who writes from a British trench in Flanders, this sign was set by the Germans in a nearby trench:

"We are Saxons; you are Anglo-Saxons. Keep your bullets for the Russians, who believe us to-night." He says that immediately after seeing this notice the Saxons perch themselves on their trench tops, their pipes and enjoyed their ease till a volley over their heads sent them back to their trenches.

Hungary Lent Roumania Money.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—A letter received by The Morning Post from its chief correspondent says that Austria-Hungary made a loan of considerable size to Roumania a short time before Roumania arranged her 5,000,000 loan with the Bank of England. No news regarding this latest loan was permitted to be published in Austria-Hungary, the correspondent says.

Shipyards Strike.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—Engineers in but one of the shipyards struck yesterday. Ten thousand men were idle.

Brig.-Gen. J. E. Gough Dead.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—Brig.-Gen. John E. Gough, who took a prominent part in the retreat from Mons and who since then has several times been mentioned in official despatches, died of wounds received last Saturday.

Brig.-Gen. Gough was born in 1871, a son of Gen. Sir Charles Gough, had seen service in various campaigns and in 1903 was awarded the Victoria Cross while in command of a British force at Daratoleh, Africa. He was an aide-de-camp to King George.

drifts, so as to keep traffic with Europe open during peace times, but on the trains which attempted to bring troops across the branch lines, almost all came to a dead halt against the dead masses of snow. The men had to climb down and wade forward.

The infantry usually took about three days to cover a distance which in the open season would require only twelve hours. Motor wagons in the countryside, away from the main line, almost all failed in the snow.

Operations in Galicia are developing into a most interesting situation. The Austro-German combination is making a determined effort on the River Dunajetz, south of Larnow, to seize the railway at Zuklicayn. Three broad infantry assaults were beaten back Saturday with heavy losses. At the other end of Galicia the Austrians in great numbers have occupied Stanislaw. They are the army which was recently hovering near Roumania. They are measuring their strength in this region for a struggle over the control of the upper valley of the Stryj.

The Russian position to the Carpathian passes grow stronger. They hold firmly the Dukla, La Bortch and Uzok passes, in the northwest, and after sharp fighting they have taken the heights to the southeast of the Tukholko pass, on the Munkacz Stryj road."

ZEPPELIN RAIDS CALAIS.

Five Civilians Are Killed, But Material Damage Is Slight.

PARIS, Feb. 23.—A Zeppelin airship bombarded Calais yesterday morning, according to an official statement issued last night. It dropped projectiles which killed five persons, all civilians, and cause some unimportant material damage.

A despatch to the Havas Agency from Calais says that a German dirigible airship dropped a number of bombs yesterday, which did slight damage to the St. Omer, Hazebrouck and Dunkirk railroad line in the vicinity of Fontinettes. Train service over the line was immediately re-established. Two incendiary bombs damaged several dwellings in the village.

Fontinettes is a little over a mile south of St. Omer, which lies twenty miles southeast of Calais.

Building Submarines In Belgium.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 23.—(Via London.)—The Nieuw Rotterdamsche Courant says it learns from Antwerp that German submarines are still being built in the docks at Hoboken, Belgium, and that when they are completed they will be sent to Zeebrugge or Ostend.

Observatory Erected By Swiss.

PARIS, Feb. 23.—A Belfort despatch to the Havas Agency says that an observatory has been erected on a height near Bonfol in Switzerland, where the movements of French and German troops can be watched. A Swiss military balloon has also appeared in the same neighborhood.

Catarrh Cannot be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists price 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

ality for the offence from that of death to imprisonment, did not change the character of the evidence.

The most startling development in yesterday's proceedings was when Arthur Zirzow, former lieutenant in the German army, called into the witness box, contradicted most of his testimony given in the preliminary investigation in the police court.

Zirzow "explained" that in the police court he did not think it incumbent on himself to tell the truth because he had not taken the German oath. He was brought into court by an armed guard of two men and an officer with drawn sword and bayonets fixed.

PASSES ARE FORTIFIED.

Austrian Troops Have Mined Roads Along Italian Frontier.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—The Chronicle has the following from Geneva: All along the Swiss-Italian frontier, touching the Tyrol, and even as far as the Adriatic, German and Austrian troops have been concentrating for several days. They are chiefly engineers and artillery, who have placed guns in the best positions. Some of them on the Alpine passes dug miles of trenches and undermined the principal routes. Trieste and Flume, for example, have become dangerous even for civilian inhabitants, many of whom have been killed by the sudden explosion of mines. Near a town on the lonely-three-cornered frontier in the Alps, where the three countries meet at a height of 5,000 to 8,000 feet, the Swiss, Italian and Austrian sentries now frequently fraternize in the deep snow. A Swiss sentry is generally the interpreter. The Austrian transported from the other end of his country does not know why he is fighting.

Turks Massacred Armenians.

PETROGRAD, Feb. 23.—Only now are details becoming available of the horrors perpetrated by the Turks during the occupation of Ardnauch, near the trans-Caucasian frontier. The Tiflis correspondent of The Russko-Slovo learns that at first the enemy confined themselves to pillage and slew only fifteen civilians, but after Dec. 30, when news of the Russian occupation of Ardahan was received, local Mussulmans threw off the mask, and the same evening organized a systematic massacre, and 150 Armenians were led out into the street and shot, or had their throats cut.

Why He Objected.

"Now," said the principal to one of the pupils at the close of the lesson in which he had touched on the horrors of war, "do you object to war, my boy?"

"Yes, sir; I do," was the fervent answer.

"Now tell us why."

"Because," said the youth, "wars make history, an' I jest hate history."—Exchange.

Hadn't Used One.

Uncle Ezra—Eph Hoskins must have had some time down in New York. Uncle Eben—Yep. Reckon he traveled a mighty swift pace. Eph's wife said that when Eph got back and went into his room he looked at the bed, kicked it and said, "What's that durn thing for?"—Judge.

All at a Glance.

Mr. Pester—That's a pretty woman that just passed us. Mrs. Pester—H'm! She's wearing her last season's hat, her puffs don't match her hair, her waist hikes up in the back, and her skirt hangs on one side. Men never notice anything.—Boston Globe.

At the universe is finite it has a precise center. Photos of the entire celestial vault reveal at least 100,000,000 giant suns, our sun being one of the smaller. And these or some of them are known to be two quadrillion miles apart. Mechanics know that the entire congeries of suns has a center of gravity. And it knows that this center of gravitation, even if empty and void, dominates all motions of all the millions of suns around it.

But all suns move as bees in a swarm, and no such immense body has been sensed in space. Kapteyn's discovery of drifting of suns in opposite directions may indeed be the beginning of a discovery of rotation around a center, but the rotation would as well be maintained if the center is an absolute vacuum.

If the universe is infinite it has no center, and the above line of argument backed by rigid mathematics cannot apply.—Edgar Lucien Larkin in New York American.

BABIES IN ASHANTI.

They Go Through a Trying Ordeal in Getting a Name.

When children are born in Ashanti they are at once rubbed all over with a mixture of oil and red ochre, this being repeated every two days. Their mouths are washed with a fiery concoction in which red pepper is the main ingredient, and a crier goes through the town proclaiming the new arrival and claiming for it a name and a place among the living.

Some one else is a distant part of the village acknowledges the fact and promises, on the part of the people, that the newborn babe shall be received into the community. The townspeople then assemble in the streets, and the baby is brought out and exposed to view.

Next a basin of water is provided, and the head man, or chief of the town, sprinkles water upon it, leaving it a name and invoking a blessing upon it, such as, for instance, that it may have health, grow up to manhood or womanhood, have a numerous progeny and possess riches.

Most of those present follow the example of the head man, and the poor child is thoroughly drenched before the ceremony is ended. Every one who participates in the ceremony pledges himself to be a friend to the child.—London Standard.

When Women Rule.

"Madam President wishes her to accept a high place."

"Where?"

"On the board of complexion. But she refuses to accept."

"Why?"

"A number of senators want to ask her a few questions about her own."—Pittsburgh Post.

Made His Eyes Limp.

She was wearing her brand new red guimpe, and her husband complained like a simpleton.

He exclaimed: "Hully gee! You're not going with me! I don't want to be seen with a shrimpie!"—Cincinnati Enquirer.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the
Signature of *Charles H. Fletcher*

TROOPS AND MUSIC

DIET AND GOOD HEALTH

Food Should Be Carefully Selected
Properly Varied.

The eminent American physiologist Lusk says that nature, through the vice of appetite, usually provokes against the use of improper food, that reason must play a part in selections. A glass of milk and a piece of pie are poor materials for the body of an active business man whose dietary life requires 2,500 heat units of calories to maintain his body machinery.

We need also water, salts, protein and certain newly discovered substances called vitamins. All these materials are to be found in beans, bread and other great fundamentals of nutrition. Solutions of sugar or of glucose are not the exclusive mainstays of life, and yet glucose taken alone yields 2,500 calories a cost of 4 1/2 cents, and 2,500 calories in the form of cane sugar cost 8 cents.

Glucose is the cheapest food known, but, like cane sugar or butter, is not a complete food in that it does not contain everything necessary for life. Commercial glucose is absolutely harmless. A man must have sufficient calories in his diet if he is to live properly and perform satisfactorily.—New York World.

COROT, THE ARTIST.

His Whole Life Was a Song, and Music Permeated His Works.

Those painters who also have feeling and some of the proficiency of a musician reveal it in their works. They are usually colorists, with music in eye for the colors and tones of nature than her shapes and forms.

Such a one was Corot. He had a good tenor voice and played on violin. He sang at his work and sang too, when he was not painting, wandering through the forest of Fontainebleau or around the village Ville d'Avray, absorbing the beauty of the scene and storing up impressions for future pictures. In fact, his whole long life of seventy-nine years was Le Pere Corot, as his friends loved to call him, a song.

And one feels it in his pictures, least in his later ones, by which he is best known. Their coloring is subtle, like a lullaby or wakening song, for it was the dawn or twilight that he preferred to paint. His works vibrate with the hum of melody, and here there is an accent of effect that trembles like the string of his violin.

Corot's long life was a remarkable instance of a man being able to continue to the end the springtime of youth.

A HISTORIC TRIANGLE.

Famous Battlefields of the Plains of Hesbaye, in Belgium.

Describing the road from Brussels to Liege, which skirts the plains of Hesbaye, Baedeker quotes the old proverb, "Qui passe dans le Hesbaye combattu lendemain"—"He who enters the Hesbaye is defeated the next day." Such was the reputation of the Hesbaye plains for strength and bravery.

The ancient province of Hesbaye indicated on the maps as a triangle some fifty miles from its base to apex, Liege. The river Meuse, from Namur to Liege, forms its south side; the railways from Liege through the Hesbaye and the roads leading to

To the Woman Who Realizes She Needs Help

You are nervous. You have "crying spells." You are dejected. You don't sleep well. You have backache. You have lost ambition for your work. You are beginning to feel old and look old.

These symptoms, more than likely, are produced by some weakness or derangement.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

(In Tablet or Liquid Form)

will aid you in regaining youthful health and strength—just as it has been doing for over forty years for women who have been in the same condition of health you now find yourself. It soothes and invigorates. It upbuilds and uplifts.

Your medicine dealer will supply you in tablet or liquid form, or send 50 one-cent stamps for trial box. Address Dr. V. M. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate Stomach, Liver and Bowels. Easy to take.

WALK AND LIVE LONG..

Doctor Says, However, Exercise Must Not Be Overdone.

Some put walking on the shelf with many others of the "lost arts." No one ever walks now except the Boy Scouts.

Dr. R. E. Castelaw believes the body should never be tired after exercise. He says never walk to the point of exhaustion, and never walk more than two miles at one time. The man who goes for a twenty-mile walk for fun is not only looked upon as a mild sort of lunatic, but really is one.

Surely the busiest business man has time to walk two miles each day! It would only take thirty minutes, and then he might never require a family physician. Even a walk once a week helps a great deal. Try it next Saturday.

"Put on an old sweater and walk briskly, but not hurriedly," Dr. Castelaw says. "Stand erect and breathe through the nose. Air taken into the body through the mouth goes directly to the lungs while cold. Air taken in through the nose-passages is warmed by the time it reaches the lungs. Make the breaths long and deep."

"Oxygen is a deadly poison to some things—chief among which are the tuberculosis and meningitis germs. Breathe deeply and kill them. Walking exercises every muscle in the body, except, possibly, the muscles of the face. And if a man looks around at the beauties of Nature while he is walking, he will exercise those. Walk and you'll never have a cold, lung trouble, or tuberculosis."

"The people who walk the most live the longest."

Properly Rebuked.

Emma, queen mother of the Netherlands, is the subject of many stories in her own country. During the time when she acted as regent before the present Queen Wilhelmina came of age it is said that one morning Queen Emma was awakened by a peremptory knocking at her bedroom door.

"Who is there?" she asked.

A precociously dignified voice answered, "The queen of Holland."

The queen mother quietly answered, "I am not dressed and therefore not able to receive her majesty, but if it is my little girl she may come in."—London Mirror.

Vegetable Sponges.

What are known as vegetable sponges grow freely in Ecuador during the rainy season. They grow on vines like climbing

ONLY SIX FEET APART

BELGIAN SOLDIERS COULD HEAR THE GERMANS WHISPERING.

Volunteer Who Took Officers' Place When All His Superiors Were Killed Tells Story of Endurance and Valor on Banks of the Yser—Twenty-Two Days' Continuous Fighting.

Writing from an unnamed place in Belgium, a correspondent of The London Daily News quotes a young volunteer member of a Belgian regiment which had been fighting, marching and drilling continuously for twenty-two days as follows:

"The town was evacuated by the Germans, and we were sent in at nightfall. As soon as they saw our lights they began shelling us. We lost terribly. We were 600 who went in and must have left a third there.

"In the morning we moved down to re-enforce a network of trenches on our bank of the Yser. We got into the trenches. They were full of water. I was firing for six hours myself thigh deep in muddy water.

"The Germans got across the bridge. We could not show head or hand over our bank. German machine guns shot us from crevices in their raised bank across the river only a few yards away. I was hours and hours dragging our wounded out of the cross trenches. We lost our officers, but I got the men to listen to me.

"Some Germans shelled us with a cross fire. They got into the cross trenches. They fired down our lines from the side. We had to run back. I was too tired and sleepy to drag my feet. I think I must have fallen asleep.

"We had an order to advance again. The French were behind us on either wing in support. I was too tired to get up. Some one kicked me. I looked up. They were three of my friends, volunteers like myself.

"I found myself running forward again. I called to men lying and running near and held my revolver at them. We were all charging with bayonets back at the Germans shooting us from our own trenches under the raised bank. They did not wait for us. They looked like frightened grey beetles as they scrambled up away over our bank and down into the river. It was dusk, but we shot at them over the bank. The water seemed full of them. We crouched

Military Bands Are a Big Feature in the Russian Army.

OUTDO ALL OTHER NATIONS.

Besides a Brass Band Each Regiment Has a String and Wood Orchestra and a Drum Corps—Even Posts With Only a Battalion Have Full Bands.

One feature of the Russian army which from time to time has been brought to the attention of the world outside of Russia, chiefly by publications concerning themselves with matters appertaining to music, is the unusual size and number of bands in the military forces of the czar. The Russian soldier has more martial music than any other soldier in the world.

There is no regiment in the Russian service without its own band, and at posts where not a regiment but only a battalion is quartered that battalion has its band. And these Russian military bands are big and impressive musical organizations. Within each is a brass band and an orchestra of string and wood instruments with, of course, the necessary touch of brass and sheepskin. The result is that, while these military bands play primarily military music, they also adapt themselves to the performance of such music as the American hears at a symphony concert.

The regimental band in the United States army consists of thirty-six pieces, and bands on flagships of the navy are smaller. The average Russian army band, or orchestra, has from forty to fifty musicians, and the orchestras of certain guard regiments contain sixty. There are more than 1,000 Russian regiments, and there are in the army about 50,000 bandsmen. Then in the naval and military schools and in the navy there are bands, and if to these are added the twenty to forty musical pupils of a regimental orchestral school and the musical companies of battleships and various cadet schools the number of military musicians in the armed service of Russia mounts to the surprising total of approximately 100,000 men, a number greater than the whole enlisted and commissioned personnel in the American army.

Russia takes a commendable pride in its military bands, and the musicians are all competent. The bandsmen are trained in the regimental band schools or in one of the numerous musical conservatories maintained by the government, and each musical company has a conductor and his assistant, both being graduates of one of the national conservatories of music.

The Russian designation of these military and naval bands is musykalnaya komanda, and they constitute an important factor in the life of the civil population, the government using them for the entertainment of the public as well as for the musical education of the masses very much as the United States uses its military bands at Washington—that is, in providing free concerts for the people. Open air concerts are common in the parks of the larger towns and smaller cities throughout Russia during the summer, and in winter free recitals are given in the barracks and public halls. On Sundays, fete days and national holidays

the bands concert and entertain the

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Vegetable Sponges.

What are known as vegetable sponges grow freely in Ecuador during the rainy season. They grow on vines, like pumpkins. The poor people utilize them for washing dishes and when bathing, claiming they are superior to the animal sponge.

Dogs' Pants.

Dogs do not perspire. In hot weather they regulate the temperature of their blood by breathing more quickly, which produces a rapid evaporation of water from the surface of the lungs. That is the reason why a dog pants to hot weather.

BREAKFAST IN BOHEMIA.

Where They Didn't Use a Bell to Call the Caterer.

In his published reminiscences of Henri Murger M. Felix Duquesnel tells an amusing story of a breakfast with the poet of the "Vie de Boheme."

Theodore Barriere, the dramatist, wished to adapt Murger's work to the stage. He had never met the poet, but he decided to visit him at his home and introduce himself. Murger lived on the sixth floor of a house in the Rue Gregoire-de-Tours. It was almost noon when Barriere appeared at his lodging, but Murger was still in bed.

"Pardon me, sir, for disturbing you," said Barriere. "I'm sorry to see that you are in bed. Are you indisposed?"

"No, not at all," said Murger. "I'm very well, indeed, and very glad to make your acquaintance."

"May I ask why you lie in bed on so fine a day as this?"

"I'll tell you," said Murger, laughing. "You know the story of Epamiondas, who stayed in bed while his clothes were being mended. That's my case. I have only one pair of trousers, and the porter has taken them to the tailor's next door for reinforcement, so I must wait for them in bed."

"Have you had your breakfast?"

"Yes, indeed—yesterday."

"Then we will eat together and talk the matter over."

Murger shook his head. "I haven't a sou," he said.

"Never mind. Be my guest." With these words Barriere took a five franc piece out of his pocket.

"By George, you're rich!" said Murger with admiration. "Let me see it; those things are strangers to me. Well, ring for breakfast."

Barriere looked round for the bell, but could find none.

"We haven't such a thing," said Murger. "In this place you act according to tradition—take that brick and heave it downstairs. Pere Guérin knows the signal; he'll come right up."

Barriere did so, and the man appeared. Murger then got up and threw a havelock over his shoulders, and in half an hour the two writers were eating their breakfast of pork cutlets and cucumbers.

tired to get up. Some one kicked me. I looked up. They were three of my friends, volunteers like myself.

"I found myself running forward again. I called to men lying and running near and held my revolver at them. We were all charging with bayonets back at the Germans shooting us from our own trenches under the raised bank. They did not wait for us. They looked like frightened grey beetles as they scrambled up away over our bank and down into the river. It was dusk, but we shot at them over the bank. The water seemed full of them. We crouched in a big trench.

"There were perhaps 200 left of our 600. I think there was one officer further along, but it was quite dark. Some of the men talked very low. Then I heard voices whispering and talking near us on the river side of our bank. It was of earth perhaps five feet high and six feet thick. On the other side the slope fell steeply to the river.

"I sent a hush along the line. We listened quite silent. I thought I heard German words, an order passed along on the other side. I crawled up on to the bank, not showing my head, you know. It was really about 300 Germans who had stayed there on our side under the bank, fearing to cross the river under our fire. So we stayed all though the night. We did not sleep, nor did they.

"There was just six feet of piled wet earth between us. We only whispered and could hear them muttering and the sound of their belts breaking and of water bottles being opened.

"There was a thick grey mist hanging low in the morning. I crawled on to the bank again, holding my revolver outstretched. A gray figure stood up in the mist below close to me. He looked like a British soldier in khaki. He said, 'It's all right; we are English,' and I said, 'But your accent isn't' and I shot him through with my revolver. Some of our men crept to the bank, but they shot them, and some of theirs climbed over, but we fired at their heads or arms as they showed only a few feet away, and they fell backward or on to us or lay hanging on the bank. Then we all waited.

"As it grew lighter they did not dare move away, and none of us could get out alive over the bank to use the bayonet. A few men made holes in the looser earth, and so we fired at each other through the bank here and there.

"Somebody threw a cartridge case across close to me. On a paper inside was scrawled one word—'Surrender!' We did not know if they wanted to surrender. They were more numerous, but we were better placed, so we went on scrapping and crawling around to get a shot at them.

"Perhaps it was the French who got around at the ends. There was heavy firing. We heard quite close through the raised bank a few slipping down on the river edge and water splashing. Some of us pulled ourselves up on to the bank. I heard our men scrambling up on either side of me, but could not see them. I think I was too sleepy. I shouted to charge and then must have fallen over on my head, rolling down the bank."

Kitchener's Method.

Recently the editor of a London daily paper was summoned to the British War Office in connection with an untrue scare story which he had published. "If anything of this sort occurs again," Lord Kitchener said, "I shall have you arrested." "On what charge?" asked the editor. "I will arrest you first," answered Kitchener, "and think out the charge afterwards."

naya kammania, and they constitute an important factor in the life of the civil population, the government using them for the entertainment of the public as well as for the musical education of the masses very much as the United States uses its military bands at Washington—that is, in providing free concerts for the people. Open air concerts are common in the parks of the larger towns and smaller cities throughout Russia during the summer, and in winter free recitals are given in the barracks and public halls. On Sundays, fete days and national holidays band concerts and orchestral performances are usual in the well settled regions of vast Russia.

The Russian military band is considerably more than an army institution. The cost of maintaining so many bands is considerable even for so rich a country as Russia, but the government considers them as a profitable investment. The Russian soldier has come to require music and he demands it, and these bands entertain the masses and the classes. These bands cater to the highest musical taste, and the average Russian in the cities knows when music is good and he will have no other. The bands play the new and popular music by composers like Ivanoff, but on all the band programs you will see such names as Liszt, Schumann, Chopin, Tchaikowsky, Glinka, Strauss and Debussy.

The army band spreads its musical influence over Russia in another way. After passing through the regimental band school the bandsman serves three years. Then he passes out of the army, usually returning to his native village. The custom is for him to carry back into civil life with him the instrument he played in the government band. His musical training and accomplishment make of him in his home town a more prominent and important man than he otherwise would be. He often takes up the teaching of music and almost invariably keeps up the practice of his art. Very likely he organizes a village band or orchestra, and into this come amateur musicians and other military bandsmen whose army service has expired. About 15,000 Russian army musicians annually leave the army and return home to their families.—Washington Star.

Tulips of Haarlem.

Holland is famed for its bulb growers, and Haarlem is a specialized horticultural nursery for all Europe and the United States. The tulip, of course, is the typical bulb, the symbol of this amazing Dutch industry and a standard of value—as wheat is the agricultural barometer and pig iron the industrial indicator. The Dutch growers produce 2,000 varieties of tulips. They sell \$1,000,000 worth of bulbs to the United States every year.

Resolve to be thyself and know that he who finds himself loses his misery.

—Matthew Arnold.

College Life.

"Has your son been to college long enough to learn the ropes?"

"Oh, yes, indeed; long enough to know that the ropes mean strings on his dad. You ought to see the letters he writes home for money."—Florida Times Union.

Wasted Effort.

Smith—H. Peck went on a silence strike the other day, but it did no good. Thomas—Why not? Smith—Mrs. H. Peck wouldn't stop talking long enough to notice it.—Judge.

Describing the road from Brussels to Liege, which skirts the plains of Hesbaye, Baedeker quotes the old I verb, "Qui passe dans le Hesbaye combattu lendemain"—"He who enters the Hesbaye is defeated the next day." Such was the reputation of the Hesbaye for strength and bravery.

The ancient province of Hesbaye indicated on the maps as a triangle some fifty miles from its base to apex, Liege. The river Meuse, from Namur to Liege, forms its south side; the railways from Liege through Tillemont and Louvain to Brussels its northern side. A line from Namur to Brussels is its base.

This triangle contains many famous battlefields. Besides Waterloo, it is Neerwinden, where Marshal Luxembourg defeated the allies under William II of England in 1693 and when century later the Austrians, under Prince of Coburg, uncle of the King Leopold of Belgium, defeated the French, led by Dumouriez Louis Philippe.

Then there is Quatre Bras, where Ney's division fought part of the English army and its German and Belgian allies in 1815. There had been a battle the day before at Soubreforte, and that June night the Prussians accomplished their unparalleled retreat from Ligny. Fleurus, near by, won it in 1622 and 1690 and again in 1792 Newark News.

EFFERVESCENT DRINKS.

They Allay Thirst Quickly, but the Effect is Not Lasting.

The reason why we like effervescent drinks is that the slight stinging prickling of the palate that follows drinking liquids charged with carbonic acid gas produces immediately an increased flow of saliva and thus diminishes for the moment the sensation of thirst.

But the relief they bring is temporary and is followed by a reaction in which the thirst is actually increased. The salivary glands are more susceptible to perpetual stimulation than any other, and after a period of excitement one of depression supervenes. Young soldiers on marches quickly come to understand this and to discover that the more water they drink the more thirsty they get and that it is best, therefore, to limit the quantity of liquid swallowed. Moreover, the saliva contains matter of great importance for the digestion of food, particularly of starchy food, and if it all be washed down the throat into the bowels as soon as it is secreted a great part of its usefulness is lost.

It would therefore seem that a wasteful way, physiologically, of moistening the flow of saliva might be adopted with profit. The consumption of fruit containing subacid juices about the most excellent way—Louis Post Dispatch.

The Last Straw.

"What's the matter with Willie?" "He's turned anarchist."

"Anarchist! Dear, dear! What's to ed him?"

"He says he can't support any government that willfully sent ships home to strand schoolteachers. Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Summery Proceedings.

He watched a schooner "hug the shore. But saw not when she won it. Just then it pleased his fancy more To hug the girl upon it. And while the waveslets "kissed the beach, the boy he wasn't missing. For nothing can old ocean teach A youth concerning kissing."

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

DIET AND GOOD HEALTH.

Food Should Be Carefully Selected and Properly Varied.

The eminent American physiologist says that nature, through the desire of appetite, usually provides against the use of improper food, but at reason must play a part in food selection. A glass of milk and a piece of pie are poor materials for the brain of an active business man whose sedentary life requires 2,500 heat units or more to maintain his body machinery.

We need also water, salts, proteins and certain newly discovered substances called vitamins. All these materials are to be found in milk, beans, bread and other great fundamentals of nutrition. Solutions of cane sugar or of glucose are not the exclusive mainstays of life, and yet glucose taken alone yields 2,500 calories at a cost of 4 1/2 cents, and 2,500 calories in the form of cane sugar cost 8 1/2 cents.

Glucose is the cheapest food fuel known, but like cane sugar or butter, it is not a complete food in that it does not contain everything necessary for life. Commercial glucose is absolutely harmless. A man must have sufficient calories in his diet if he is to live properly and perform labor satisfactorily.—New York World.

COROT, THE ARTIST.

A Whole Life Was a Song, and Melody Permeated His Works.

Those painters who also have the singing and some of the proficiency of a musician reveal it in their work. They are usually colorists, with more care for the colors and tones of nature in her shapes and forms.

Such a one was Corot. He had a good tenor voice and played on the violin. He sang at his work and sang, when he was not painting, wandering through the forest of Fontainebleau or around the village of le d'Avray, absorbing the beauty of the scene and storing up impressions for future pictures. In fact, his whole life of seventy-nine years was to Pere Corot, as his friends loved to call him, a song.

And one feels it in his pictures, at first in his later ones, by which he is known. Their coloring is subdued, a lullaby or waking song, for it is the dawn or twilight that he preferred to paint. His works vibrate with the hum of melody, and here and there is an accent of effect that trembles like the string of his violin. Corot's long life was a remarkable instance of a man being able to continue to the end the springtime of his life.

A HISTORIC TRIANGLE.

The Battlefields of the Plains of Hesbaye, in Belgium.

Describing the road from Brussels to Liege, which skirts the plains of Hesbaye, Baedeker quotes the old proverb, "Qui passe dans le Hesbain est obattu lendemain"—"He who enters Hesbaye is defeated the next day." This was the reputation of the Hesbaye for strength and bravery.

The ancient province of Hesbaye is located on the maps as a triangle, 50 miles from its base to its apex, Liege. The river Meuse, from our to Liege, forms its southern side; the railways from Liege through Lier and Lontzen to Remouchamps its

THE MARKETS

MONTREAL, Feb. 22.—Business over the cable in Manitoba spring wheat today was dull, owing to the fact that there was no demand whatever from foreign buyers, on account of the weakness in the markets on Saturday and the further decline in prices today. The feature of the spot market was the weaker feeling in oats and prices declined 3¢ to 1¢ per bushel. Demand for corn is fair. Flour unchanged with business quiet. Millfeed in good demand at firm prices. Butter strong.

TORONTO GRAIN MARKET.

Wheat, fall, bushel	\$1.60	to	\$1.80
Goose wheat, bushel	1.50
Buckwheat, bushel	0.90
Barley, bushel	0.90
Peas, bushel	1.60	1.90	...
Oats, bushel	0.68	0.70	...
Rye, bushel	1.20

TORONTO DAIRY MARKET.

Butter, creamery, lb. sq.	0.33	0.35
Goose cream, solid	0.30	0.31
Cheese, new, large	0.18	...
Cheese, twins	0.18	0.18
Eggs, new-laid	0.31	0.33
Eggs, cold-storage	0.28	0.30
Honey, new, lb.	0.12	...
Honey, combs, dozen	2.50	3.00

GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

TORONTO, Feb. 22.—Quotations on the Board of Trade are as follows: Manitoba wheat—No. 1 northern, \$1.68, lake ports; No. 2, \$1.66; No. 3, \$1.63, 3¢ per bushel more on track, Goderich.

Manitoba oats—No. 2 C.W., 72 1/2¢; No. 3 C.W., 69 1/2¢, track, bay ports; No. 1 feed, 68¢; sample oats, 66¢ to 69¢.

Ontario oats—Outside, 63¢ to 65¢.

Ontario wheat—No. 2, per car lot, \$1.50 to \$1.55, outside, according to freight.

American corn—No. 3 yellow, all-rail shipments, Toronto freights, 83¢.

Peas—No. 2, \$2 to \$2.05, car lots, outside, nominal.

Rye—No. 2, \$1.25 to \$1.28.

Barley—Good malting barley, outside, 85¢ to 88¢.

Rolled oats—Car lots, per bag or 90 lbs., \$3.40 to \$3.50; in smaller lots, \$3.65, Windsor to Montreal.

Buckwheat—85¢ to 88¢, car lots, outside.

Millfeed—Car lots, per ton: Bran, 22¢; shorts, 30¢; middlings, \$35; good feed flour, \$40 to \$44; mixed cars, 1¢ more.

Manitoba flour—First patents, 8¢ in jute bags; second patents, \$7.50 in jute bags; strong bakers', \$7.80; in cotton bags, 10¢ more.

Ontario flour—Winter, 90 per cent, patents, \$6.50 to \$6.80, seaboard, in bulk; \$6.55 to \$6.80, bags included, Toronto freights.

Cornmeal—Yellow, 98-lb. sacks, in car lots, \$2.20; in small lots, \$2.50.

WINNIPEG GRAIN MARKET.

WINNIPEG, Feb. 22.—A considerable break occurred in wheat prices, May ranging from \$1.54¢ to \$1.56¢, July from \$1.54¢ to \$1.56¢; oats from 66 1/2¢ to 67¢ for May. May wheat opening transactions had a range of 1¢.

Wheat broke this morning 3¢ on May and 2 1/2¢ on July; oats were 1/2¢ lower on May and 3/4¢ lower on July. Flax opened 1 1/2¢ to 2¢ lower.

Liverpool cables were 6d to 9d per quarter lower, and the favorable progress made by the allied fleets in the task of opening the Dardanelles was the influencing factor. Washington's Birthday day celebrations caused a right quiet market than usual.

In the future market there was heavy trading, May previous to noon being \$1.56¢, and July \$1.56 1/2¢. May oats were 66 1/2¢ bid, and July 67 1/2¢ bid, which showed steady on the former month and 1/2¢ higher for July.

There was nothing doing in export circles. While there was a firm enquiry for cash wheat, there were no offerings. Buyers of both cash wheat and oats were indifferent and hesitating, in view of the trend of events in the old world.

Inspections on Saturday totaled 330 cars, as compared with 141 cars last year, and in sight today were 500 cars.

CATTLE MARKETS

UNION STOCK YARDS.

TORONTO, Feb. 22.—Receipts of live stock at the Union Yards were 771 cattle, 571 hogs, 84 sheep and lambs and 29 calves.

Butchers' Cattle.

Choice butchers', \$7 to \$7.25; good, \$6.25 to \$6.60; medium butchers', \$5.60 to \$6.15; common, \$5 to \$5.50; choice cows, \$5.50 to \$5.75; good cows, \$5 to \$5.40; medium cows, \$4.50 to \$4.80; rams, \$3.75 to

THE TIME IS AT HAND
THE NEW DAY DAWNSThe True Message of God's Word
Is Spreading.

Night of Sin Is Passing—Morning Has Come—Awake From Nocturnal Hallucinations—Evidences That the Day Is Here—God's Blessings Increase Discontent—Humanity About to Learn a Great Lesson.



Buffalo, N. Y., Feb. 14.—Pastor Russell preached here to-day on the text, "At the name of Jesus every knee shall bow and every tongue confess, to the glory of God."—Philippians 2: 10, 11.

The speaker referred to the Six Great Days of a thousand years each, during which the world is experiencing a reign of Sin and Death. Physicians, physical and moral, have been unable to effect a cure. God alone is able to roll away the curse which He imposed and to give mankind instead His blessing.

In the past we have been so intent on following our own sectarian schemes and theories that we have neglected the proper study of the Bible, the Pastor holds. Indeed, not until our day has such a study been possible for the masses. Only now have they the Word of God in their possession in convenient form, and only now is education so general as to permit all to read and study the good things of the Divine promises.

The creeds of the Dark Ages dinmed into our ears the message of the curse, and distorted it into a message of eternal misery, whereas the Scriptures declare that "the wages of sin is death"—not eternal torment. But now Bible students are a-cusing from their sleep and finding that they have long suffered from nocturnal hallucinations. The true Message of God's Word is spreading, and with it goes increase of faith, joy, peace and godliness.

The speaker called attention to the wonderful inventions which make ours the most remarkable period of the world's history, and to the progress made in the culture of flowers and fruit, to the results of irrigation, etc. Soon the necessity of arduous labor and sweat of face for daily bread will be ended, and the increasing leisure, comforts and conveniences will permit every man to be a nobleman.

The Bible alone, he declares, explains why all these changes have come so suddenly upon us. It tells us the meaning of the reign of Sin and Death which mankind has undergone—that our sorrows, aches and pains, our weaknesses, mental, moral and physical, are the results of sin—Father Adam's sin, entailed upon us by the laws of heredity. Then, to our astonishment, it shows us that the curse is to be rolled away and a Divine blessing to come to the world; and that, as a beginning of this change, Jesus came into the world and died, "the Ju. for the unjust," to cancel the death penalty upon them, and to give them an opportunity to return to the perfection which Adam lost when he sinned.

Chronologically we are already far

DOCTORS DID
NOT HELP HER

But Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Restored Mrs. Bradley's Health—Her Own Statement.

Winnipeg, Canada.—"Eleven years ago I went to the Victoria Hospital, Montreal, suffering with a growth. The doctors said it was a tumor and could not be removed as it would cause instant death. They found that my organs were affected, and said I could not live more than six months in the condition I was in."

"After I came home I saw your advertisement in the paper, and commenced taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I took it constantly for two years, and still take it at times, and both my husband and myself claim that it was the means of saving my life. I highly recommend it to suffering women."—Mrs. ORILLA BRADLEY, 284 Johnson Ave., Winnipeg, Manitoba, Can.

Why will women take chances or drag out a sickly, half-hearted existence, missing three-fourths of the joy of living, when they can find health in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound?

For thirty years it has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has restored the health of thousands of women who have been troubled with such ailments as displacements, inflammation, ulceration, tumors, irregularities, etc.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.



LYDIA E. PINKHAM

JAPAN'S ANTHEM.

It Has Been Used By Soldiers For
Nearly a Thousand Years.

Through the courtesy of the Japanese Embassy, we are able to publish the words of the Japanese National Anthem, together with the English translation, says London Tit-Bits. Some interesting facts regarding this anthem were related by one of the secretaries of the Embassy. "The words were written," he said, "by a Japanese poet who lived in the tenth century, but whose name has never been discovered. They have been used by Japanese soldiers as they marched to war for nearly a thousand years. So far as is known, the verse was taken from a miscellaneous collection of Japanese poetry, and adopted by a bygone Emperor as the National Anthem for Japan. The music, however, to which the words are now sung was composed about fifty years ago by a Court musician. Previously there had been no real music, the words being chanted rather than sung."

KIMIGAYO.

Kimigayo wa
Chiyo ni yachiyo ni
Sazareishi no
Iwao to narite
Koke no musu made.

The translation is as follows:

THE EMPEROR'S REIGN.

Describing the road from Brussels to Liege, which skirts the plains of Hesbaye, Baedeker quotes the old proverb, "Qui passe dans le Hesbaye est combattu lendemain"—"He who enters the Hesbaye is defeated the next day," such was the reputation of the Hesbaye for strength and bravery.

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This triangle contains many famous battlefields. Besides Waterloo, there is Neerwinden, where Marshal Luxembourg defeated the allies under William I. of England in 1693 and where a century later the Austrians, under the Prince of Coburg, uncle of the late King Leopold of Belgium, defeated the French, led by Dumouriez and Count Philippe.

Then there is Quatre Bras, where Ney's division fought part of the British army and its German and Belgian allies in 1815. There had been battle the day before at Sombrefe, and on that June night the Prussians accomplished their unparalleled retreat from Fleurus, near by, won fame 1622 and 1690 and again in 1794—courageous News.

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They Allay Thirst Quickly, but the Effect is Not Lasting.

The reason why we like effervescent inks is that the slight stinging or licking of the palate that follows on inking liquids charged with carbonic acid gas produces immediately an increased flow of saliva and thus diminishes for the moment the sensation of thirst.

But the relief they bring is only temporary and is followed by a reaction in which the thirst is actually increased. The salivary glands are more susceptible to perpetual stimulation than any other, and after each bout of excitement one of depression pervenes. Young soldiers on route marches quickly come to understand this and to discover that the more often they drink the more thirsty they are and that it is best, therefore, to let the quantity of liquid swallowed, moreover, the saliva contains matters of great importance for the digestion of food, particularly of starchy foods, if it all be washed down the throat or the bowels as soon as it is secreted. A great part of its usefulness is lost if it would therefore seem that a less useful way, physiologically, of protecting the flow of saliva might be adopted with profit. The consumption of fruit containing subacid juices is not the most excellent way.—St. Louis Post Dispatch.

The Last Straw.

What's the matter with Willie?" He's turned anarchist."

Anarchist! Dear, dear! What's turned him?"

He says he can't support any government that willfully sent ships to bring home stranded schoolteachers."—Verdant Plain Dealer.

Summary Proceedings. watched a schooner "lug the shore," it was not when she won it, then he pleased his fancy more, hug the girl upon it, while the waveslets "kissed the beach" a hint he wasn't missing, nothing can old ocean teach youth concerning kissing.

On Saturday morning 300 cars, as compared with 141 cars last year, and in sight today were 500 cars.

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Butchers' Cattle.

Choice butchers, \$7 to \$7.25; good, \$6.25 to \$6.60; medium butchers, \$5.60 to \$8.15; common, \$5 to \$5.50; choice cows, \$3.50 to \$5.75; good cows, \$5 to \$5.40; medium cows, \$4.50 to \$4.80; canners, \$3.75 to \$4.20; heavy bulls, \$5.75 to \$6.25; light bulls, \$4.75 to \$5.50.

Stockers and Feeders.

Feeders, 700 to 800 lbs., sold at \$5.80 to \$6; medium feeders at \$5.25 to \$5.75; stockers at \$4.75 to \$5.

Milkers and Springers.

Prices were unchanged for milkers and springers, the values ranging from \$60 to \$85 each.

Veal Calves.

Choice veal calves sold at \$10 to \$10.50; good, \$8 to \$9; medium, \$7 to \$7.50; common, \$5 to \$5.50; eastern calves, \$4 to \$5.

Sheep and Lambs.

Choice light lambs sold at \$8.75 to \$9, and a few extra light weights, \$9.25 to \$9.50; heavy lambs and bulls, \$7.50 to \$8.50; light sheep, \$5.75 to \$6.25; heavy sheep, \$4.50 to \$5.50.

Hogs.

Hogs were steady in value. Selects, weighed off cars, sold at \$7.80, and \$7.65 fed and watered, and \$7.25 f.o.b. cars.

MONTRÉAL LIVE STOCK.

MONTREAL, Feb. 22.—At the Montreal Stock Yards, west end market, owing to the more seasonable weather, the lighter run of cattle, and the improved quality, there was a firmer feeling in the market, but prices showed no actual change. Demand from packers was fair for carload lots, and choice steers sold at \$7.40 to \$7.50, but the bulk of the trading was done in steers, ranging from \$6.50 to \$7, while the butchers paid for small picked lots an advance of 25¢ per hundred pounds over the above figures. Canning stock was in demand, bulls bringing \$4.25 to \$4.50, and cows, \$3.75 to \$4 per cwt.

Sheep and lambs strong, owing to limited supplies coming forward. Ontario lambs sold at \$8.75 to \$9, and Quebec stock at \$8.25 to \$8.50, and ewes brought \$5.25 to \$5.50 per cwt.

Calves in good demand. Prices range from \$5 to \$15.

Hogs steadier, with a fair trade. Sows sold at \$6.25, and stags at \$4.15 per cwt., weighed off cars.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

CHICAGO, Feb. 22.—Cattle—Receipts, 2000; market steady. Beefs, \$5.50 to \$8.75; stockers and feeders, \$3.50 to \$6.75; cows and heifers, \$3.50 to \$7.65; calves, \$7 to \$10.50.

Hogs—Receipts, 40,000; market higher; light, \$6.50 to \$6.75; mixed, \$6.50 to \$6.75; heavy, \$6.15 to \$6.60; rough, \$6.15 to \$6.30; pigs, \$5.50 to \$6.75; bulk of sales, \$6.55 to \$6.65.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 8000; market higher; native, \$6.60 to \$7.40; yearlings, \$7.35 to \$8.10; lambs, native, \$7.50 to \$9.

Owners of Evelyn Waugh Protest.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—William L. Harris, of the firm which owned the steamship Evelyn, sunk in the North Sea Saturday, announced yesterday that his firm would make no protest to the State Department as he considered the loss of the ship due to a war risk which he had taken. The Department, however, has ordered Naval Attaché U. S. Gherardi in Germany to make a full report.

Britain Takes All the Sugar.

The Java sugar supply has practically been cut off from India, owing to Great Britain becoming a competitor for the raw material on account of the war. The Government of Bengal is taking the matter in hand and encouraging the establishment of factories for the manufacture, locally, of date sugar.

gone—that our sorrows, aches and pains, our weaknesses, mental, moral and physical, are the results of sin—Father Adam's sin, entailed upon us by the laws of heredity. Then, to our astonishment, it shows us that the curse is to be rolled away and a Divine blessing to come to the world; and that, as a beginning of this change, Jesus came into the world and died, "the Jew for the unjust," to cancel the death penalty upon them, and to give them an opportunity to return to the perfection which Adam lost when he sinned.

Chronologically we are already forty years into the Great Seventh Day, or Thousand-Year Sabbath, during which the Divine blessing is to come to the world. This explains the blessings coming to mankind increasingly. This progress will continue throughout the Day of Messiah's Kingdom, bringing blessings not only to the living, but to the dead; for "all that are in their graves shall hear the voice of the Son of God and come forth." All of Adam's posterity must be given a full opportunity to come into harmony with the Creator and to gain everlasting life. Only by personal, wilful sin can any one's blessings be turned into the second curse of God—the Second Death from which there will be no recovery.

Mankind Not Ready For Blessings.

The Pastor then demonstrated that God purposes that before Messiah's Kingdom is established, humanity shall learn a great lesson respecting their own fallen condition. Instead of being happier because of the favors coming upon the world, mankind are more discontented than ever before. The Scriptures show that this discontent will culminate in a short, sharp period of terrible anarchy, from which the world will be rescued by the establishment of Messiah's Kingdom.

None shall have the opportunity of erroneously supposing that God's blessings, coming to unregenerate hearts, will make them thankful and happy. A new heart is necessary to real happiness. If God had permitted the light and blessings of our day a thousand years ago, then the discontent of humanity would have culminated in anarchy a thousand years ago—and before the Divinely arranged time for the establishment of the Kingdom for the ruling and uplifting of humanity.

As we come gradually to realize that we are living in the dawn of the long-promised Sabbath Day of earth, when the curse of death shall roll away, it gives us new interest in all of life's affairs. The knowledge makes life worth living. All who have entered into this blessing should hasten to acknowledge the Creator and to consecrate their lives to His service.

One day of such living is worth more than a year of the aimless meandering common to the masses. All who have entered into this blessing should rejoice therein. All who have not should seek the Door, Christ, and should be glad to walk the narrow way, following His footsteps into grace and peace Divine.

Unreasonable.

"How could you expect that man to take an abstract view of municipal government?"

"Why not?"

"He can't take an abstract view of anything. He's a concrete contractor."—Baltimore American.

Barred.

The centipede wept as it went from the spot.

Where the dancers were reveling carelessly and gay.

Whenever he struggled to tango or trot.

A lot of his feet always got in the way.

—Washington Star.

SONG ANTHEM FOR JAPAN. The music, however, to which the words are now sung was composed about fifty years ago by a Court musician. Previously there had been no real music, the words being chanted rather than sung."

KIMIGAYO.

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Chiyo ni yachio ni
Sazareishi no
Iwao to narite
Koke no musu made.

The translation is as follows:

THE EMPEROR'S REIGN.

May our gracious Emperor reign
Till a thousand, yea, ten thousand,
years shall roll,
Till the sand in the brooklet grows
to stone,
And the moss from these pebbles emeralds make.

Sights Unseen.

It all happened in the smoke room of one of the liners as she was approaching Liverpool. He had during the voyage freely given evidences of his immense importance, but on this occasion he even triumphed over his former exploits. "Yes, gentlemen, I may fairly say that I have seen about all worth seeing in the civilized world. I have visited the Holy Land. I have been to Jerusalem, Rome, Athens, Paris, Vienna. I have seen the finest pictures, the grandest natural views, the greatest sculptures, the"—

Just at that moment a somewhat shaky voice broke in: "Say, mister, have you ever had the D. T.'s?"

"No, sir; I am proud to say I have not," he answered in a shocked voice. "But why?"

"Well, then, all I can say is that your sightseeing has been pretty tame and you've got a lot yet to see."

The Better Part.

A delightful little story is told of Prosper Merimee, the French author. He was once a guest at a royal hunt, when hares, pheasants and other game were driven before the emperor and his followers, and the servants picked up the victims of the sport.

Among all the members of the hunting party Prosper Merimee alone had no trophy to display.

"How does this happen?" asked some one.

"Where game is so plenty the merit of a marksman seems to me to lie in hitting nothing," replied Merimee, with grave courtesy, "I fired between the birds."

Stung.

The old gentleman went into the parlor the other night at the witching hour of 10.30 and found the lights out and his daughter and a dear friend enjoying a tête-à-tête in a corner by the window.

"Evangeline," said the old man sternly, "this is scandalous!"

"Yes, papa," she answered sweetly. "It is candleless because times are hard. Lights cost so much Ferdinand and I said we would get along with the starlight."

And papa turned about in speechless amazement and tried to walk out of the room through a panel in the wall paper.

Tommy's Share.

"Well, Tommy, what part of the chicken will you have?"

"Why, paw, you know I always take the back when there's company."—St. Louis Republic.

Got Them All.

Golfer (playing his second round in the day)—Into this beastly bunker again, caddie! Caddie—No, sir. This is the one you missed this morning.

London Punch.

Shiloh 25

The family remedy for Coughs and Colds. Small dose. Small bottle. Best since 1870.

We think we can please you.
TRY US.

Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Etc.

PAUL KILLORIN, - Proprietor.

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP

HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.

Everything Neat and Sanitary.
Best of Service Guaranteed.

GIVE US A CALL.



NIGHT TRAINS

—to—

TORONTO & OTTAWA

(Daily)

Leave Napanee 2.30 a.m.
Arrive Toronto 7.30 a.m.
Leave Napanee 3.25 a.m.
Arrive Ottawa 7.40 a.m.

(Central Station.)

DAY TRAINS

(Daily except Sunday)

Leave Napanee 4.25 p.m.
Arrive Toronto, 9.15 p.m.
Leave Napanee 2.50 p.m.
Arrive Ottawa 7.05 p.m.

(Central station.)

For tickets, parlor and sleeping car reservations, and all information apply to

E. McLAUGHLIN, Town Agent, or
R. E. McLEAN, Station Agent.

Trees! Trees! Trees!

All kinds of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Evergreens, Small Fruits, Roses, Sheep, Lambs, etc. Everything in the Nursery line. Send list of your wants or prices. Catalogue free.

Agents wanted Everywhere

Apply for terms

J. H. WISNER, Nurseyman,
4966m PORT ELGIN, Ontario



Carriage REPAIRING

We are at it "hammer and tongs" every working day, turning out the best repair work that the Carriage trade can boast of herabouts. No matter how bad the damage to your conveyance, we can soon put it right for you in a way that will last and give you complete satisfaction. We put into our work energy, experience, and the very best materials, yet we are very moderate in our charges for all kinds of jobs.

J. M. GRAHAM
At Normile's Garage.

arrangements have been made for the accommodation of visitors in the balcony of the Hall.

MEAT BONES.

Many Ways In Which They May Be Utilized as Nourishing Food.

One of the food experts of the United States department of agriculture says that almost any meat bones can be used in soupmaking and if the meat is not all removed from them the soup is better. But some bones, especially the rib bones, if they have a little meat left on them, can be grilled or roasted into very palatable dishes.

The "sparerib" of southern cooks is made of the rib bones from a roast of pork and makes a favorite dish when well browned. The braised ribs of beef often served in high class restaurants are made from the bones cut from rib roasts. In this connection it may be noted that many of the dishes popular in good hotels are made of portions of meat such as are frequently thrown away in private houses, but which with proper cooking and seasoning make attractive dishes and give most acceptable variety to the menu.

An old recipe for "broiled bones" directs that the bones (beef ribs or sirloin bones on which the meat is not left too thick in any part) be sprinkled with salt and pepper (cayenne) and broiled over a clear fire until browned.

Another example of the use of bones is boiled marrowbone. The bones are cut in convenient lengths, the ends covered with a little piece of dough over which a floured cloth is tied and cooked in boiling water for two hours. After removing the cloth and dough the bones are placed upright on toast and served. Prepared as above, the bones may also be baked in a deep dish. Marrow is sometimes removed from bones after cooking and seasoned and served on toast.—Pittsburgh Press.

RICHEST ISLAND ON EARTH.

Yet Java, With Its Amazing Crops, Hardly Pays the Dutch.

"Java has a population of more than 40,000,000. It is a Dutch possession and the richest island on earth," says a man who has spent most of his life there. "The governor general has nine palaces in different parts of the island and a regiment of soldiers to escort him from one to another. Two-fifths of the sugar of the world is produced in Java. Labor costs little or nothing. The natives work for something like \$2.50 a year. The principal products are sugar, cotton, rice, cacao nuts and citronella. Of the total population there are probably 30,000,000 Javanese, and the rest are Chinese and Portuguese. The white population numbers about 150,000, mostly Dutch, and there are few Americans. The immensity of the production of Java may be estimated from the fact that the internal revenue is nearly \$200,000,000."

"Notwithstanding the big population, the richness of the soil and the great productivity Java is hardly a paying possession to the Dutch. It takes all that Java yields to pay the expenses of fighting the natives of the other islands, like Flores, where the inhabitants are savages, mostly head hunters. Borneo is the largest island in the south sea, but its population is small compared with that of Java."

"Under the conditions of civilization it is surprising, perhaps, that the standard of morals among the natives is high, yet it is a fact. Violation of the marriage contract is almost unknown."—Washington Post.

"Under the conditions of civilization it is surprising, perhaps, that the standard of morals among the natives is high, yet it is a fact. Violation of the marriage contract is almost unknown."—Washington Post.

The first period ended with score of 4-1 in favor of Deseronto. In the second period Napanee came back with a vengeance and played Deseronto off their feet. They were all over the ice and when the gong sounded the score stood 7-6 in favor of Deseronto. In the final period, both teams speeded up and Deseronto scored two in quick succession. Durand, the Deseronto goaler, received a bad smash and had to retire from the game. A new goal tender was secured. With seven minutes to play, Napanee scored two goals and had Deseronto on the run. The goal tender was very lucky, once stopping a shot from McLaughlin in the chest, while a little later, a shot passed over the bar, inches too high. The gong sounded and saved the game for Deseronto, the final score being 9-8 in favor of Deseronto. The last goal scored by Deseronto was somewhat fluky, the puck bounding off Grange's stick to a Deseronto man who was uncheckered in front of the goal. The lineup was as follows:

Deseronto—Goal, Durand; left defence, Malley; right defence, Roach; rover, T. Brant; centre, Houle; wings, B. Brant and Maracle.

Napanee—Goal, Vanalstine; left defence, McLaughlin; right defence, Grange; rover, Schermehorn; centre, Soby; wings, Stark and Blute.

Messrs. Allen and Frechette, of Belleville, acted as umpire and judge of play in a satisfactory manner. A large crowd of hockey enthusiasts from each town accompanied the team and were given plenty of opportunity to cheer. The ice was in poor shape, being covered with water, the players continually overskating the puck, and making combination play useless. The Napanee team lost the game in the first period but they fought gamely and had the Deseronto players fagged out near the end of the game. Napanee were weak in back-checking. Houle, the Deseronto centre, was a very fast man and played good clean hockey. For Napanee the defence was good and made some dangerous rushes, while of the forwards Soby and Blute were the pick. The Brant brothers played good hockey for Deseronto. A special train on the C.N.R. brought the crowd home after the game.

Tried It on the Postman.

A young business woman on her way to the car, at closing time, stopped at the box to mail a letter. Just as she was about to drop the letter in the box the collector arrived and, reaching for it, said, "I'll take it."

The young woman looked at him a moment and handed him the letter, with the remark, "Now, don't forget to put that in the postoffice."

The collector looked at her in disgust and said nothing.

"He never saw the joke," the young woman said after she had told the story of the incident. "I suppose he has no women folk in his family who know that the letters they intrust to the men are carried around in their pockets for days before they are mailed."—Columbus Dispatch.

He Brought Them.

Mr. Sweet opened the door of the kitchen and said:

"Hello, Ella; company for dinner."

"Goodness, Tom, you don't mean that you have brought any one home to dinner tonight?" queried the wife.

"Sure I have," replied Mr. Sweet. "Haven't you got any grub for them?"

"Why, no," said the wife despondingly. "Don't you remember you told me you would bring home a couple of lobsters for dinner, and I depended on them?"

"Well," said Tom, "they're here."

and a little Canadian cheese, Australian Lamb and season it the best Indian Curry. Set it Kitchener and keep stirring quite hot.

If this does not make the perspire freely, rub the best Ru Bear's Grease on his chest and in Berlin Wool.

Dr. Cannon's Perscripti

P.S.—The patient must on no account have any Peace-soup until swelling in the head has quite appeared.

OBJECT TO THE IMPOSING OF A

Two very important meetings just taken place in Montreal—Wholesale Drug Association of Canada and the Proprietary Trade Association of Canada—These meetings were both held for the purpose of considering the War Taxes proposed and which very seriously affect the Manufacturers of Medicines and Perfumes and the trade of the tributors—The Wholesale Druggists Association has been called and will take place this week. A reconstitution has been asked of the Government and a deputation will present the views of the trades interests on an early date.

The objections to the new measure of taxation as voiced in these meetings with unanimity are several in number. The tax proposed, it is shown, amounted to from 15 cent to 40 per cent on the trade selling prices. The tax imposed on the price of sale at tail to the public represented that basis of calculation from 1 cent to 20 per cent. No otherness or industry was taxed to such extent, and many industries would actually face ruin if measure was persisted in by the Government.

Instead of yielding for the large amount the prohibitory nature of the Tax would defeat the object sought and ruin prosperous and legitimate business enterprise in manufacturing.

The Minister of Finance will be proached on the basis of asking investigation in detail, it being clear that the treatment of the manufacturers and dealers as well in the branch affected, is unfair and unbalanced. The goods involved it can be seen cannot stand any such charge, also have already been taxed for the same purpose in respect to all crude material employed in manufacturing same.

The general tariff advance of 10 per cent applies to the ingredients used and as well also certain advances enacted last year at the "War Session" of Parliament. Alcohol is one important item with manufacturers who have to bear the Inland Revenue Tax of 3.96 per cent on spirits. In principle it can be held as just to tax one and the same article under several heads. It is a tax on the poor and the rich. The Manufacturers cannot bear it goods that can continue in stock. Medicines are the poor man's doctor. This attribute of Proprietary Medicine was recognized by the Government of the United States only recently. Perfumes were taxed with the proposed tax list in recent venue measure brought about the present war, affecting the interests of that Government. It is hoped the Government will reconsider, and confidently expect this will be the case if the Minister will look over details available which demonstrate that an injustice is being done to the action proposed and which can have had mature or careful considera-

KAIER BILL'S LAST WILL

I, Kaiser Bill, make my last will, my arms are rust, by Honour's "bust," and now I am bound for Heaven I trust. To my son, the Kron Prinz, I leave Crown, which I fear will only be if-a-crown by the time he gets it. To Von Tirpitz, all that part of Navy that is now under water. remainder to Admiral Jellicoe! (How his name misleads me!) My reputation as a Christian march, I cannot leave to anyone, I parted with it at the sack of uvain.

My mailed fist and shining armour are so dented and battered at the ge of Liege, that I fear no one will care to have these as a gift. In Colonies, with all those fine less installations (as per sched.), I leave to my Cousin George, will know how to manage them better than I did. Also £100,000, as a token of affection.

In Belgium, I leave £50,000,000 if the knowledge that she stands her than ever in the opinion of my nation.

In La Belle France, I give Alsace Lorraine. I wish my grand-her had never put the wretched in his collection. I also make a present (free of legacy duty) £100,000,000. Also of Paris which though not strictly mine I had intended to make, my winter quarters in Emperor of Europe.

In Russia, I leave any parts of tria which she may take a fancy to Berlin that pleases her, and 0,000,000.

In Holland, The German Eagle. If she have it stuffed to look like love and put it in the Temple of ce as a warning to other Swelled id.

In Italy I leave any odd bits of tria that Russia and Servia may be overlooked.

In the U. S. of America, all those ships (as per schedule) belonging to my friend, Henry Ballin, that are wintering in New York.

nd hereunto I set my seal,

K. B.
gned in the presence of each of us bers of the "Court of Cannons", will see that its legacies are executed.

GENERAL FRENCH.
GENERAL JOFFRE.
GENERAL RUSKI.

CERTAIN CURE FOR THE GERMAN MEASLES.

ave ready a little British Army little goes a long way) some sses Sprouts and French Mustard. administer in pills (or shells.) Id a little Canadian Cheese and tralian Lamb and season it with best Indian Curry. Set it on a hener and keep stirring until e hot.

this does not make the patient spire freely, rub the best Russian r's Grease on his chest and wrap Berlin Wool.

Dr. Cannon's Prescription.
S.—The patient must on no ac- it have any Peace-soup until the ling in the head has quite dis- sared.

JECT TO THE

tion by the Officers of Department recommending.—From Montreal Pharmaceutical Journal, February number.

Women's Patriotic Service and Red Cross Work

Through the Daughters of the Empire.



Last week a very satisfying letter came to hand from Miss Plummer, at Ailsbury, Eng., stating that our two cases of Christmas gifts, and comforts for general distribution, had reached her safely, and that by the time her letter arrived, all would have been distributed. She was most grateful for the "field comforts" sent. The letters of thanks we are continually receiving from the men, also bear testimony to this effect.

Three splendid cases were shipped last week, two for the men of the North Atlantic Cruiser Squadron, and one for the Red Cross Society, for the latter, a very courteous and appreciative acknowledgement has been received. Anyone having any more blue knitting, or blue flannel shirts finished, kindly return them to the room, as when all is gathered in it will be forwarded.

Remember our weekly work-meeting occurs every Thursday afternoon, when we are pleased to welcome all our friends for a cup of tea, and a social hour. The committee-room is also open every Saturday afternoon, from 2 to 5.30 o'clock.

Our hospital work is still going on



The Red Cross Society

The work-rooms last Saturday afternoon were filled with an interested and busy crowd of workers. Many splendid donations were received of old linen and hospital supplies. The thanks of the Society are due to the ladies of Roblin who sent us eight pairs of socks and a quilt with the promise of more in the near future. We hope to see all our workers Saturday as the demand for supplies is increasing and we must put forth every effort to meet this demand. Afternoon tea will be served. So many have asked for directions for knitting socks that those given in the latest edition of "Suggestions for work" are given below:

Day Sock—Length from top of sock to bottom of heel 14½ inches. Length of foot, 11½ inches. With four ply fingering use No. 13 steel needles. Cast on 22 stitches; rib 4½ inches, 2 plain and 2 purl; knit plain 7½ inches, (12 inches in all.)

Heel—Knit plain 36 stitches onto one needle; turn, purl back these 36 stitches; turn, knit plain; these two

PAIL SALE

120 Extra Heavy Galvanized Iron Pails, pressed, seam- less, 10 and 12 quarts, regular 40c and 50c. some slightly damaged, on rush sale this week 19c. each

Patent Medicine Sale.

We are going to cease handing the following lines and on Saturday we will put on a sale lasting for one week, or till the following lines are cleared out:

Dr. King's New Discovery	reg. \$1.00	Sale Price 25c
Dr. Arnold's Catarrh Cure	reg. .50	.. 15c
Hall's Iron Pills	reg. .25	.. 10c
K. D. C. Dyspepsia Cure	reg. .35	.. 10c
Ransom's Hive Syrup	reg. .25	.. 10c
O. R. Kidney Cure	reg. .50	.. 15c
Merril's System Tonic	reg. .50	.. 15c
Manlin's Wizard Oil	reg. .50	.. 20c
South American Rheumatic Cure	reg. .75	.. 25c
Manalin Cure	reg. 1.00	.. 25c
K. D. C.	reg. 1.00	.. 25c
Celery King	reg. .25	.. 10c
Ferrezone	reg. .50	.. 25c
Native Herbs	reg. 1.00	.. 25c
Cuticura Resolvent	reg. 1.00	.. 25c
Dr. Keoneg's Sarsaparilla	reg. 1.00	.. 25c
D. D. Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil	reg. 1.00	.. 25c
Mauley's Celery Nerve Compound	reg. 1.00	.. 25c
Great South American Nerve Tonic	reg. 1.00	.. 25c
Warner's Safe Cure	reg. 1.00	.. 25c
Anderson's Dyspepsia Cure	reg. 1.00	.. 25c
Bond's Extract	reg. .50	.. 15c
Mandrake Bitters	reg. .25	.. 10c
Ton-Do Lin Bitters	reg. .25	.. 10c
St. Jacob's Oil	reg. .50	.. 15c
Porter's Antiseptic Healing Oil	reg. .25	.. 10c
Lyman's Fluid Magnesia	reg. .25	.. 10c
Omega Oil	reg. .25	.. 10c
Aromatic Fluid Cascara	reg. .20	.. 10c

Cut this add. out of the paper call and get your supply at

'Phone 228 **McIntosh Bros.** Napanee

Summary of Marine Disasters

The British Admiralty announced Tuesday night the closing of the Irish Channel and the North Channel, waters lying between England and Scotland and Ireland, to mercantile navigation.

The British official press bureau states that a German submarine made an unsuccessful attempt to torpedo a cross-channel passenger boat in Boulogne harbor. The 92 passengers aboard were all civilians and a number were neutrals.

Two vessels are reported to have been torpedoed off the Kentish coast. One is stated to have floundered, while the other is in a sinking condition.

Berlin states that the American steamer Carib, bound from Savannah to Bremen with a cotton cargo, sank in the North Sea off the German coast after striking a mine. The fate of Captain Cole and crew of 30 men is not known.

No trace of 13 missing members of the Evelyn's crew has been found.

Copenhagen reports that the Swedish steamer Specia of Stockholm foundered after striking a mine in

The vessel either struck a mine or was torpedoed, and may be beached. A large steamer is reported in distress near the same spot.

The Norwegian steamer Regin, a coal carrier, was sunk by a mine or torpedoed off Dover Tuesday. The crew of 22 men was saved. Two other Norwegian vessels, the Nordkyn and Cuba, have been sunk in the past few days, while a third, the Belridge, reached port after being torpedoed.

A steamer, believed to be a British collier, was observed in distress off Eastbourne, in Sussex, about 60 miles from Dover Tuesday. An attack by a German submarine is suspected.

EVERGREEN VALLEY

John Hamilton is moving on the farm vacated by Oscar Graham. Mr. Graham has moved on the farm vacated by George Paddock, at Maple avenue.

Marshall Babcock's sawing outfit is again making rounds in this neighborhood.

Visitors: Mrs. David Parks and little daughter, Mertie, at her brother's, Walter Hegdorn's; Abram Hamilton and daughter, Miss Nettie at his son's, James Hamilton's; Miss Ruth Hamil-

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Dr. Cannon's Perscription. S.—The patient must on no account have any Peace-soup until the lin in the head has quite disappeared.

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o very important meetings have taken place in Montreal—The wholesale Drug Association of Canada and the Proprietary Trade Association of Canada—These meetings, both held for the purpose of considering the War Taxes proposed, which very seriously affect both Manufacturers of Medicines and Drugs and the trade of the distributors—The Wholesale Druggists' general meeting of the Retail Druggists has been called and will place this week. A reconsideration has been asked of the Government and a deputation will present views of the trades interested at an early date.

objections to the new measure of taxation as voiced in these meetings with unanimity are several in number. The tax proposed, it was announced, amounted to from 15 per cent to 40 per cent on the usual selling prices. The tax being based on the price of sale at retail to the public represented on basis of calculation from 10 per cent to 20 per cent. No other business or industry was taxed to any extent, and many important would actually face ruin if the measure was persisted in by the Government.

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Heel—Knit plain 36 stitches onto one needle; turn, purl back these 36 stitches; turn, knit plain; these two rows, (always slipping the first stitch) 16 times (17 in all.) With the inside of the heel towards you, purl 20 stitches, purl 2 together, purl 1; turn, knit 6 stitches, knit 2 together, knit one; turn, purl 7 stitches, purl 2 together, purl 1; turn, knit 8 stitches, knit 2 together, knit 1; turn, purl 9 stitches, purl 2 together, purl 1; turn, knit 10 stitches, knit 2 together, knit 1; turn, purl 11 stitches, purl 2 together, purl 1; turn, knit 12 stitches, knit 2 together, knit 1; turn, purl 13 stitches, purl 2 together, purl 1; turn, knit 14 stitches, knit 2 together, knit 1; turn, purl 15 stitches, purl 2 together, purl 1; turn, knit 16 stitches, knit 2 together, knit 1; turn, purl 17 stitches, purl 2 together, purl 1; turn, knit 18 stitches, knit 2 together, knit 1; turn, purl 19 stitches, purl 2 together, purl 1, turn. Pick up and knit 78 stitches down the side of the heel piece. Knit the 36 stitches off the front needles on one needle. Pick up and knit the 18 stitches at the other side of the heel piece. Divide the heel stitches on the two side needles and knit right round again to the centre of the heel.

First needle, knit to within 3 stitches of the front end of side needle, knit two together, knit one. Front needle plain.

Third needle, knit 1, knit 2 together, knit plain to end of needle. This reducing to be done every other row until there is 69 stitches on the needles. Knit plain until the foot from the back of the heel is 9½ inches.

Toe—Divide the 69 stitches between the 3 needles, 23 on each. 1st row—Knit together 1st and 2nd stitches on each needle. 2nd row—Knit together 2nd and 3rd stitches on each needle. 3rd row—Knit together 3rd and 4th stitches on each needle, and so on beginning again with 1st and 2nd stitches after reaching the last stitches. Decrease to 9 stitches. Draw wool through stitches and darn in carefully.

N.B.—1. Socks should not have a seam stitch. 2. Socks must not have a ridge under the heel or at the toe. 3. Do not knit coarse yarn on fine needles. 4. Always wash socks before giving them in. 5. Never finish a toe by placing stitches on two needles and casting off from both needles together.

Men and Angels.

The judge had listened wearily for hours while many and eminent counsel had wrangled on a single matter of law. One member of counsel for the defence remarked that the speculation of the learned counsel for the prosecution was as idle as the medieval inquiry into the question of how many angels could stand on the point of a needle.

"Well, gentlemen," remarked the judge, taking notice, "so far as the court is aware, that matter was never settled by a decision. We do not know how many angels can stand on a point of a needle, but the court holds that these proceedings here finally establish the fact that a great many mules can find a halting place on a point of law." After that the case moved on to a finish.

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Berlin states that the American steamer Carib, bound from Savannah to Bremen with a cotton cargo, sank in the North Sea off the German coast after striking a mine. The fate of Captain Cole and crew of 30 men is not known.

No trace of 13 missing members of the Evelyn's crew has been found.

Copenhagen reports that the Swedish steamer Specia of Stockholm foundered after striking a mine in the North Sea, on a trip from Liverpool. The crew of 18 are believed to have perished.

The crew of the government collier Branksome Chine were landed at New Haven, England, Tuesday night.

John Hamilton is moving on the farm vacated by Oscar Graham. Mr. Graham has moved on the farm vacated by George Paddock, at Maple avenue.

Marshall Babcock's sawing outfit is again making rounds in this neighborhood.

Visitors: Mrs. David Parks and little daughter, Mertie, at her brother's, Walter Hegadorn's; Abram Hamilton and daughter, Miss Nettie at his son's, James Hamilton's; Miss Ruth Hamilton at her aunt's, Mrs. M. Montgomery's, Odessa; W. Heradorn and daughter, Madeline, at his brother's, A. Hegadorn's, Westbrook.

George Robertson attended a sale on the island this week.

Maxwell

New 1915 Model

\$925

17 New Features

The biggest automobile value ever offered for less than \$1400

A powerful, fast, full grown, 5-passenger, really beautiful and fully equipped automobile; a car with a real high tension magneto, sliding gear transmission, left hand drive center control, anti-skid tires on rear.

A car that has practically every high priced feature of high priced cars.

Holds the road at 50 miles an hour.



C. A. WISEMAN, Agent
John Street, - Napanea.

Lumber Cedar Posts and Stakes

Shingles, all Grades

ROBT. LIGHT,

Napanee, Ont.



So He Lost His Train

and an important engagement.

See that your Watch keeps time.

We do personally all most expert repairing and guarantee satisfaction absolutely. 50 years continuous experience at the bench.

A watch is perfectly dry in 18 months and should be overhauled.

Try us if you are not now a customer.

F. CHINNECK'S
Jewellery Store

Quality Counts.

NEED COAL?

Get it from

STEVENS

Finest Quality

Weight Guaranteed

KAISER HAS SPENT FORCE AND FAILED

Opinion of S. W. Dancy, Picton, Ont., Who has just Returned from Scene of Conflict.

"The many gruesome stories of the German outrages and cruelties in Belgium and France have been published in the newspapers; the full horror of them is beyond description," said S. D. Dancy, of Picton, Ont., who with his fiancee, Melle Tenaerts of Brussels and her mother, arrived recently in Toronto from Belgium and are staying at the Carls-Rite Hotel, for a few days.

"In the few hours I have been in Toronto," said Mr. Dancy, "and in the conversations I have had with my old friends here I have noticed a tendency to underrate the stories that have been published concerning the barbarous treatment of non-combatants, including aged persons, young women and children, wantonly perpetrated by the German troops in Belgium and France. This is perhaps due to the almost unbelievable nature of the reports that have come in, but it is no exaggeration to say that no description that has yet been published gives any true idea of the appalling nature of the German atrocities.

"On one occasion between Mons and Charleroi the German troops took by force 200 women and children and massed them before their forces as a shield between them and the British forces. On another occasion I was present at Breda in Holland. A woman was carried into the hospital with both feet cut off and the hands of her four-years-old child hacked away. In Namur I witnessed seventeen wounded men carried from the hospital to the street and there shot before the eyes of the head surgeon and his wife. Violation and mutilation of young Belgian girls is perhaps the commonest of the German crimes.

"According to the official report of the Belgian Government over 10,000 young girls have suffered at the hands of the German troops. On many occasions I have seen the bodies of girls and old women who had been murdered in cold blood, with mutilated bodies and throats cut, lying on the open roadside.

WAS NEAR BERLIN.

"Last month I was able to make a trip almost as far as Berlin, protected by a passport from Brussels, and had every opportunity of finding out the attitude of the German people, both civilian and military, toward the ultimate outcome of the war. The spirit of boastful certainty in success of German arms has given place to a spirit of serious doubt, in fact, German officers have admitted to me that it is now impossible for former plans to succeed. The temper of the civilian population in Germany is becoming a matter of serious concern to the authorities. They cannot understand how it is that if official reports from Berlin are true, scores of trains of wounded should be passing their doors every day, and hundreds of thousands of reinforcements must needs be rushed to the firing line, with alarming frequency, and that not alone are Calais, London, Paris and Warsaw now placed permanently in the category of forbidden fruit, but their forces are gradually being pushed further back."

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Italy is Prepared and Awaits Eventualit

Rome, via Paris, Feb. 21.—The proceedings in the Italian chamber of deputies Saturday were comparatively peaceful, owing probably to the general belief among the deputies that the government has done everything in its power to prepare for eventualities.

The first line soldiers now under colors total about 1,000,000, thus mobilization has virtually been accomplished. Should it be necessary Italy can speedily call to arms territorial troops for the local rison.

Austrians Open Fire On Italian Cre

Bari, Italy, via Rome, Feb. 11.15 p.m.—The fishing boat Gesu arrived to-day from Antivari, Morea, and the members of the crew said that the Gesu and the fish boat Saturno, when flying Italian flags, had been fired upon by Austrian torpedo boats. This has caused great popular excitement in Rome.

Members of the crew of the Gesu said that the vessel was anchored near Antivari with the Saturno when the Austrian torpedo boats approached. The captains of the fishing vessels ordered their crews to land at the same time hoisted the Italian flags.

The Austrians, according to this port, fired on the crews and then the vessels, while the Austrian aeroplanes dropped bombs. No one either vessel was injured, but Saturno was damaged so badly that she was unable to sail for home.

Zepplin Survivors Tell Real Thrill

London, Feb. 20.—The Daily Telegraph correspondent at Copenhagen te

"German survivors of the Zeppelin L4 told a thrilling story at Esibie. They repeated their story of escape from a wrecked fishing boat which struck a mine, but the magistrate did not believe them, saying the survivors had not the appearance of sailors. They then confessed they were survivors from a Zeppelin wrecked Thursday night's storm. When their ship got into difficulties they tried to steer in the teeth of the gale. The motor smashed as the ship neared the shore, and driven down by snow the captain gave orders to set the ship afire and then leap for their lives. The whole ship was ablaze as the men leaped overboard from a fair height some two or three miles from shore. There were fifteen men on board, a four men were lost. The survivors swam about clinging to wreckage and eventually reached shore near Varberg, realizing they were on neutral ground, they made for the railway station and tried to escape by a passing train. One man broke both legs jumping from the Zeppelin."

United States Vessel Destroye

The American steamer Evelyn which sailed from New York on January 29, with a cargo of cotton from Bremen, struck a mine Sunday off Borkum Island, in the North Sea, says a Bremen despatch. The vessel sank. Her captain and 27 of his crew were saved.

The nationality of the mine which destroyed the Evelyn has not been

Finest Quality

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NAPANEE TRAIN SERVICE.

Effective January 25th, 1915.

TRAIN LEAVE.

For TORONTO and intermediate points: Connection at TRENTON for PICTION: 4:25 p.m.

For TRENTON and TORONTO: * 2:50 a.m.

For TWEED, HARROWSMITH, SYDENHAM, KINGSTON and intermediate stations: 7:45 a.m.

For TRENTON, BELLEVILLE, PICTION and other intermediate points: 12:05 noon; 4:25 p.m.

For BROCKVILLE JUNCTION, SMITHS FALLS, OTTAWA and intermediate stations: 2:50 p.m.; * 3:25 a.m.

For DESERONTO: * 2:50 a.m. 10:30 a.m.; 12:05 noon, 4:50 p.m., ** 6:35 p.m.

TRAIN ARRIVE.

From TORONTO and intermediate stations: 2:50 p.m., * 3:25 a.m.

From PICTION and intermediate stations: 11:20 a.m., 2:50 p.m.

From COE HILL and intermediate stations: 11:20 a.m.

From DESERONTO: * 3:25 a.m., 7:45 a.m., 11:20 a.m., 2:50 p.m.

From SYDENHAM and intermediate stations: * 2:50 a.m., 4:25 p.m.

From TAMWORTH and intermediate stations: 10:30 a.m., 4:25 p.m.

From BROCKVILLE JUNCTION, SMITHS FALLS, OTTAWA and intermediate stations: 4:25 p.m., * 2:50 a.m.

Trains run daily, except Sunday, unless otherwise marked.

For tickets, rates, folders and other information apply Depot Agent, R. E. McLean or Town Agent, E. McLaughlin.

* Daily. ** Daily except Monday.

AGATEWARE SALE—Made in Canada. Agateware—See our window for line of agateware. For this one lot you will get the best bargains you ever seen for quality; better prices than any departmental store offered, or 7 cent store. Watch the window. See the bargains. Prices will remain until sold out. No half dozen lots to any one person. At BOYLE & SON.

Waterman's Ideal Fountain Pen

For sale at Wallace's, Napanee's Leading Drug Store.

It was discovered that the original sinks were made when the washing of dishes and other sink work was done in wooden tubs with high sides. Such a tub when used in a high sink came up too far, so the sink was made low. Furthermore, as running water and fixed faucets had not long been made, the tub had to be lifted out of the sink and the lower the sink the lighter the lift.

Through improvements in faucets, dishpans and other accessories of kitchen sinks have been made no one has seemed to realize that the sink could be improved by raising. So women were—and are—compelled to endure discomfort when doing their ordinary household work.

"There may be a certain percentage of inconvenience to be reached before the human mind grasps the fact that something must be altered," remarks the Journal of the American Medical association.

"The wise inventor attains a reputation for brilliancy by making his invention before the need becomes obvious to others."

QUEER UNITS OF MEASURE.

Those In Use Among Some of the Barbaric Tribes of India.

The inhabitants of the Lushai hills, like other barbaric and savage peoples, have standards of weight and measure that they find simple and intelligible, but that are very confusing to the stranger who encounters them for the first time. In his book on the Lushai Kukh clans Lieutenant Colonel J. Shakespeare tells about their units of measure.

In every village there is a small flat basket, the size of which is fixed by the chief, which is used for all retail dealings in rice and the like, but they measure large quantities in loads, a load being about fifty pounds. After the harvest the unhusked rice is piled in a conical heap. A Lushai will tell you his crop is chip zawn, meaning that the heap is level with the top of his head, or silai zawn, when it is level with the end of the gun held up perpendicularly over his head. That is about the record crop; lesser quantities are denoted by the height of his hand or hoe or ax held up. He measures time by the cooking of a pot of rice—about an hour—or by the time he can hold a sip of nicotine in his mouth. He has names for each period of the day, denoting his usual occupation at that hour; he also divides the year according to the agricultural occupation proper to the different seasons.

Short distances are measured by parts of the human body, as we speak of a span; but the Lushai has sixteen or seventeen of these, extending from chang khat—that is, the distance from the tip to the first joint of the first finger to blam, which is the distance a man can stretch with both arms extended. Longer distances the Lushai describes by such terms as the distance of the nearest jhum, the distance of the farthest jhum, the distance a man can wander during the day, the distance a man can travel before his midday meal, terms that perplex strangers, although they are well understood by the people.

There are few measures of weight. One is chun—as much as a man can support hung from the tip of the first finger, palm downward. Many of the stars and constellations have names; most of them have some story attached to them. The months are lunar months and some have names, but these are not widely known or used.

ious concern to the authorities. They cannot understand how it is that if official reports from Berlin are true, scores of trains of wounded should be passing their doors every day, and hundreds of thousands of reinforcements must needs be rushed to the firing line, with alarming frequency, and that not alone are Calais, London, Paris and Warsaw now placed permanently in the category of forbidden fruit, but their forces are gradually being pushed further back.

"The Socialist element is also very restless, and this, taken in conjunction with the fact that the price of food in Germany is three times that of London, and food is actually scarce, must shortly force an internal crisis. In Austria this reaction has already come. In the large cities where the people are actually starving for food, they are clamoring in the streets against the tyranny of German militarism."

In the opinion of Mr. Dancey, the war must end before September. The general turning movement will come sometime in March or April, when the allies will throw into the fight new armies which will aggregate upwards of ten million men. Roumania and Italy are ready to strike, and with them included the total forces thrown against Germany will amount to ten millions. Germany cannot produce more than three and a half million men, mostly recruits. These figures have been gathered by Mr. Dancey from an authentic official source in Germany.

"Certain it is," said he, "that the kaiser has spent his maximum and failed, and he can never win with the minimum."

ECONOMICAL MACHINES.

Has it impressed itself on your mind, as a practical man, selling farm crops in the form of milk through the medium of cows' manufacturing apparatus, that possibly some of this animated machinery needs overhauling and closely examining? A new machine, running more economically, may save a manufacturer its cost several times over in a very short while. So if your cows were regarded in this light, some might be found to be very economical producers, and possibly the less said about the capacity of others the better.

Some cow testing figures given to the Dairy Division, Ottawa, by dairy farmers prove that some herds of cows produce milk at a feed cost of \$1.45 per 100 pounds, while close by are other herds whose average feed cost of production is only eighty cents per hundred pounds of milk. Again, between two cows in the same herd the cost of feed per pound of butter-fat is frequently found to vary as much as from twenty-three to forty-nine cents.

What is of importance to the average dairyman is this fact, that cow testing helps to put each cow in the herd on a good paying basis very quickly. A simple plan of weighing and testing each individual cow's milk soon discovers if any unit machine in the milk-making factory are not in good economical running order. Then plans are laid for keeping the type of cow that makes twenty or thirty dollars or more clear profit above the cost of feed. Does each one of YOUR cows do that? It will pay you to find out.

Huffman's Goitre Cure will cure thick neck when all else fails, not a remedy used externally which only tends to harden the enlargement, but used internally, removing all traces of the disease. Treatment only costs about 25c a week. For full information apply at Wallace's Drug Store, Napanee, sole agents.

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The nationality of the mine, which destroyed the Evelyn has not been established.

The Evelyn is the first American vessel to meet with disaster as a result of the sea war of the European nations. She did not sink within the zone included in the German Admiralty's decree of Feb. 4, which went into effect on Thursday. Borkum Island lies directly off the German coast, at the mouth of Ems and is German territory.

Maritime records give the evidence of the Evelyn at 25 miles that it is possible that all on board the vessel were rescued.

The Evelyn was a single screw steamship and was commanded by Captain Smith. She belonged to H. Bull & Co., of New York, and chartered by the Hariss-Irby Co. to take a cargo of cotton from Bremen. She was 252 feet long, 1,185 tons net. She was built at Southampton, Eng., in 1883. Her home was Philadelphia.

Don't be persuaded in buying "something just as good," because there is nothing just as good as new electric louse powder, 25c per pound at Wallace's Drug Store, sole agents.

Three Vessels fell Prey To Torpedoes and Mine

Berlin reports that a British transport laden with troops and an accompanying steamer have been sunk, withholds details. No confirmation given by the British Admiralty.

The American steamer Evelyn, bound from New York for Bremen with a cotton cargo, struck a mine off Lorkum Island in the North Sea, near the German coast on Saturday and foundered. The crew of 27 are reported all saved.

The Downshire, a small Irish coasting steamer, was sunk by the German submarine 12 in the Irish sea Saturday night. After the crew had been given minutes to take to the boats, the vessel was blown up by a bomb.

The British steamer Cambank torpedoed without warning in Irish Sea Saturday morning. Thirty men were killed by the explosion amidships, and another was drowned. Twenty survivors landed at Liverpool.

The American liner, Philadelphia, for whose safety grave fears were reached Liverpool Sunday after crossing the Irish Sea without light.

Italian fishing boats flying national flags were fired upon by two Austrian torpedo boats off Antivari yesterday. One boat was damaged. The attack has caused great excitement in Rumania.

Norway is deeply angered over sinking of the tank steamship 1 ridge, and the government is expected to demand an explanation. If Germany and a proper indemnity, demands are not satisfied, recourse is threatened.

THE CARE OF HARDWOOD FLOOR

Keep your hardwood floor in good condition and from getting dark by using our "White Oil." Never fail to give satisfaction. Sold in Napanee at Wallace's Drug Store, Limit

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Austrians Open Fire On Italian Crews

Barl, Italy, via Rome, Feb. 21, 15 p.m.—The fishing boat Gesu arrived to-day from Antivari, Montenegro, and the members of the crew said that the Gesu and the fishing boat Saturno, when flying Italian flags, had been fired upon by two Austrian torpedo boats. This report is caused great popular excitement.

Rome. Members of the crew of the Gesu said that the vessel was anchored near Antivari with the Saturno when two Austrian torpedo boats approached. The captains of the fishing vessels ordered their crews to land and at the same time hoisted the Italian flags.

The Austrians, according to this report, fired on the crews and then on their vessels, while the Austrian aeroplanes dropped bombs. No one on either vessel was injured, but the Saturno was damaged so badly that she was unable to sail for home.

Zeppelin Survivors Tell Real Thriller

London, Feb. 20.—The Daily News correspondent at Copenhagen telegraphs:

"German survivors of the Zeppelin 4 told a thrilling story at Esberg,

they repeated their story of escape from a wrecked fishing boat which struck a mine, but the magistrate disbelieved them, saying the survivors did not appear to be sailors. They then confessed they were survivors from a Zeppelin wrecked in Tuesday night's storm. When the ship got into difficulties they tried to steer in the teeth of the gale, but were smashed as the ship neared the shore, and driven down by snow. The captain gave orders to set the ship afire and then leap for their lives. The whole ship was ablaze as the men sped overboard from a fair height one or two miles from shore, where were fifteen men on board, and ten men were lost. The survivors came about clinging to wreckage and eventually reached shore near Varde, here, realizing they were on neutral ground, they made for the railway station and tried to escape by a passenger train. One man broke both legs jumping from the Zeppelin."

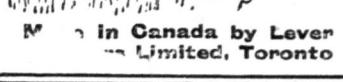
The American steamer Evelyn, which sailed from New York on January 29, with a cargo of cotton for Armenians, struck a mine Sunday off the Orkum Island, in the North Sea, says a Bremen despatch. The vessel sank. Her captain and 27 of her crew were saved.

The nationality of the mine which destroyed the Evelyn has not been established.

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Wash in Canada by Lever Limited, Toronto

To Attack Constantinople

Copenhagen, Feb. 23.—The Deutsche Tages Zeitung publishes an official despatch from Sofia, which says the Russians are concentrating large forces at Odessa in readiness to ship them to Midia, on the Black Sea, 60 miles northwest of Constantinople, for an attack on Constantinople.

Thirteen of Evelyn's Crew Fail to Reach Dutch Coast

The Hague, Feb. 23.—Enquiry of the coast guard stations in north Holland has brought the reply that nothing has been seen or heard of that part of the crew of the American steamer Evelyn, who were reported to have proceeded for Holland after the steamer was blown up. A very dense fog prevailed throughout yesterday and to-day along the coast.

The Dutch Department of Marine is also without information concerning the missing men of the Evelyn's crew. Up to midnight the thirteen missing men from the American steamer Evelyn's crew had not been reported from any point in Holland.

Zeppelin Bombs Killed Five Civilians in Calais

Paris, Feb. 22.—A Zeppelin airship bombarded Calais this morning, according to an official statement issued to-night. It dropped projectiles which killed five persons, all civilians, and caused some unimportant property damage.

A despatch to the Havas Agency says that a German dirigible airship dropped a number of bombs to-day,

Expect Dardanelles To Be Forced

London, Feb. 23.—A despatch from the Daily Telegraph from Athens says that the Turks, expecting the entrance of the allied fleet into the Sea of Marmora, have sent troops and heavy artillery to all the islands in that sea.

German Submarines lost?

London, Feb. 22.—A despatch from Amsterdam to the Exchange Telegraph Company says reports from the German frontier state that much uneasiness exists at the German fortified seaport of Cuxhaven concerning two large submarines which have not returned to their base. The undersea boats are said to be two days overdue, and it is feared they have been destroyed.

Young men from 17 to 20 Are called in Germany

Berne, Feb. 22.—All young men in Germany between the ages of 17 and 20 who have failed to volunteer for the army, and cannot give an adequate excuse, are now being called out to serve as untrained Landsturm. The older boys and girls, with the consent of their parents, are to be employed on farm work this spring, summer and autumn in East Prussian province, as well as the Bavarian, for which purpose they are to be excused from school attendance. It is significant that the measure is to remain in force till the end of the war—in other words, as at present foreseen, till November.

Canadian Artillery In Action; Infantry in Reserve Trenches

Boulogne, Feb. 22.—The Canadian artillery has been in action, according to information received here from the fighting zone. The infantry are in the reserve trenches.

A shell burst yesterday near a motor car occupied by officers who had taken up an observation post, and Capt. Greer of the Army Service Corps, Toronto, is reported slightly wounded in one arm.

The Princess Patricias, who have been in a rest camp for some time, returned to the trenches last week and repulsed a heavy attack by German Landsturm. The Patricias suffered only slightly.

Three complete brigades of artillery consisting of about 3000 men, are with the first Canadian contingent.

Capt. W. D. Greer went as the senior officer from Toronto of the Canadian Army Service Corps. He was in charge of No. 12 Company of the Divisional Train.

Good News Coming

An Englishman just across from London and in New York, on Saturday stated that the British Government is keeping back a lot of good news; of German airships destroyed, of German submarine boats that never came back to tell their story, and of news that the allies will be joined by other countries on a date that has been fixed.

One story is that a small tank steamer full of gasoline, flying the Norwegian flag, was captured off the English coast; the German crew on board was taken off and an English crew put aboard; the boat that captured the tanker sailed away and left the latter

As Nervous as a Kitten—

"I woke up last Sunday morning feeling like a piece of chewed string," said a Travelling Salesman.

"My wife had my favorite breakfast ready for me, but I couldn't eat a bite. I was all shaken to pieces, and as nervous as a kitten."

"Poor old Bill!" said my wife; 'you're all in, aren't you?' 'Yes, and then some,' I replied. Well, sir, she put on her hat and slipped out to the Drug Store—then she handed me a glass of something that put me right in 10 minutes. Now I wouldn't be without Turner's Invalid Port for a fortune."

7

Sam Hughes may Be In Command

OTTAWA, Feb. 22.—The opinion is growing that Major-General Hughes will shortly announce his retirement from the office of minister of militia and proceed to England with the second Canadian contingent.

It is well known that Gen. Hughes when war broke out would have preferred to buckle on his sword and go with the first contingent, but he found that impossible owing to the mass of detail and organization work which confronted his department.

It is also known that the objections of Sir Robert Borden to his leaving Canada at the present time have weighed strongly with General Hughes and it is just possible that he may still comply with the wishes of the prime minister and remain at the post of executive duty.

The minister of militia, however, has his department now working with the utmost smoothness, the mammoth task he had to undertake is largely done, and arrangements may be entered into whereby the portfolio may be kept open for him.

Turks Massacred Many Armenians

Petrograd, Feb. 22.—Only now are details becoming available of the horrors perpetrated by the Turks during the occupation of Ardahan, near the trans-Caucasian frontier. The Tiflis correspondent of The Russko-Slovo learns that at first the enemy confined themselves to pillage and slew only fifteen civilians, but after Dec. 30, when news of the Russian occupation of Ardahan was received, local Mussulmans threw off the mask, and the same evening organized a systematic massacre, and 150 Armenians were led out into the street and shot, or had their throats cut.

Old Turkish residents who have been for years on friendly terms with Armenians slew in cold blood old acquaintances, carefully counting the corpses in order to make sure that entire families had been wiped out. Fifty Armenians were removed from prison, stripped naked and compelled to leap into the abyss of Jenemere (Devil's Gap) until one victim carried a Turk with him when the remainder

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The nationality of the mine which destroyed the Evelyn has not been established.

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Maritime records give the complement of the Evelyn at 25 men, so it is possible that all on board her vessel were rescued.

The Evelyn was a single screw steel steamship and was commanded by Captain Smith. She belonged to A. I. Bull & Co., of New York, and was chartered by the Hariss-Irby Cotton Co. to take a cargo of cotton to Bremen. She was 252 feet long and 185 tons net. She was built in Southampton, Eng., in 1883. Her home was Philadelphia.

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A despatch to the Havas Agency says that a German dirigible airship dropped a number of bombs to-day, which did slight damage to the St. Omer, Hazebrouck & Dunkirk Railway line, in the vicinity of Fontinettes. Train service over the line was immediately re-established. Two incendiary bombs damaged several buildings in the villages.

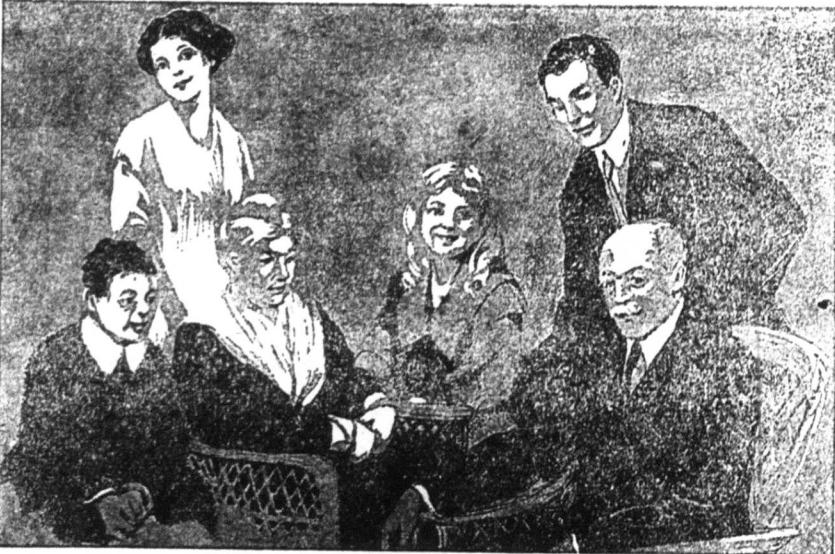
Fontinettes is a little over a mile south of St. Omer, which lies 20 miles southeast of Calais.

London and in New York, on Saturday said that the British Government is keeping back a lot of good news: of German airships destroyed, of German submarine boats that never came back to tell their story, and of news that the allies will be joined by other countries on date that has been fixed. One story is that a small tank steamer full of gasoline, flying the Norwegian flag, was captured off the English coast; the German crew on board was taken off and an English crew put aboard; the boat that captured the tanker sailed away and left the latter floating about; in a few minutes a German submarine came to the surface, and seeing the tanker and the Norwegian flag still up, ran to her for gasoline. She was destroyed by a mine placed in her track by the British sailors on the tanker. Stories of things like these are not given out and the Germans in consequence, get no explanation of torpedo boats of theirs that are never heard of again.

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Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat
A Candy Powel Laxative.



You Must Break The "Family Group" When It Comes To Music

Each one's taste is individual—his own—and different. No one, not even a genius—could suit you all. And yet every one in the family loves music and regrets the silent piano none can master. The

New Scale Williams Player Piano

With the Meister-Touch—most human of all."

spans the "Great Divide" between you and music. It enables you to play as though yours were the most perfectly trained fingers in the world. The intricacies of MacDowell's harmonics—the crashing chords of Liszt's stupendous Rhapsodies—the brilliant two steps or the dream-like waltzes of Strauss; all roll from under your fingers without effort or fault. You play what you love most—in the way that suits you best. And so

does everyone else in the family. The New Scale Williams Player Piano combines the technical ability of the world's greatest musicians with the opportunity for your own individual interpretation. Write for our Player Piano Book and the personally autographed letters of the renowned artists who use the New Scale Williams Piano. Both gladly sent on request. 4D

John A. Hunter, Agent, - Tamworth.
C. A. Wiseman, Agent, - Napanee.

THE WILLIAMS PIANO CO., Limited, Oshawa, Makers.



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The Downshire, a small Irish coasting steamer, was sunk by the commander of the German submarine U-1 in the Irish sea Saturday night. After the crew had been given five minutes to take to the boats the vessel was blown up by a bomb.

The British steamer Cambank was torpedoed without warning in the Irish Sea Saturday morning. Three men were killed by the explosion midships, and another was drowned. Twenty survivors landed at Liverpool.

The American liner, Philadelphia, whose safety grave fears were felt reached Liverpool Sunday after traversing the Irish Sea without lights. Italian fishing boats flying national flags were fired upon by two Austrian torpedo boats off Antivari yesterday. The boat was damaged. The attack caused great excitement in Rome. Norway is deeply angered over the sinking of the tank steamship Belridge, and the government is expected to demand an explanation from Germany and a proper indemnity. If demands are not satisfied, recourse to an embargo against all German ships threatened.

THE CARE OF HARDWOOD FLOORS
Keep your hardwood floor in good condition and from getting dark by using our "White Oil." Never fails to give satisfaction. Sold in Napanee at Wallace's Drug Store, Limited.

Zeppelin Bombs Killed Five Civilians in Calais

Paris, Feb. 22.—A Zeppelin airship bombarded Calais this morning, according to an official statement issued to-night. It dropped projectiles which killed five persons, all civilians, and caused some unimportant property damage.

A despatch to the Havas Agency says that a German dirigible airship dropped a number of bombs to-day, which did slight damage to the St. Omer, Hazebrouck & Dunkirk Railway line, in the vicinity of Fontinettes. Train service over the line was immediately re-established. Two incendiary bombs damaged several buildings in the villages.

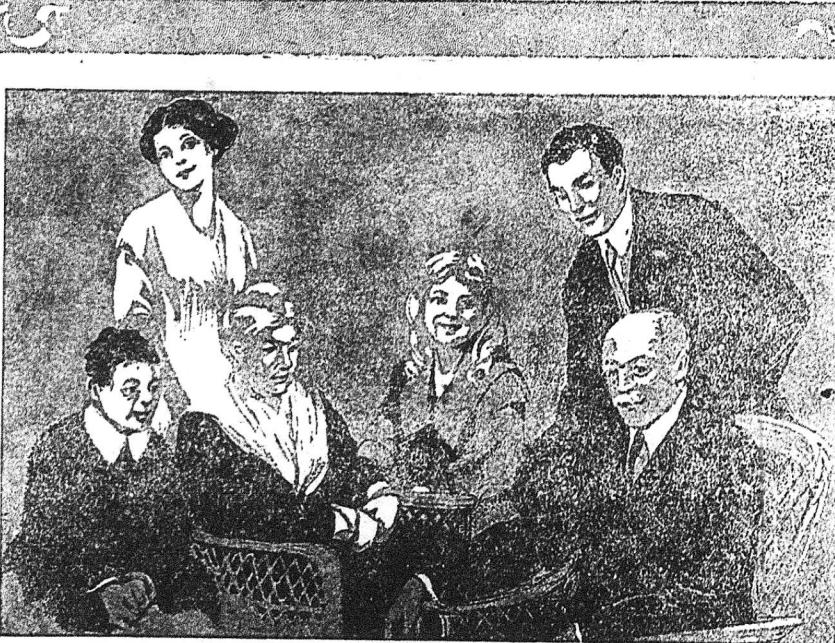
Fontinettes is a little over a mile south of St. Omer, which lies 20 miles southeast of Calais.

London just across from London and in New York, on Saturday stated that the British Government is keeping back a lot of good news; of German airships destroyed, of German submarine boats that never came back to tell their story, and of news that the allies will be joined by other countries on date that has been fixed. One story is that a small tank steamer full of gasoline, flying the Norwegian flag, was captured off the English coast; the German crew on board was taken off and an English crew put aboard; the boat that captured the tanker sailed away and left the latter floating about; in a few minutes a German submarine came to the surface, and seeing the tanker and the Norwegian flag still up, ran to her for gasoline. She was destroyed by a mine placed in her track by the British sailors on the tanker. Stories of things like these are not given out and the Germans in consequence, get no explanation of torpedo boats of theirs that are never heard of again.

local Mussulmans threw off the mask, and the same evening organized a systematic massacre, and 150 Armenians were led out into the street and shot, or had their throats cut.

Old Turkish residents who have been for years on friendly terms with Armenians slew in cold blood old acquaintances, carefully counting the corpses in order to make sure that entire families had been wiped out. Fifty Armenians were removed from prison, stripped naked and compelled to leap into the abyss of Jenemdere (Devil's Gap) until one victim carried a Turk with him when the remainder were shot or massacred. At Tamvot the women were carried into captivity. Turks did not permit the interment of corpses, which were left to be devoured by dogs till the arrival of the Russians.

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat
A Candy Powel Laxative.



You Must Break The "Family Group" When It Comes To Music

Each one's taste is individual—his own—and different. No one, not even a genius—could suit you all. And yet every one in the family loves music and regrets the silent piano none can master. The

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With the Meister-Touch—most human of all."

spans the "Great Divide" between you and music. It enables you to play as though yours were the most perfectly trained fingers in the world. The intricacies of MacDowell's harmonics—the crashing chords of Liszt's stupendous Rhapsodies—the brilliant two steps or the dream-like waltzes of Strauss; all roll from under your fingers without effort or fault. You play what you love most—in the way that suits you best. And so

does everyone else in the family. The New Scale Williams Player Piano combines the technical ability of the world's greatest musicians with the opportunity for your own individual interpretation. Write for our Player Piano Book and the personally autographed letters of the renowned artists who use the New Scale Williams Piano. Both gladly sent on request. 4D

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THE WILLIAMS PIANO CO., Limited, Oshawa, Makers.



The Fighting Hope

Novelized by
VIRGINIA LEILA WENTZ

PROLOGUE.

A strong man bravely facing the foes who would brand him with disgrace, calmly, silently fighting them to a finish; a convict declaiming his innocence from behind prison walls which enfold him because of his weakness and his wickedness; a beautiful young mother battling for a stainless name for her children and for the fair name of their father—what more interesting themes than these could a novelist devise for a real life romance of today?

CHAPTER I
MAN AND WIFE.

ROBERT GRANGER, JR., who had already learned "The Purple Cow," was endeavoring to master another gem from the Burgess Nonsense book. The drawings appealed to him immensely. He sat on the edge of the rug, his back against his father's chiffonier, his legs of six years' growth stretched out, the book open upon his knee. Occasionally he made a dash with his hand at an inquisitive fly.

Across from him on a low rocker, her shining head bent slightly over in the serious operation of sewing a button on a coat, softly hummed his young mother. Presently the boy shuffled along the floor, still keeping the book on his lap, till he got close to her and lodged his chin on her knee.

"See if I don't know it, muddle," said he. And he began:

"The roof it has a lazy time

A-lying in the sun;

The walls they have—they have"—

An incipient dimple showed in his mother's cheek.

"To hold him up:

"They do not have much fun," finished she gayly. She pushed the boy's hair back from his brow and kissed him. "Now run down into the garden, honey, and play with nurse and Baby Harold. Plenty of sun and fresh air and deep breathing, you know. That's what makes a little fellow into a big, strong man, eh—not too many nonsense verses?"

Robert put his book away reluctantly. "But I love poetry, too, darling, dear," asserted he, stroking her face prettily, before quitting the room.

"He's his father over and over again—gentle, appealing, winning. And sentimental, too, I'm afraid," added Anna, with a slow, enigmatical smile, as she snipped off the thread with her sound, perfect white teeth.

She rose to put the coat away. In doing so the contents slipped from one of the pockets that had been hanging over her knee. She stooped to replace them, the contents varied and inconsequential as any boy's. Then her glance



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one's eyes lighted and followed the lines. There was an offended look about her back and a half amused displeasure touching her profile.

"I'm sorry I spoke like that, Anna," said he, trying to apologize. "A man has a lot to fight against"—at the end of several halting sentences—"of which even his wife knows nothing."

"Have you to fight?" asked she, turning around and laughing in spite of herself. "You don't look like a fighter, Bobs. You look like a man to whom—well, to whom things come."

"Nothing," observed he, with befitting gravity—"nothing comes without hustling and exertion and perspiration, either of brow or spirit."

"In that case," said she, still regarding him reflectively, "I ought to know about this perspiration and the other accompaniments. With two children it's quite time I began to face things." She came nearer and laid her hand on his shoulder. "Things might strike me differently, you see, if I knew more. Your odd, puzzling little moods—I could make allowances for them."

He grew confused beneath her candor.

"My ill temper," he blurted out, "was of course, inexcusable. Still"—

"Oh, nonsense! I don't mind the ill temper in the least. I've heaps of my own to match it. It's the freakishness of the thing, the—the weakness of such a twisted, untrue mood that bothers me. How would you feel?" she added quickly, "if you got some remote hint that your mahogany cabinet was a veneered imitation or if the smallest doubt came to you about the genuineness of that Inness landscape there? You'd have forty fits on the instant. Now, that's how I feel about you and the children—my small collection. If I should discover one day that you were sham products of a bad period instead of being originals of the best—oh, deary me!"

"But, Anna, you want perfection.

From the Play by
WILLIAM J. HURLBURT

scent from the rosebushes, his eyes rested on his young hostess' delicate face with an admiration as genuine as it was indiscreet. Her sweet, joyous womanliness was enough to enchant even a man like him, jaded with many enchantments.

But Granger was scarcely alive to the indiscretions. Anything in the shape of victory attracted him. If the victor happened to be your own wife, so much the better.

"Good heavens," he exclaimed suddenly, "there are those children squalling like fiends! They're experts already in every ill timed interference. Robert will be fit for nothing in life but a minister. As for the other"—

But the woman to whom he had addressed these remarks had already vanished and was making for the back garden.

The shrill, importunate little voices turned to a whimper as she appeared.

"My two dear red turkey cocks, what's it all about?" cried she cheerfully, with a pretty gathering in sort of gesture.

"B-bobble he h-hurted me wid a s-sto-one, he did," sobbed Harold, burying his baby face in her skirts.

"Oh, muddle," explained Robert junior, "I was just throwin' stones at the lazy roof, you know, an'—an' one of 'em hit Harold; that's all. Shut up, Harold, will you? When you cry you cry mud, an' it's most disgustin'. People ought to cry clean water, oughtn't they, muddle?" he protested, looking dismally upward from the soiled cherub peer ing helplessly upward from the folds of his mother's skirts.

"Best plan would be not to cry at all. Even clean crying makes ugly, red little noses. Nurse, wash this sorry wee face, please. If Harold's good he shall have strawberries for tea."

"And, Robert," she added, with a whimsical smile, "don't bother about throwing stones at the lazy roof. There are some things in life we must learn to take as we find them. The lazy roof



WILL JONES

a decidedly useful man to know—interested in all sorts of big concert nothing of a snob, and"—

"I—I rather wanted to compare notes with you. You're so quick and sensitive. I wondered if you had noticed things." She flushed hotly.

"Nothing at all, except that he seems to approve of my selection of a wife. Would you prefer, then, not to be mired?"

"I like being admired, of course. like it most awfully. But it doesn't fit in on the way it's done. When Mary Graham noticed"—

"You surely don't mean to imply that my friend Brady means a harm?"

With a vehement gesture Anna drew her fingers across her eyes.

"No one except the stage villain ever does mean any harm, I suppose," said. "The others do it from a state of mind, perhaps. Oh, I dare say I'm horrid," added she softly, seeing a look on Robert's face—"horrid and sufficiently grateful for my privilege. Probably it's all vanity and self consciousness. You'd have noticed these unpleasantries naturally, sir, I belong to you?" She put out her hands to him with friendly, irresistible grace. At that moment the longing to feel protected was very strong within her.

"Of course I'd have noticed," responded Robert, looking at her in boyish, ingenuous fashion, and with brilliant, ready smile. It was this look and this smile that had first won her way into the sympathies of her hearer.

Suddenly, under the spell of hisress, Anna remembered something. The dimples stirred in her cheeks as she disengaged herself.

"Wait, Bobs, I'll be back in a second," she said and ran lightly upstairs.

"Now, sir," standing before her he lord in mock accusing fashion a handing him the French bill of fare "since you refuse to be jealous of me I'm most mightily inclined to be jealous of you. Who did you lunch with yesterday? Defend yourself!"

CHAPTER II.

A LIAR.

MEMORY suddenly stabbed him man sharply, and he flushed.

"So far as I can remember when he returned, 'I lunched with Brady'—

"Nonsense," said she, still struggling with the dimples. "Don't you know there is the greatest difference in the world between a man's bill of fare and a woman's? Look at that," and bending so that the tendrils of her hair brushed his cheek she ran lightly over the incriminating list. "Would two men have ordered such a collection of dreadful things—Martini cocktails, canaries, mollusques, foie gras au truffe, homard au diable? My dear, oh, my dear, this is a most immoral bill of fare. There was a woman here, tell you, a woman! And," she whispered mysteriously, catching a reflection of her own bright presence in the mirror, "probably a brunnette."

"A woman nothing," protested Granger hotly. He had missed the little vein of light comedy in her mood. I had taken her for a tragedy queen. "It was Brady, I tell you—Brady."

Straightway the scene became charged neither with comedy nor tragedy, but with very quiet, pitiful human drama.

Anna drew her fingers across her eyes as if a bit of lightning had blinded them, that was all.

"Oh, Robert," she said dully.

decidedly useful man to know—interested in all sorts of big concerns, nothing of a snob, and—"

"I—I rather wanted to compare notes with you. You're so quick and sensitive. I wondered if you had noticed—ings." She flushed hotly.

"Nothing at all, except that he seems to approve of my selection of a wife. Would you prefer, then, not to be admired?"

"I like being admired, of course. I like it most awfully. But it depends, doesn't it, on the way it's done. Why, even Mary Graham noticed!"

"You surely don't mean to imply that my friend Brady means any arm?"

With a vehement gesture Anna drew her fingers across her eyes.

"No one except the stage villain ever means any harm, I suppose," she said.

"The others do it from absence of mind, perhaps. Oh, I dare say I'm horrid," added she softly, seeing a hurt look on Robert's face—"horrid and not sufficiently grateful for my privileges.

Probably it's all vanity and self consciousness. You'd have noticed all these unpleasantnesses naturally, since

belong to you?" She put out both hands to him with friendly, irresistible grace. At that moment the longing to feel protected was very strong within her.

"Of course I'd have noticed," reassured Robert, looking at her in his boyish, ingenuous fashion, and with a brilliant, ready smile. It was this look of this smile that had first won his way into the sympathies of her heart.

Suddenly, under the spell of his caress, Anna remembered something. The pulses stirred in her cheeks as she engorged herself.

"Wait, Bobs, I'll be back in a second," she said and ran lightly upstairs.

"Now, sir," standing before her liege lord in mock accusing fashion and inditing him the French bill of fare, since you refuse to be jealous of me in most mightily inclined to be jealous of you. Who did you lunch with yesterday? Defend yourself!"

CHAPTER II.

A LIAR.

M^{ARY} suddenly stabbed the man sharply, and he flushed.

"So far as I can remember," he returned, "I lunched with Andy!"

"Nonsense," said she, still struggling with the dimples. "Don't you know there is the greatest difference in the world between a man's bill of fare and a woman's? Look at that," and bending so that the tendrils of her hair brushed his cheek she ran lightly over the incriminating list. "Would two men have ordered such a collection of eatful things—Martini cocktails, cav. mollusques, foie gras and truffles, mard au diable? My dear, oh, my dear, this is a most immoral bill of fare. There was a woman here, I tell you, a woman! And," she whispered mysteriously, catching a reflection of her own bright presence in a mirror, "probably a blonde."

"A woman nothing," protested Granby hotly. He had missed the little in of light comedy in her mood. He had taken her for a tragedy queen. "It's Brady, I tell you—Brady."

Straightway the scene became argued neither with comedy nor tragedy, but with very quiet, pitiful human drama.

Anna drew her fingers across her eyes as if a bit of lightning had blinded them, that was all.

"Oh, Robert," she said dully.

disqualified by nature, of any conception of a mind that hedged by reflex action, the spelling of falsehood to her meant positive agony.

A breath from the honeysuckle vines entered her dilating nostrils. She sniffed it curiously. "That's how the honeysuckles smelt one summer night when Robert knelt beside me, told me all his beliefs and hopes, swore that my standard of life was his, and I believed him, and I think I thrilled a little. Now, all Robert's beliefs and ideals put together couldn't make me one thrill, and I feel as if I had been alive and was dead, and—and—'All the king's horses and all the king's men couldn't set Humpty Dumpty together again.' Oh, I hate him!" she cried suddenly in bitterness. "I hated my father, too; he was another liar."

Then presently, looking up at the stars, she became a little humble; she made no attempt to judge. What was she, in the audacity of her youth, to flinch the privilege of the Almighty? Robert was a gentle little man, who could lie. She should have mated with a strong, big man who couldn't, that was all. Just one mistake among a myriad in a teeming world.

"And what I've got to do is to scurry back into my everyday self as quickly as I can," she concluded. "After all, nothing has happened. Robert is Robert, and I am I, just as we were when we pledged our troth. And yet I could have killed him tonight. To kill a man because he happens to be himself is scarcely reasonable or sane. With this weakness, inherent in his nature, he'll have need of me. And the children want me. I'm indispensable to all of them. I must take my life in my own hands. No one can help me now. It will be amusing to manage it, an excitement."

She rose, but her knees shook in an imbecile sort of way. She laughed a bit sharply out into the dark.

"I'm my mother all over again, I see. My young mother died of this sort of thing, I believe." She put her hand out to touch a tiny jutting spur twinkling silver in the new moon's rays and shivered. "But I'll not die of it; I shall fill out. The fall from a fool's paradise hurts—oh, it hurts—but it doesn't kill us in these days."

Closing the balcony door softly, she entered the nursery. The children were fast asleep in their cots. She touched them curiously to see if their soft, warm flesh would thrill her as it used to do.

"Poor little helpless souls! You will need me, won't you?" she said brokenly, crouching down at their side.

Robert junior stirred.

"The roof—it has a lazy time," he murmured in his sleep.

Anna smoothed his soft hair and trembled.

"Dear little son," she said, "didn't mother tell you the roof couldn't help being where it is. It was made like that. And the walls—they have to hold it up. No, they do not have much fun."

Mr. Marshfield Craven, the confidential friend and legal adviser of the president of the Gotham Trust company, blustered into the president's library in his home up the Hudson, near Ossining. He had come from New

York early that afternoon and had much to do before the president's arrival on the 2:30 express.

In hurried, whipping fashion, this drawer was opened, then that. Papers and documents were hastily strewn here, there and everywhere. Unopen-



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CASTORIA

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Mothers Know That
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In
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For Over
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CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

WEALTH AND WELCOME.

A Story That Illustrates a Very Common Way of the World.

A young merchant went abroad and after many years, having made a large fortune, returned to his native land. When he reached home he found that his relatives had gone to a feast at a country house a few miles away. He was so eager to see them that he did not take the trouble to change his clothes and was wearing the things he had used on board the ship coming home.

When he entered the large hall where the guests were all assembled his cousins showed very little pleasure at the sight of him. It was plain to them that he had come back a poor man. A young negro who had accompanied him from abroad was quite upset by their coolness to his master and said, "They must all be very bad men to receive you so cruelly."

"Wait a minute," whispered the merchant, "and you will see a change in their looks."

He quietly put a fine diamond ring on his finger, and, lo, every face began to smile, and they pressed at once around him and called him "Cousin William."

"Has a simple gold ring the power to charm people like this?" asked the

color the popular "golden yellow," orange or reddish gold. Silver turns gold pale yellow. We seldom see pure gold, but it has that indescribable yellow that so often fascinates.

The pure metal is so malleable that it can be beaten between strips of vellum into sheets two-hundred-and-fifty thousandths of an inch in thickness. In this form it is transparent and transmits green light.

When very finely divided gold is suspended in a liquid by precipitation from a solution it transmits green light similar to that of the leaf gold. Yet in ordinary well diffused light it seems purple, for this is the color it reflects. In other words, if a light is placed behind a jar containing a liquid with gold in fine suspension it looks green, whereas if the light is placed in front or at the side the color is purple. The vapor from boiling molten gold is also purple.

What, then, is the real color of gold? The color of a substance depends on its ability to reflect only light of that color, which in turn is due to the arrangement of the molecules. It seems, then, even the simple mechanical changes which we mentioned before as altering the physical properties are accompanied by radical changes among the molecules as far as their mutual relationships are concerned.—New York World.

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hotly. He had missed the little
in of light comedy in her mood. He
had taken her for a tragedy queen. "It
is Brady, I tell you—Brady."

Straightway the scene became
argued neither with comedy nor tragic,
but with very quiet, pitiful hu-
man drama.

Anna drew her fingers across her
eyes as if a bit of lightning had blind-
them, that was all.

"Oh, Robert," she said dully.
He stood up and faced her.

"Do you mean that you don't believe
me?" he asked in a grieved tone.

"No, Robert, how could I? I can't
believe impossibilities. You forgot that
Brady told us he came back from
week's trip in Nantucket last night."

"The finality of such an assertion ad-
mits of no discussion," returned Rob-
ert coldly, but adroitly.

"No," she said quietly. "I'm glad
you don't want to discuss it. It would
be foolish, I think, and not in the
least interesting." She ended with a
soft laugh. It hurt her, but it pleased
Robert. It announced that she had
anged the subject. Presently:

"I'll just stroll around to the club,"
said he. So Anna was free to seek
fuge in the little vine covered porch
of the children's nursery, to be
one with the night and the stars
and to draw in a little of the outside
air for which she was stifling.

For a full hour, white faced and
tiring, she scarcely moved. It was
not that she for a moment suspected
her husband's loyalty to her—if he had
taken any woman to luncheon yester-
day it had probably been one of those
tireless typewriters down in the swel-
ling offices, the tiredest and most
faced among them—no one could
see Robert's kindness and suscep-
tibility of heart. Oh, it wasn't that
all which had brought her to this
final pass! It was that her husband,
a father of her children, had proved
himself beyond peradventure a delib-
erate liar. And to her!

That one lie had become, as it were,
a torch which lighted up all the



HERE WAS A WOMAN HERE, I TELL YOU,
A WOMAN!"

work, perplexing things in Robert; all
the odd little things that had refused
to be ignored in cropping up,
for which, hitherto, she had found
a solution. She had groped through
merciful, slow dawn to this under-
standing of him. Being incapable,

Mr. Marshfield Craven, the confidential friend and legal adviser of the president of the Gotham Trust Company, blustered into the president's library in his home up the Hudson, near Ossining. He had come from New

York early that afternoon and had
much to do before the president's ar-
rival on the 2:30 express.

In hurried, whipping fashion, this
drawer was opened, then. Papers
and documents were hastily strewn
here, there and everywhere. Unopened
envelopes which dunned for attention
were quickly torn open and
thrown into the wastebasket or on the
floor, as the chance might be. All of
which proved a sore trial to Mrs.
Mason, the president's housekeeper,
who was in the last stages of "tidying
up" the library.

As usual, when Craven was bustling
with work he noticed nothing of his
surroundings. He pulled out his
watch. Fifteen minutes, yes!

"See if you can rattle off this letter
in time for the next post, Miss Graham. Take it directly on the machine," he said, plying his fingers
through his thin, gray hair. And he
began to dictate.

But there was no confirming click
of the typewriter. Craven turned over
his shoulder toward the secretary's
desk and looked above the rim of his
glasses.

"Bless my soul," he exclaimed, "if
I hadn't clean forgotten the bird had
flown. Humph, Mrs. Mason," he said
suddenly, addressing the housekeeper,
who stood mutely dusting a generous
pipe rack, "what in the world induced
Miss Graham to give up her job any-
how? She's been here over a year.
She's given entire satisfaction; had
her stipend raised twice; always treated
considerately—the deuce if I can
make it out!"

Mrs. Mason suspended her feather
duster and smiled enigmatically.

"She said her health was bad and
she wanted a rest."

"Health bad? Fiddlesticks!" grunted
Craven. "She had cheeks like Baldwin
apples and walked like India rubber."

"Well, for my part, Mr. Craven, I'll
be perfectly frank. I'm going to give
up my position, too, only I don't
intend to lie about it. I'm going
because—"

"Because, Mrs. Mason?" The lawyer
whirled around with surprise and
 vexation.

"Well, things don't suit me, sir."

"Then why don't you fire the cook,
fire the butler, fire the whole blame
outfit if they don't suit you? I know
Mr. Temple would rather lose all of
'em than you."

Mrs. Mason finished the pipe rack
and began nervously plying her duster
among the antlers and engraved hunting
scenes.

"Oh, the servants are all right," said
she. "Mr. Temple has given me full
authority over them. 'Tisn't the ser-
vants I complain of. Besides, a lot of
them feel as I do, only they can't af-
ford to quit."

"Eh? What's wrong then?" demanded
Craven sharply. A light had fallen
on the darkness of his first surprise.
He was beginning to understand.

Mrs. Mason left the antlers and hunting
scenes and went to the favorite
guns.

"I've been strictly brought up, Mr.
Craven, and somehow I feel it ain't
right—it's doing violence to my con-
science—to stay on under this roof."

(To be Continued.)

pained him from abroad was quite up-
set by their coolness to his master and
said, "They must all be very bad men
to receive you so cruelly."

"Wait a minute," whispered the mer-
chant, "and you will see a change in
their looks."

He quietly put a fine diamond ring
on his finger, and, lo, every face began
to smile, and they pressed at once
around him and called him "Cousin
William."

"Has a simple gold ring the power to
charm people like this?" asked the
black servant in perplexity.

"It is not that," replied his master,
"but the ring is worth a good sum,
and they guess from it that I am rich,
and riches are dearer to them than
anything."

"What deluded men!" exclaimed the
negro. "They think more of yellow
metal and a piece of glass than all my
master's virtues and loving kindness."

—Baltimore News.

THE COLOR OF GOLD.

Its Shade of Yellow Depends Upon the
Metal Used In Alloy.

Gold that is used in jewelry and
coins is always alloyed with copper or
sometimes, as in the former, with sil-
ver. Addition of copper makes the

gold from abroad is also purple.
What, then, is the real color of gold?
The color of a substance depends on
its ability to reflect only light of that
color, which in turn is due to the ar-
rangement of the molecules. It seems,
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changes which we mentioned before as
altering the physical properties are ac-
companied by radical changes among
the molecules as far as their mutual re-
lationships are concerned.—New York
World.

Knew His Meaning.

"Why did you quarrel with your hus-
band?"

"He said I was positively ugly. He
did not use those exact words, but he
said that if I was to murder any one I
would be found guilty."—Houston Post.

Them New Rags.

She was wearing an up to date basque.
"Does it fit me?" I soon heard her aske.

And so I replied

As the basque I espied.

"Yes, it fits you, my dear, like a casque."

No Audience.

Mother—And so my little man didn't
cry when he fell down. That was
brave.

Little Man—There wasn't any one to
hear.—London Opinion.

The Reliable Match--

Match it with any other match and
you will see that the quality of the
DOMINION is unmatched.....



The Dominion Match Co., Limited, Deseronto, Ont.

W. S. MORDEN, President. C. J. ANDERSON, Manager.

Modernize your Kitchen

One by one the bugbears of housekeeping are being
put to rout through the instrumentality of gas.
The modern kitchen—which means the all-gas
kitchen—is now a recognized part of the up-to-date
home. The all-gas kitchen lightens labor. It
means a clean, wholesome, sanitary kitchen, as
there is no coal dust or ashes to be spread around,
and it becomes a real pleasure to work in it. Every
housewife desires to cook and heat water in the
most economical way, in the quickest, most depend-
able way, with the least possible work.

The All-Gas way is the solution to the problem.

The hot weather is here now and if you want a cool,
comfortable kitchen this summer come and select
your Gas Range and Water Heater now. We have
ranges at all prices.

The Napanee Gas Company,
Limited.

NAPANEE.

LUCILLE LOVE THE GIRL OF MYSTERY

BY THE
“MASTER PEN”

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“Miss Love has been through many more trying situations than that,” answered Loubeque slowly, “since she pitted herself against me.”

“Pitted herself against you! Then it was you who stole the papers”—

“Quite so.” Hugo Loubeque turned upon his heel, but the iron grip of the officer was upon his shoulder, whirling him about so that their faces met.

Like a panther Gibson leaped across the floor, seizing the broadswords.

Easily, by wrist alone, Loubeque played with the man. His eye held no expression save that of one looking very far away, sad, mournful, distant. That look of indifference only served to madden Gibson doubly.

Furiously he lunged, when suddenly the blade of his adversary whirled, sending out scores of scintillating lights as it danced in the air above his head. He fell back as from a blow, his wrist numbed and deadened by the wrench that had carried the handle of the heavy sword from his grasp. Hugo Loubeque had dropped his own blade to the floor and was studying him quietly, no glimmer in his eyes. Gibson glared over his head. The sword was still swaying from side to side from the fury with which it had been driven into the low hanging wooden beam overhead. Instinctively his hand reached to recover his weapon when Loubeque laid a hand of iron upon his shoulder.

“That will do,” he cried sternly. “Be a man, sir.” Again that mellowed light drove the light of anger from his eyes. His lips opened and the voice of him was little more than a sigh: “such a man as Miss Lucille Love deserves.”

Gibson looked at him, startled, aghast. Once more Loubeque would have spoken when, from below stairs, came the shrill screech of a policeman’s whistle, followed almost instantaneously by a rush of feet upon the stairs.

The spy’s right hand moved along the desk, picking up a small ivory box, exquisitely carved, which he handed to Gibson.

“You will kindly give this to—Lucille—with my compliments and felicitations,” he murmured.

Gibson stared at him, wondering at the tick of emotion on his face in this moment of peril. Slowly, steadily Loubeque stepped backward. Then suddenly a yawning panel stood beside him. He stood in the cavity a second, smiling as the door burst open, and Sergeant Daly, followed by a squad of



He Placed the Ivory Box In Her Hands.

sweetheart he had repulsed her.

Gibson entered quickly, halted abruptly at sight of the woman he loved standing there, with the gentle love light in her eyes and the reproach of a maid offended in her form. Slowly, very slowly, he placed the little ivory box in her hands, the box which Hugo Loubeque had given to him. She looked at him inquiringly and his lips parted:

“From Hugo Loubeque with hopes for forgiveness and felicitations.”

With trembling fingers she pried open the delicate lid, then gave a sharp cry of disappointment that was echoed by one of mute admiration and amazement from the others as, turning the box upside down, the wonderful ruby necklace fell upon the floor, every blood red facet darting a thousand threats at them. But Lucille’s eyes paid the necklace no heed. Instead they fastened upon a little slip of paper in the bottom of the box:

“Page from diary of Hugo Loubeque
In account with General Sumpter

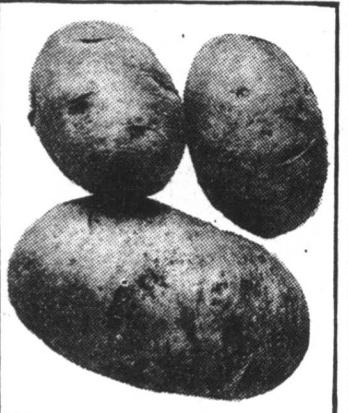
Farm and Garden

BLIGHT AMONG POTATOES.

How Disease Can Be Prevented During the Present Year.

A recurrence of late blight and dry rot among potatoes can be prevented next season. Clean seed is the great essential. Seed treatment is not effective for this particular disease.

The late blight dry rot exists to a considerable extent among storage potatoes, says E. C. Stakman, assistant plant pathologist of the Minnesota experiment station, St. Paul. If such lots are used for seed next season the disease may again be very destructive.



SEED POTATOES.

especially if weather conditions favor its spread. It is therefore of vital importance that healthy seed be used.

The Minnesota experiment station pathologists have been misquoted with reference to methods of securing such healthy seed. The soaking of seed potatoes is necessary in controlling some diseases, but treatment with formaldehyde or corrosive sublimate will not prevent late blight.

Seed potatoes should be secured from fields which have not had any of the disease during the past year. If healthy tubers are planted and the vines thoroughly sprayed with bordeaux mixture the disease can be controlled.

Seed Potato Importations.

The cultivation of potatoes, which were originally introduced into Germany from the United States, has been brought to such a wonderful stage of development that two distinct classes of potatoes are raised, the one rich in carbohydrates, but poor in nitrogenous matter for the fermentation industry, and the other rich in nitrogenous matter for eating purposes.

Curiously enough, seed potatoes are now imported into the United States from Germany because our farmers allowed this vegetable to degenerate to such a degree that it has substantially lost all value for seed. The science of fertilizing achieved the amazing result that Germany’s soil, although cultivated for almost 2,000 years, is today more productive than the virgin soil of the United States and Canada.

Deserted farms like those of the

OH, SUCH A HEADACHE

Nearly everyone has a ripping, tearing headache at times. Disordered stomach—sluggish liver does Chamberlain headache relief—Chamberlain’s Stomach and Liver Tablets. They put the stomach and bowels right. All druggists, 25c., or by mail from Chamberlain Medicine Co., Toron-

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Don’t waste wood ashes. Apply them, as produced, to acid soils. This is the advice of A. R. Whitson, head of the Wisconsin state soils laboratory. Is of particular value to farmers in Wisconsin and others who actually have waste wood to burn.

Wood ashes contain a large proportion of lime, which makes them valuable in correcting acid soils. Often times land intended for clover or alfalfa can be better prepared for a crop by a top dressing of fresh wood ashes, either hard or soft wood being equally satisfactory. Such a treatment will be of especial value on marshy and sandy soils.

If not allowed to leach out, wood ashes are also rich in potash and form a home source for a much needed element. Practically all of our potash supply has been imported into this country from certain of the countries of Europe now at war, which fact has caused considerable concern with many who purchase in large quantities.

Whether or not it will pay to ashes for agricultural purposes depends upon the distance they have to be hauled. When buying ashes a purchaser should satisfy himself that the material is neither adulterated nor full of coal residue.

Orchard Bark Beetles.

Bark beetles, or shot hole borers, cause more or less damage to fruit trees every year. They are particularly apt to attack weakened, scale infested trees in cities and in some seasons have been pests of the first order in the peach growing belt along Lake Erie. Some kinds of trees, such as peach and cherry, exude large quantities of gum through the holes made by the beetles, and the surface of the ba-

stairs.

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Gibson stared at him, wondering at the lack of emotion on his face in this moment of peril. Slowly, steadily Loubeque stepped backward. Then suddenly a yawning panel stood beside him. He stood in the cavity a second, smiling as the door burst open, and Sergeant Daly, followed by a squad of officers, lurched into the room.

"That's him!" Daly's shout turned into a wild yelp of terror, as the room shot from under the feet of the occupants and they found themselves precipitated into the very bowels of the house.

It was half an hour before they managed to find their way out; half an hour which swallowed up the international spy completely as though it had been the grave.

Desperately, Lucille finished her dressing and turned to look out the hotel window over Pennsylvania avenue. She was alone in Washington.

When the captain of the Terror had spoken of the court of inquiry before which General Sumpter Love was being tried for selling the papers he had received from Washington, she had conjured up visions of him behind bars. But when she realized on reaching the city that he was at a hotel, living quite the same as she herself was allowed to live, her joy had submerged almost every other feeling. It had been four days now, however, and still she had not called up sufficient courage to see him.

All night she had been awake trying to scheme up some method of aiding him. The papers she had recovered, and it seemed that instead of helping she had placed in the hands of the government exactly what they wanted to convict. She determined to appeal to the secretary of war. Surely there might be some chance in an appeal to him. And so this morning, after a long, timorous glance up and down the long avenue, she had started for the army and navy building.

"Miss Lucille Love—Lucille Love"—The secretary turned the card over and over in his hands while regarding her narrowly the while. "I have heard of you, Miss Love, and of the papers. You may rest assured your story will receive every attention in the conduct of the trial of your father. Certainly you know the nation can ill afford to lose such a man just at this time."

"But you can investigate—my story is strange, unbelievable," she pleaded impulsively. "I know that. But if you would only investigate you would find that I tell the truth."

"All details of your story have been proved, Miss Love," gravely, sadly, answered the cabinet minister, "but there is no evidence in your father's favor. What would be the motive for Hugo Loubeque?"

"Revenge," she answered quickly. "Can't you see?"

"If it could be proved"—He was interrupted by the entrance of a clerk with a card. The secretary frowned, then listened to the whispered explanation of the man, a slight smile upon his face.

"Mr. Gibson—formerly Lieutenant Gibson"—

Lucille sprang to her feet, all confusion. The last time she had seen her

"From Hugo Loubeque with hopes for forgiveness and felicitation."

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"Page from diary of Hugo Loubeque
"In account with General Sumpter Love for dismissal from West Point and robbing me of Lucille—"

"Theft committed!"

She read no farther, but, sobbing with the abandonment of a child, placed the page from the diary in the hands of the secretary of war.

"I see," he murmured quietly. "You say, Mr. Gibson, Hugo Loubeque gave this to you to hand to Miss Love?"

"Yes sir."

"If you do not object, Miss Love," he said to the girl, with a little knowing smile in the direction of her sweetheart. "I shall take this immediately before the board of inquiry. I think, with your story and the verifications I have gathered of its details, it will not only clear your father, but also return to the army a young lieutenant who had been named captain at the time this unfortunate incident occurred."

Evidently, important cabinet officer though he was, the secretary expected no answer, for he did not even glance back at the couple, who were so forgetful of etiquette as to ignore him. But Lucille had her arms close, close about the neck of Richard Gibson, and that young man was only mindful of his burden at the moment.

At his desk General Sumpter Love smiled as the murmur of two voices came to him. His eyes closed wearily and his head sank forward upon his chest, a victim of dreams—dreams of the long ago. It had been hard, giving up to another this daughter whom he had only just regained. And yet—and yet—there was another Lucille—"Lucille!"

"You called, father?"

Lucille's arms were about his neck, just as they had been about his neck that other time in Manila when she coaxed his consent to her marriage to Gibson. And Gibson, with the straps of a captain, was standing once more in the doorway.

His hand rose to pat the rose petal cheek of her. Then his fingers encountered the necklace about her throat. As though he had struck a snake, his hand recoiled.

"Loubeque's necklace!" he muttered. The arms about his neck tightened. The cheek was pressed against his own.

"Poor, poor Hugo," she murmured. "Poor, poor man who did not know there was no room for hate in a world that might be filled with love. Poor, poor man."

The three were silent. There was no room for words. Ghosts were all about—whispering, soothing ghosts that murmured over and over again—"Lucille—Lucille!"

Ghosts that had an echo from the lips of a world weary man directly under the earth from them—Hugo Loubeque, alone with his ghosts that murmured always—"Lucille—Lucille!"

THE END.

matter for the fermentation industry, and the other rich in nitrogenous matter for eating purposes.

Curiously enough, seed potatoes are now imported into the United States from Germany because our farmers allowed this vegetable to degenerate to such a degree that it has substantially lost all value for seedling. The science of fertilizing achieved the amazing result that Germany's soil, although cultivated for almost 2,000 years, is today more productive than the virgin soil of the United States and Canada.

Deserted farms like those of the New England states and the state of New York are unknown in the empire. Chemistry is not only educating the farmer in scientific fertilizing, but producing the requisite artificial fertilizers.—*Popular Science Monthly*.

Kansas Silo Census.

Kansas has 7,137 silos. This is something like fifty-one silos to every county in the state, but there are twenty-one counties having less than a dozen and several having no silos whatever within their boundaries. Five of the rich Kansas counties have more than 200 silos and are reporting constant increases. The silo is changing the sky line of the Sunflower State, and it is changing other things as well. For one thing the stave, pit, brick, concrete and other forms of silos are helping to make Kansas one of the really prosperous states of the Union. It might help for the agricultural authorities in other states to make a census similar to the one just completed by Kansas. Comparisons are sometimes stimulating.—*Farm Progress*.

ORCHARD AND GARDEN.

Chop every old, useless and dying tree out of the orchard, keeping a memorandum of the number of trees thus removed and putting in an early order for others.

Wood ashes are good fertilizer for grapevines. They will supply the necessary potash for them, and if the same amount of poultry droppings is added to the ashes the undesirable, rank growth that too much ashes sometimes cause will be kept down.

Currants need little protection except from deep snows, which sometimes break down the branches when setting in the spring.

Watch the mulched strawberries. The mulch may be too heavy, and if warm, muggy weather prevails there is danger of injury.

There is no one who ought to have a better garden than the farmer who has all the land necessary with teams and usually help to care for it.

Cold frames, hotbeds, greenhouses and mushroom caves are all used for forcing rhubarb, but, lacking these, one may utilize an ordinary root cellar.

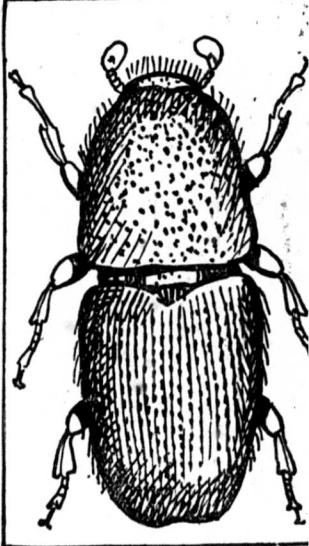
Russia's Vast Forests.
Russia has 464,500,000 acres of forest. That is to say, more than one-third of the whole country is covered by trees, and there are four acres of forest to every inhabitant.

Straightforwardness without the rules of propriety becomes rudeness.

purchase should satisfy himself the material is neither adulterated full of coal residue.

Orchard Bark Beetles.

Bark beetles, or shot hole bo cause more or less damage to trees every year. They are particularly apt to attack weakened, scale infested trees in cities and in some sea have been pests of the first order the peach growing belt along Lake Erie. Some kinds of trees, such as peach and cherry, exude large quantities of gum through the holes made by the beetles, and the surface of the may be coated over with pints to tons of this gum, depending upon severity of the attack and the size vigor of the trees. Again, such trees as apple and pear do not gum at under attack. The small white g burrow in characteristic fashion in sapwood, often killing the trees.



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SHILOH
quickly stops coughs, cures colds, and heals the throat and lungs. :: 25 cents.

OH, SUCH A HEADACHE!



Nearly everyone has ripping, tearing headaches at times. Disordered stomach—sluggish liver does it. Cheer up! here's the relief—Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. stomach and bowels right. All druggists, 25c., or by mail from Chamberlain Medicine Co., Toronto.

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NATTY NECKWEAR

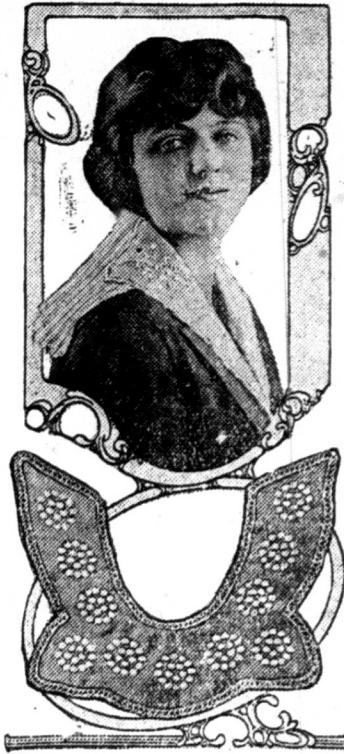
Much Use Is Made of Collar and Cuff Sets.

SATIN COMBINATION SMART.

Popularity of Dark Costumes Has Helped to Promote Interest in Lace and Embroidered Novelties That Help Set Them Off.

Variety in one's stock of neckwear is useful late in the season when gowns have been worn so often that they are passe. A dainty collar and cuff set often transforms them. Fortunately, just at this time, when white sales are on, many handsome pieces greatly marked down, if chosen judiciously, may be worn next season.

Neckwear is popular at present, partly due to the fashion for black and



TWO MODISH COLLARS

dark colored street dresses, the majority of which require a dainty bit of neckwear to relieve their severity. Almost every shape of collar is seen, from the extreme platted and cape backs to the high, severe medier, and cuffs are worn with these in all depths and designs.

Fine hand embroidered sets of organdie and of batiste edged with a ruffle of fine val lace are favorites. There are colored organdie sets in flesh, champagne and pale blue, with a decoration of hemstitching, hand embroidery or buttons.

Satin collar and cuff sets are among the smart neckwear, sometimes cut in points. Flesh colored satin sets are particularly smart. Satin stocks, very high, in black and in white, or in black and white combinations, have severe tabs in front sometimes combined with fan plaiting in the back. These stocks are worn in an odd way with V neck waists, being simply fastened around

the floral ornament for wear at the shoulder or tucked up under the ear on the new high stocks. Single roses are the smartest.

Illustrated here is a pretty specimen of the turned over collar in handkerchief linen. The front is adorned with embroidery. There is a plaited back edged with narrow val lace. The other color is a rather novel adaptation of the sailor effect. It is embellished with embroidered polka dots.

SUCCESS IN COOKING MEAT

To cook tough meats, saute to keep the juices in and then stew until tender. Serve with thick gravy.

Roasted meats have a better flavor than baked ones. The meat should be first placed near the coals to sear and then drawn back to cook at lower heat.

Remember that the success of frying depends upon two things—having enough fat to completely cover the article cooked in it and having the fat smoking hot.

Dry or tough meats can often be made tender and of a good flavor by braising. They are shut in a close covered pot, with salt pork, stock and chopped vegetables and cooked slowly in the confined steam.

Meats for broiling should be cut very thin and turned over to clear, hot fire as often as one counts ten. When the puffed appearance of broiled meat begins to disappear it means that the moisture is evaporating and the meat will be hard and dry.

When baking meats the oven should be very hot at first, and then the heat should be slowly lowered to allow the cooking to be done slowly. Keep a piece of asbestos on hand to interpose between a dish and the hottest part of the oven when there is danger of burning.

A Clerical Error.

A salesman, traveling far from home and anxious about his home affairs, wished to write his wife so that she would answer immediately. He knew an appropriate Bible verse, but did not have a Bible handy to see if he had the right reference. However, trusting to his memory, he wrote:

Dear Wife—Proverbs xxv. 24.

He received no answer to this, and when he got home he asked his wife why she had not written to him. She got the Bible and showed the verse to him.

"Good heavens!" he said. "It ought to have been Proverbs xxv. 25."

In a Perfume Factory.

Musk is perhaps the most valuable and delightful of all perfumes, yet the refiner as he opens the musk pods must wear thick cloths over mouth and nostrils, so repulsive is the odor that the pods emit. Indeed, this odor, inhaled for any length of time, causes nosebleed. Civet, karagull and ambergris have in small quantities a delicious perfume, but in large quantities they smell so abominable as to give the worker nausea. The hawthorn blossom is delicately sweet, and perfumers prize it highly, yet a roomful of hawthorn blossoms smells like a charnel house. This, too, is true of the tube-rose.

The Word "Divan."

The word "divan" means "council of state" in Arabic and Turkish. Both

WOMAN'S BEST MEDICINE

Mrs. Kelly Advises all Women to Take "Fruit-a-Tives"

HAGERSVILLE, ONT., AUG. 26, 1913.

"I can highly recommend "Fruit-a-tives" because they did me an awful lot of good and I cannot speak too highly about them. About four years ago, I commenced taking "Fruit-a-tives" for a general break-down and they did me a world of good. We bought a good many dollar's worth, but it was money well spent because they did all that you claim for them. Their action is so pleasant, compared with other laxatives, that I found only pleasure, as well as health, in taking them. They seemed to me to be particularly suited to women, on account of their mild and gentle action, and I trust that some other women may start taking "Fruit-a-tives" after reading my letter, and if they do, I am satisfied the results will be the same as in my own case".

MRS. W. N. KELLY

"Fruit-a-tives" are sold by all dealers at 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c, or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Macaroni Soup.

To make this soup let a half gallon of stock boil. Then add one pint of macaroni, which has been soaked for two hours in warm water, a cupful of canned tomatoes, a slice of finely chopped bacon, a sliced onion and one teaspoonful of chili sauce. Let it boil for thirty minutes. Season to taste and serve with crackers or bread croutons.

KITCHEN HINTS.

When one uses or breaks her last can rubber make a substitute of newspaper. This packs better than other paper. Cut several layers the required size, put them on the can and screw lid down tight as possible.

If your kitchen window is a sunny one it is an excellent plan to keep in it a growing pot or two of parsley or any greenery that can be used for garnishing in emergencies. The moist air from boiling saucepans is just the thing for these green things to thrive in.

Dish covers may be kept bright and clean easily. Remove grease with warm water and soda, dry with a soft cloth, then apply a little metal polish with flannel. A final polish with fine whitening will then make the covers look like silver.

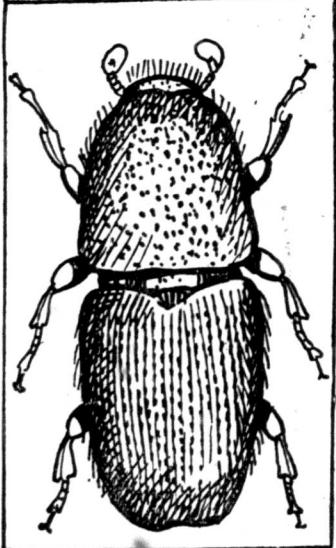
ASTHMA COUGHS
WHOOPING COUGH SPASMODIC CROUP
BRONCHITIS CATARRH COLDS

Vapo-Resolene

full of coal residue.

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Fur stocks finished simply with a rose at the left side or with a high maline or velvet ruche shaped in medici fashion are smart.

Ostrich and velvet ribbon ruches are also used. The medici collar is prettiest when made in very soft, fine lace and chiffon. A very smart touch is

that the poux emit. Indeed, this odor, inhaled for any length of time, causes nosebleed. Civet, karagullue and ambergris have in small quantities a delicious perfume, but in large quantities they smell so abominable as to give the worker nausea. The hawthorn blossom is delicately sweet, and perfumers prize it highly, yet a roomful of hawthorn blossoms smells like a charnel house. This, too, is true of the tuberose.

The Word "Divan."

The word "divan" means "council of state" in Arabic and Turkish. Both Milton and Pope use the word in the sense of council in general. From meaning council the word came to mean council chamber and from that the arrangement of cushions round the chamber. A divan in this sense is strictly a row of cushions ranged along the walls of a room, either on the floor or on a raised step or on a bench. Hence we speak of a sofa or couch as a divan and of a thickly cushioned chair as a divan chair.

A final polish with fine whitening will then make the covers look like silver.

ASTHMA COUGHS

WHOOPING COUGH SPASMODIC CROUP

BRONCHITIS CATARRH COLDS

Vapo-Resolene

Est. 1900

A simple, safe and effective treatment avoiding drugs. Used with success for 35 years.

The air carrying the antiseptic vapor, infused with every New York makes breathing easy, soothes the sore throat, and stops the cough, assuring restful nights. Cresolene is invaluable to mothers with young children and a boon to sufferers from Asthma.

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SOLD BY DRUGGISTS
VAPO-RESOLENE CO.
Lemming Mill, R.R. 1, Morris



PATRIOTISM and PRODUCTION

Pin Your Faith to Live Stock

The one outstanding feature of the world's farming is that there will soon be a great shortage of meat supplies. Save your breeding stock. They are today Canada's most valuable asset. If you sacrifice your breeding stock now, you will regret it in the near future. Plan to increase your live stock. Europe and the United States, as well as Canada, will pay higher prices for beef, mutton, and bacon, in the very near future. Remember that live stock is the only true basis of economic and profitable farming. The more grain you grow, the more stock you can carry. The more stock you keep, the more fertilizer for your fields. Mixed farming is real farming, not speculating.

Study this table, which was prepared before the war. Only one country increased its cattle more than its people in the past ten years. And, in it (Australia) in 1914 there was a tremendous loss of live stock through an unprecedented drought—a fact which the table does not show. Do you need any stronger argument than this table that there is bound to be an increasing demand for beef? Add to this con-

BEEF

Country	Population Increase Since 1900	Cattle Increase Since 1900	Cattle Decrease Since 1900
France	2%	2%	...
Germany	16%	4%	...
United Kingdom	10%	4%	...
Austria-Hungary	10%	2%	...
European Russia	14%	17%	12%
Canada	34%	17%	...
Argentine	40%	...	6%
Australia	18%	40%	...
New Zealand	30%	18%	...
United States	24%	...	30%

dition, the destruction of live stock of all kinds, breeding and young stock included, in the war zones. The war has merely hastened the meat shortage of the world. When it is over, the farmer with live stock will continue to profit in the world's markets, and, in addition to having helped feed our soldiers at the front, will be in a position to reap a further reward for having stayed with the live stock industry.

★★★
SHEEP. Canadian farmers have been losing great opportunities in sheep raising and sheep feeding. Hundreds of thousands of sheep have been slaughtered to provide winter clothing for the soldiers of the different armies. Australia's losses, through drought in 1914, were very heavy. Canada has been importing frozen mutton from New Zealand. In view of these conditions, wool and mutton should prove very profitable for Canadian sheep raisers during the next few years.

SWINE. Through the indiscriminate sale of swine in the Canadian West in the past three months, the supply in 1915 promises to be little more than half of 1914. Add to this the fact that the British soldier is allowed $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. of bacon per day, and that sausage is the principal meat food of the German soldier, and you will understand the outlook for the future. Those who stay

steadily with swine, year in and year out, make money. Those who rush in and rush out, generally lose money. "Buy when others are selling, sell when others are buying," applies to live stock as well as to Wall Street stocks.

DAIRY. Milk cows increased in Canada from 2,408,677 in 1901 to 2,594,179 in 1911. This increase did not amount to 8% and was less than one-quarter of the population increase of Canada. At the same time, the per capita consumption of milk by Canadians increased 30%. Is there any wonder we had to import 7,000,000 lbs. of butter from New Zealand?

The exports of Canadian cheese have been steadily declining for ten years. Look at the market prices today. Do they not suggest the advantage of increased production?

Through cow-testing, selection and better feeding, the

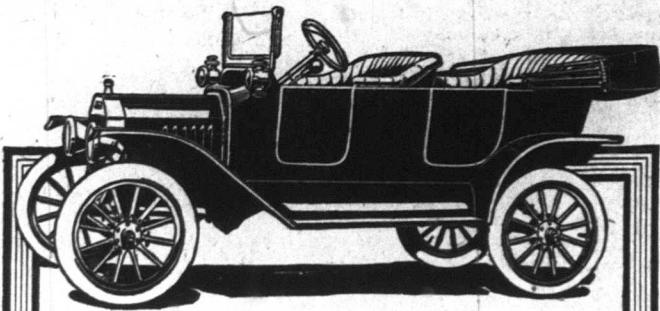
average annual production per cow in Canada did increase from 2,850 lbs. per cow in 1901 to 3,805 lbs. in 1911, but this is only a beginning. Last year one cow in Canada produced 26,000 lbs.

The dairymen of Denmark who supply Great Britain with butter and bacon are not satisfied unless their herds average 10,000 lbs. per cow. Let Canadian dairymen work to increase the productivity of the milk cow. Breed for milk. Test your cows. Save your calves. Select your milkers. Feed for yield. Read the Agricultural papers and Government reports and bulletins on dairying.

CONFERENCES

Now that you have attended the Conferences, or have read about them, get together and talk things over. Also write to the Publications Branch, Canadian Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, for bulletins and reports on live stock and dairying.

Canadian Department of Agriculture,
Ottawa, Canada



Ford Touring Car Price \$590

Prices of other Ford Cars are: Two-passenger Runabout \$540, Two-passenger Coupelet \$850, Five-passenger Sedan \$1150. All cars fully equipped, including electric headlights. Prices F. O. B. Ford, Ont. Buyers of all Ford cars will share in our profits if we sell 30,000 cars between August 1st, 1914, and August 1st, 1915. All Ford cars are on exhibition at

**W. J. NORMILE'S
SHOW ROOMS, - NAPANEE**



**Fresh Oysters,
Finnan Haddies,
Filletts and Smelts**

—Also—

Best Quality Coal Oil

—AT—

FRANK H. PERRY.

Dundas St., Opposite Royal Hotel
Phone 130.

F. W. SMITH,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Strictly Private and Confidential.
Smith's Jewellery Store,
Napanee.

FRED CHINNECK
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Chinneck's Jewellery Store
Next Wallace's Drug Store
Napanee

Strictly Private and Confidential.

39

JOHN T. GRANGE
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Grange Block, John Street,
Strictly Private and Confidential.

Anyone thinking of buying a motorcycle would do well to see us before buying. BOYLE & SON.

GRACE METHODIST CHURCH

Chas. E. Cragg, B. D., Pastor.

9.30—General Fellowship service.
10.30—Morning Worship. The Sunday School Anniversary. Everyone interested in the success of the Sunday School especially invited.
11.45—Sunday School and Bible Classes.

7 p.m.—Evening service. Subject, "Lovely but Lacking."

Song service 10 minutes to 7. The special services every night next week at 7.45 p.m. Good singing, bright services. Everyone invited.

USE VANLUVEN'S COAL.

Because it is economical and burns satisfactorily under all weather conditions, & easily regulated to minimum or maximum heat.

Postponed Historical Meeting.

Owing to the illness of Dr. Snow the regular meeting of the Historical Society will not be held to-night, but will be held on Friday evening, March 5th.

Farmers With Silos.

Mr. G. B. Curran, Agricultural Office, Napanee, wishes a complete list of farmers having silos in the county. To every farmer who mails him a post card giving height and width of his silo Mr. Curran will mail free of charge a sample of Kiln dried Seed Corn of Wis. No. 7, Bailey, Early White Cap, or Golden Glow dent corn. The sample will plant 100 hills. Send in your name at once before you forget and receive this sample of corn free.

LADIES RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

The report for the rifle shooting is as follows:

FEBRUARY 18th.

Squad No. 1—Average 22, Mrs. H. Scott 38.

Squad No. 3—Average 30, Mrs. E. I. Boyle 44.

FEBRUARY 23rd.

Squad No. 2—Average 36, Mrs. A. S. Kimmerly 53.

Squad No. 4—Average 34, Miss Shannon 38.

CASH SALE.

There will be sold by public auction, on lot 25, in the 7th concession on North Fredericksburgh, about 1½ miles east of Napanee, on Palace Road, on Thursday, March 4th, 1915, at one o'clock: Brown team, weight about 3000 lbs., 3-year-old road mare, grade Holstein milch cows and yearlings, disc seeder, nearly new, buggy, harness and other articles. Terms, cash.

S. W. CLARK, Auctioneer.

H. VANALSTINE, Owner.

12-a-p

Two False Fire Alarms.

There is some person or persons around Napanee, who consider themselves exceedingly clever, who are going to get themselves in a heap of trouble one of these bright days. Twice on Saturday last, about 4.30 and 9.30 p.m., false fire alarms were rung in. One alarm came from box 26 English church corner, and the other came from box 28, East Ward School, and the firemen were given long runs on a fool's errand. Sooner or later the necessary information will be forthcoming as to the sending in of false alarms, and when it does, some one is going to be made an example of.

Anti-Louse Powder kills the lice, but does not injure the animal or fowl in the slightest. It is harmless to man

Overcoats

—and—

Winter Suits

Tailored to hold
Their Shape

Best of Trimmings

Thoroughly Shrunk

Care in the Making—
that's the Secret.

JAMES WALTERS,

Merchant Tailoring, Napanee.

ST. ANDREWS' CHURCH

(PRESBYTERIAN.)

Rev. A. L. Howard, Ph.D., Minister.

10.30 a.m.—Subject, "The Lord my Shepherd."

11.45—Sunday School and Bib Class.

7 p.m.—Subject, "Faith and God Works."

Remember Communion service on March 7th, at 10.30 a.m. Pre-communion service on Friday, March 5th, at 8 p.m.

SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 28th.

Services at S. Mary Magdalene Church:

8 a.m.—Holy Communion.

10.30 a.m.—Morning Prayer.

7 p.m.—Evensong.

Daily Lenten services, 8 a.m., 5 p.m., (except on Wednesdays.)

Wednesday, March 3rd, 7.30 p.m. Evening Prayer. Preacher, Rev. Canon Bedford Jones, M.A., rector of St. Peter's Church, Brockville.

J. H. H. COLEMAN, Vicar.

"AT HOME."

A cordial invitation is extended to the ladies of Napanee and vicinity to attend an "At Home" to be held under the auspices of the W.M.F. of Trinity Church at the residence of Mrs. W. F. Hall, on Monday afternoon, March 1st, from 3 to 6 o'clock. Admission 15 cents. Cake and candy for sale.

GAVE LIFE FOR HIS BROTHER.

On Thursday of last week, Walter Babcock, aged 22, son of Ira Babcock, living at Bath, lost his life in endeavor to save his brother, Oscar, aged nineteen. Oscar ventured out on the lake on some thin ice and went down. In his attempt to save him Walter went under, but Oscar was pulled out by some other young men who were cutting ice.

The Minister's Eridge.

A Character Sketch Entertainment will be given under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid Society, Moscow, Feb. 26, 1915. The Characters will be taken by the following young people of the place: Rev. John West, minister; Fennell Evans, Mrs. John West, min-

Capt. C. M. Warner gave a dinner

Chinneck's Jewellery Store

Next Wallace's Drug Store

Napanee

Strictly Private and Confidential.

ing for grists.

11-b-p
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JOHN T. GRANGE
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Grange Block, John Street,
Strictly Private and Confidential.

Anyone thinking of buying a motorcycle would do well to see us before buying. BOYLE & SON.

What is in the medicine you are taking? In every "Penslar" remedy you will find the ingredients mentioned. For coughs "Penslar" Red Spruce Gum and White Pine Balsam is a special remedy. Try it, 25 cents at Hooper's—The Penslar Store.

The Hamilton Herald, Independent, said,—"Mr. Rowell's speech on Saturday was not merely fervently patriotic but was practical also. He set forth the obligations of Canada to the Empire in the present war and the obligations of Canadian men of military age to volunteer their services. Such speeches as that of Mr. Rowell's are needed to arouse our young men to the needs of the situation and to the realization of their own obligations.

The Canadian War, a non-partisan paper published in Toronto, says editorially. It is bare justice to say that Mr. Rowell has in his speeches shown more realization of what we are up against than any other political leader who has recently spoken. His speech at Hamilton in which he appealed for more and more recruits and called for united campaigns for them similar to what they have had and still have in the Old Land, displayed more statesmanship and patriotism, more of the essence of unity and of the promise of victory than anything which has been uttered in Ontario for many days. His responsibility for striving for unity is no whit greater than that of every other, each in his own sphere.

Carnations, 25c dozen, Saturday at Hooper's.

Rev. Canon Bedford Jones, of Brockville, and Rev. Canon Fitzgerald, of Kingston, will be in Napanee next week conducting an examination for the deacons of the diocese of Ontario. The ordination of the candidates to the priesthood will take place in St. Mary Magdalene's Church on the following Sunday, March 7th. This is a service seldom held outside the cathedral, and it is about thirty years since one was last held here.

Capt. C. M. Warner gave a dinner in the Campbell House on Monday evening to the members of his squad, No. 16, and the officers of the home guard. All the members of the squad excepting two, who were unavoidably absent, sat down to a well ordered dinner and did ample justice to Mr. Warner's hospitality. The decorations of the table, the menu cards and the place cards were miniature flags of the Allies and small drums. Following the lunch a pleasant hour or so was spent in short speeches and anecdotes. Squad sixteen are justly proud of their captain and their ability as marksmen.

Harry King, aged twenty-four years, who recruited with the 47th Regiment for overseas duty, came before Magistrate Rankin Saturday afternoon, and was sentenced to six months in Central Prison, on a charge of having been implicated with John Dillon, another member of the third contingent, who on Saturday morning was sentenced to one year in the Central for stealing a coat, vest and pair of trousers, the property of Arthur Day, a boarder at the Paisley House. King and Dillon were rounded up early Saturday morning as the result of the work of Chief Graham and Constable Barrett. King was found in a box car. He had taken off his military overcoat and was evidently endeavoring to beat his way to Toronto.

Your eyes are giving you trouble. Are they properly fitted with glasses? The best in spectacles and satisfaction guaranteed at The Medical Hall—FRED. L. HOOPER.

MILK CANS FOR 1915.

Better than ever. You had better get your can now before they raise. M. S. MADOLE.

MARCH 8th, 1915.

Keep in mind the above date when the men of Trinity Church will give the most unique and interesting entertainment of the season.

ST. JOHN'S AMBULANCE ASSOCIATION.

On Saturday, Feb. 13th, Mrs. Needham, lecturing in the interests of the Canadian Red Cross Society, urged the formation of a St. John's Ambulance Association in Napanee. A committee was appointed to discuss the advisability of forming a class for first aid. Dr. Campbell offered his services as lecturer and Dr. Vrooman consented to be examiner. It was understood that only thirty might form a class but upon investigation it was found out that as many as wish may attend the lectures, but the students must be divided into classes of not more than thirty for examination. The class will meet Thursday evenings from 7:30 to 9:30, commencing March 4th, in the Council Chamber of the town hall, and a fee of one dollar per student will be necessary to defray expenses. All desirous of joining will kindly send their names to Mrs. Sneath, Secretary, not later than Monday, March 1st, in order that proper equipment may be procured for the class by Thursday evening.

Anti-Louse Powder kills the lice, but does not injure the animal or fowl in the slightest. It is harmless to man and beast. 25 cents per pound at Hooper's—The Medical Hall.

OUR SOLDIERS.

The volunteers for the third Canadian Contingent have their headquarters in the Police Room at the Town Hall. Lieut. Travers and Fleming drill the boys on the market twice every day besides giving them long marches. All the boys are beginning to show the good effects of training and look a healthy, happy bunch. They are also picking up the drill wonderfully well and when they go to Belleville will no doubt present as soldiers like an appearance as any of them. "Hats off to our boys, they are doing fine."

Domestic Science Demonstrations.

Mr. Geo. A. Putman, Supt. of Women's Institutes, Toronto has arranged to send Miss Gertrude Gray to Napanee beginning March 8th, to hold Domestic Science Demonstrations. Classes will be held at Napanee from March 8th to 19th. The series will consist of 10 lessons, each complete in itself. As accommodation is limited, the afternoon meetings will be restricted to members of the Women's Institutes and Farmers' Wives. A special Course will be held by Miss Gray each morning if a sufficient number of town ladies and girls apply. The following is the list of lessons with the dates they will be held:

Monday, March 8th—1. Fruit. Typical methods of cooking. Combinations; different ways of serving fresh fruit.

Tuesday, 9th—2. Vegetables, Fresh, starchy and dried.

Wednesday, 10th—3. Milk, soups, puddings and combinations with especial relation to infant, children and invalid diet.

Thursday, 11th—4. Cereals and cheese; various methods of cooking. Their high food value compared with other more expensive foods.

Friday, 12th—5. Eggs. Correct methods of cooking. Variations in methods, storage.

Monday, 13th—6. Meats. Tender meats; Roasting and broiling. Tough meats braised dishes, stews and soups. Food values and methods of cooking the different cuts.

Tuesday, 14th—7. Baking powder breads and fancy yeast breads.

Wednesday, 15th—8. Cake and little cakes.

Thursday, 16th—9. Pudding and deserts.

Friday, 17th—10. Salads, preparation of the ingredients, dressing etc.

The morning lessons will be in correlation with these, including subjects like breakfast dishes, supper dishes, made over dishes, pastry, beverages, and light refreshments. Invalid cooking. Meat substitutes. Table setting and serving. The comparative value of our more common food stuffs will be given consideration and illustrated by the use of charts.

Applications should be made at once to Mr. G. B. Curran, Agricultural Office Napanee, as sufficient accommodation can only be provided for a certain number.

The man who shaves himself can buy the best in all that he requires, soap, razors, brushes, straps, face lotion, talcum powder, etc. at Hooper's—The Medical Hall.

The Minister's Bride.

A Character Sketch Entertainment will be given under the auspices of Ladies' Aid Society, Moscow, Feb. 1915. The Characters will be to the following young people of place: Rev. John West, minister; Everett Evans; Mrs. John West, minister's bride; Jessie Patterson; Joe Crabbe, Laura Burgess; Mr. Crabbe, Clarence Allen; Mrs. Beddays, Mrs. Chas. Amey; Mrs. Shad Myrtle Frink; Mrs. Charity, N. Allen; Mrs. Seegood, Norma Burg; Mr. Amos Right, Earl Martin; J. Smiley, Nellie Sutton; Molly Chas. Grace Huffman; Jim Curtis, Will Potter; Miranda Meek, Edna All Miss Jones, Laura German; Roland Spence, George Sutton; Janet Heier, Elsie Darling; Ephriam Snell; Laverne Huffman; Jessie Andre, Claire Darling; Miss Kelley, Grace McKim. A unique Program of Violin and Organ Music, Quartettes, Recitations, etc., will be given by Foreign and Local Talents, Admission, 25c.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Coco Door Mats

Good and Thick.

25c and 50c each

One of the most interesting in this, indeed, promises to be York. And such can be seen. Materials. Sometimes with

Why!

A full and complete

Special at

NEW FALL SUITS

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\$15.00

New Serges. New Worsted. New Tweeds—Tailored in the Latest Styles and guaranteed the Best Range of \$15.00 Suits in Canada

THE GRAHAM CO'Y.

Napanee, Ont.

MADII

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Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Coco Door Mats
Good and Thick.
25c and 50c each

or of her friends on Wednesday afternoon to a knitting tea.

Miss Ethel Hawley is spending a week with her aunt in Kingston, and attending the Military Carnival.

Mrs. Edw. Wilson was in Deseronto Tuesday evening speaking to the Woman's Auxiliary. She was the guest of Mrs. Radcliffe.

Miss Checkley left for Montreal on Wednesday to spend a few days there.

Pr. English spent the past week in Owen Sound.

Miss Martha Wilson, Conway, left this week for the southern states. She will return to Conway for the summer.

TRINITY CHURCH NOTES.

The services last Sunday were attended by large congregations. Rev. E. W. Stapleford, B.A., of Vancouver, preached a most excellent sermon in the evening on "Great Britain and the War." Next Sunday morning the 47th Detachment of the 39th Battalion of the overseas forces will attend the service. The anniversary services to be held on the 7th and 8th of March will be of exceptional interest. The men of the congregation will give a splendid supper and concert on Monday evening following the Sunday services. Mrs. W. F. Hall will give a tea on Monday, March 1st, from 3 to 6, in the interests of the Wonan's Missionary Society.

years.

The Alladin lamp supplies can be procured at Wallace's Drug Store, agents for Napanee.

Opposite Campbell House,
NAPANEE.

33-3m.

Domestic Science Course.

Under Auspices of Lennox and Addington Women's Institutes.

To be Held in

Town Hall, Napanee,

MARCH 8th to 19th, 1915

(Beginning at 2 o'clock each afternoon.)

Demonstrator—Miss Gertrude Gray, Toronto.

SUBJECTS

Each afternoon will be devoted to one lesson. The complete series consists of 10 lessons. See list on page 8. Members of Women's Institutes and farmers' wives will be given the preference for the afternoon demonstrations. If a sufficient number of town ladies and girls apply, Miss Gray will hold a class each morning to accommodate them.

All applications for admission to this course should be sent in at once so that sufficient accommodation may be provided. TUITION FREE.

(Demonstrator)

G. H. PUTMAN, MISS GERTRUDE GRAY, G. B. CURRAN,
Supt. Institute Branch, Women's Institute Branch, Agricultural Office,
Toronto, Toronto, Napanee.

Dress Goods, Silks and Suitings

New Dress Silks
Just Arrived
At \$1.00 a Yard
SEE THEM

One of the most important features of the color schemes which fashion decrees is the use of black and white. This, indeed, promises to be one of the outstanding features. Such is the word in Paris. Such is the last word in New York. And such can be seen exemplified here in some of the smart Suitings we are showing. Black and White Checked Materials. Sometimes with an introduction of Green, Tan, or Blue are especially good style.

Special Big Values at 50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.25 yard and up

Thousands of People The Kirsch Curtain Fixtures
are using

There is a Reason :

Because they are adaptable for hanging draperies in any conceivable window draping scheme and will fit windows of any size and style of architecture

Because the curved end construction in the single, double and triple fixtures permit the edges of the curtain to drape closely to the casing, so much desired, thereby producing a HANDSOME AND FINISHED APPEARANCE

full and complete line of Kirsch Drapery Hanging Specialties is now in stock

Special at 10c, 25c, 35c, 50c, 70c, 75c, \$1.05. Brass and White Finish.

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